## SIEMENS



Game Changing_Innovation

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## tiastar MCC

Motor Control Centers (MCC) have come a long way since they were introduced in 1937 as a way to save floor space by placing several starters in a single cabinet. Ideally, the best-of the-best must also save installation time and money.

Siemens has an installed base of Motor Control Centers dating back to 1964. Our Siemens tiastar MCCs are designed as self-contained modular units which meets UL and NEMA standards. They come with rear-mounted, self-aligning copper stabs that firmly grasp onto the bus. Brackets guide the placement of units, further assuring positive engagement with the bus. From 22 mm to 30 mm pilot devices, from direct starters to world-class drives, the Siemens tiastar MCC has many features and options to meet your specific needs.

- UL 845 Labeling as applicable
- CSA C22.2 No. 254-05 Labeling as applicable when specified
- Heavy-Duty Construction with up to 100kA Bus Bracing
- $600 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
- NEMA Wiring
- Plug-In Units (up to Size 5 Starters)
- Door/Unit Mounted Pilot Device Panel
- High Density Compact Units available to reduce footprint


## Technical Specifications Summary - tiastar MCC

| Bus and Electrical Ratings |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Horizontal Bus Ratings | 600A, 800A, 1200A, 1600A, 2000A, <br> $2500 A^{1}$ |
| Horizontal Bus Material | Copper with tin or silver plating, <br> or Aluminum |
| Vertical Bus Ratings tin plating |  |\(\left|\begin{array}{ll}Isolated (standard) <br>

Insulated and isolated (optional) <br>

Auto Shutters (optional)\end{array}\right|\)| Vertical Bus Options | $42 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{AIC,65K} \mathrm{AIC}, \mathrm{100K} \mathrm{AIC}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bus Bracing | 600 V |
| Max MCC Voltage Rating |  |

## Enclosure

| Enclosure Type | NEMA 1 (standard), NEMA 1A, <br> NEMA 2, NEMA 12, <br> NEMA 3R (non walk-in) |
| :--- | :--- |
| High Density 6" Units Option | Available |
| VFD, RVSS Units | Available |
| Back-to-Back Option | Available |

## Dimensions

| Section Depth | $15^{\prime \prime}, 20^{\prime \prime}, 21^{\prime \prime}$ (back-to-back), <br> $31^{\prime \prime}$ (double deep), $41^{\prime \prime}$ (double deep) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Section Width | $20^{\prime \prime}, 24^{\prime \prime}, 30^{\prime \prime}, 40^{\prime \prime}, 50^{\prime \prime}, 60^{\prime \prime}$ |

[^0]
## Product Features \& Benefits

Siemens tiastar Motor Control Centers (MCC) are composed of a number of vertical sections bolted together which allows for future addition of MCC vertical sections in case the customer requires expansion.
Benefits
Easy accessibility
for faster
maintenance
Easy visual
inspection of
horizontal bus
Ease of installation
and movembly is in top
plug-in units
assem of the vertical section



## tiastar

## Arc Resistant MCC

The Type 2 Arc Resistant low voltage motor control center is a new product offering that was tested in accordance to IEEE C37.20.7, which contains and channels internal arcing fault incident energy. It provides an additional degree of protection to the personnel performing normal operating duties in close proximity to the equipment while the equipment is operating under normal conditions. Type 2 accessibility means the MCC protects the operator in front, back and sides of the equipment.

The Arc Resistant MCC is a state-of-art overarching technology. This means one can get an Arc Resistant MCC that can have various Smart components with communications, and/or High Density Compact Units.

## Technical Specifications Summary - tiastar Arc Resistant MCC

## Bus and Electrical Ratings

| Maximum Horizontal Bus | 1600 A |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum Vertical Bus | 800 A |
| Maximum Short Circuit <br> Withstand Rating | 65 KA |
| Arc Flash Duration | 50 ms (3 cycles) |
| Maximum Voltage Rating | 600Vac |
| Horizontal Bus Details | Copper Only |
| Incoming | MLO, <br> MCB/MDS 1600 A max, <br> splice to existing 1 |


| Enclosure | NEMA 1 and 1A Only |
| :--- | :--- |
| Enclosure Type | Available |
| High Density Units Option | Available |
| VFD, RVSS Units | Available |
| Double Deep Option | $12^{\prime \prime}$ Minimum (standard), <br> Dim and $24^{\prime \prime}$ (optional) |
| Modified Pull Box Height | $20^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Section Depth | $20^{\prime \prime}$ or 30" |
| Section Width | $102^{\prime \prime}$ Minimum ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| Total MCC Height | $112^{\prime \prime}$ Minimum Ceiling Height |
| Room Requirements | $38^{\prime \prime}$ Minimum Aisle |

1 The Arc Resistant MCC should not be spliced to a Non-Arc Resistant MCC.
2 If the mounting channels are surface mounted then the minimum height is $103^{\prime \prime}$ ( $90^{\prime \prime}$ MCC height $+1^{\prime \prime}$ mounting channels $+12^{\prime \prime}$ modified pull box). Also, note that the total MCC height will increase if standard modified pull box is not selected.

## Key Innovations and Benefits of Arc Resistant Design

REINFORCED DOORS
Reinforced cabinet ensure the equipment can withstand and contain pressure from internal arcing faults.

AUTOMATIC SHUTTERS
The barrier automatically opens and closes to allow insertion or removal of units. It isolates the vertical bus to prevent inadvertent contact lowering the risk to personnel.


TED BUS BAR
Isolates energized components, prevents accidental contact, and keeps arcing faults from propagating.


BOLTED WIREWAY
The wireway is bolted to ensure integrity of the MCC wireway is sustained during an arc flash incident.


INTERNAL VENTING SYSTEM
The vertical wireway is perforated with holes that channel the gasses to the back and out the top of the MCC.


DEFLECTORS
The protection plate will allow MCCs to have vented doors, but will reduce the direct launching of arc flash by-products.


MODIFIED PULL-BOX
WITH PRESSURE FLAP
The arc flash by-products will be prevented from launching due to the wire mesh, while the pressure flap will allow pressure release


Figure 2. Closed Door View - Arc Resistant MCC

## Optional Features

## Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry (DAS)

To complement the Arc Resistant MCC, the Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry (DAS) option is available. Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry (DAS) is a patented feature available in both Siemens MCCs and type WL Low Voltage Switchgear. The unique dual trip setting technology reduces the energy available in an arc flash event.

For more information, please see the Dynamic Arc Flash Reduction System and its Application in Motor Control Centers white paper at www.usa.siemens.com/mcc



## tiastar Smart MCC

A Smart MCC is a networked NEMA compliant MCC that can communicate. It incorporates intelligent devices at the unit level to control and monitor motor operation, energy consumption, and power quality. It rapidly communicates with a PLC or process control system via a data network.

## Smart MCC Components

Smart MCC is internally interconnected using PROFIBUS DP which incorporates intelligent devices such as SIMOCODE pro $C$ and $V$ motor management systems, SIRIUS 3RW44 soft starters, SIMATIC PLCs, Siemens VFDs, and other smart components.

## Major Benefits

- Reduces Wiring Connections
- Reduces Cost
- Improves Operational Diagnostics
- Simplifies Installation and Troubleshooting
tiastar Smart MCC Network Architecture



## Options

A Smart MCC has the option to externally talk to other networks such as DeviceNet,
Modbus RTU, Modbus TCP/IP, EtherNet/IP, and PROFINET.

| VFD, RVSS Units | Available |
| :--- | :--- |
| High Density 6" Units Option | Not Available |
| Back-to-Back Option | Available |
| Double Deep Option | Available |

## Codes and Standards



## Estimated MCC Shipping Weight

| Dimensions in <br> Inches (mm) |  | Weight per Section <br> in Ibs (Kg) for <br> NEMA 1, 2, or 12 | Weight per Section <br> in lbs (Kg) for <br> NEMA 3R |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Width | Depth | Type | $550(250)$ | $650(295)$ |
| $20^{\prime \prime}(508)$ | $15^{\prime \prime}(381)$ | Front Only | 550 | $700(318)$ |
| $20^{\prime \prime}(508)$ | $20^{\prime \prime}(508)$ | Front Only | $650(295)$ | $800(363)$ |
| $30^{\prime \prime}(762)$ | $15^{\prime \prime}(381)$ | Front Only | $700(318)$ | $900(409)$ |
| $30^{\prime \prime}(762)$ | $20^{\prime \prime}(508)$ | Front Only | $850(386)$ | N/A |
| $20^{\prime \prime}(508)$ | $21^{\prime \prime}(533)$ | Back-to-Back | $670(304)$ | N/A |
| $30^{\prime \prime}(762)$ | $21^{\prime \prime}(533)$ | Back-to-Back | $880(400)$ |  |

Note: MCC shipping split maximum is 80 inches (for example, four 20 -inch wide vertical sections).


Figure 1. Example of shipping split

## NEMA Wire Classes and Types

Siemens MCCs are available as either Class I or Class II assemblies utilizing either Type A, Type B, or Type C wiring as defined in NEMA ICS18-2001. Below are the NEMA class and type definitions:

## NEMA Classes

## Class I - Independent Units

Class I motor control centers shall consist of mechanical groupings of combination motor control units, feeder tap units, other units, and electrical devices arranged in a convenient assembly. The manufacturer shall furnish drawings that include:
a. Overall dimensions of the motor control center, identification of units and their location in the motor control center, locations of incoming line terminals, mounting dimensions, available conduit entrance areas, and the location of the master terminal board if required (Type C wiring only).
b. Manufacturer's standard diagrams for individual units and master terminal boards (Type C wiring only) consist of one or more drawing(s) that:

- Identify electrical devices
- Indicate electrical connections
- Indicate terminal numbering designations Note: When a combination schematic and / or wiring diagram for a unit is supplied showing optional devices, the manufacturer shall provide information to indicate which devices are actually furnished.


## Class II - Interconnected Units

Class II motor control centers shall be the same as Class I motor control centers with the addition of manufacturer furnished electrical interlocking and wiring between units as specified in overall control system diagrams supplied by the purchaser. In addition to the drawings furnished for Class I motor control centers, the manufacturer shall furnish drawings that indicate factory interconnections within the motor control center.

## Class I-S and II-S — Motor Control Centers with Custom Drawing Requirements

Class I-S and II-S motor control centers shall be the same as Class I and II except custom drawings shall be provided in lieu of standard drawings as specified by the user.

## Examples of custom drawings are

- Special identifications for electrical devices
- Special terminal numbering designations
- Special sizes of drawings

The drawings supplied by the manufacturer shall convey the same information as drawings provided with Class I and II motor control centers, additionally modified as specified by the user.

## NEMA Types

## Type A

User field wiring shall connect directly to device terminals internal to the unit and shall be provided only on Class I motor control centers.

## Type B

Type B user field load wiring for combination motor control units size 3 or smaller shall be designated as $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{d}$ or $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{t}$, according to the following:

B-d connects directly to the unit terminals, which are located immediately adjacent and readily accessible to the vertical wireway.

B-t connects directly to a load terminal block in, or adjacent to, the unit.

Type B user field load wiring for combination motor control units larger than size 3, and for feeder tap units, shall connect directly to unit device terminals.

Type B user field control wiring shall connect directly to unit terminal block(s) located in, or adjacent to, each combination motor control unit.

Figure 4.
Class I,
Type B-d Wiring


Figure 5. Class I, Type B-t Wiring


Plot Devices Wired to Terminal Block by Manufacturer External Control Wirec to Terminal Block by Customer

Overioad Relay Wired to Terminal Biock 5y Terminar Block
by Manufacturer

## Type C

User field control wiring shall connect directly to master terminal blocks mounted at the top or bottom of those vertical sections that contain combination motor control units or control assemblies which shall be factory wired to their master terminal blocks. User field load wiring for combination motor control units, size 3 or smaller, shall connect directly to master terminal blocks mounted at the top or bottom of vertical sections. Motor control unit load wiring shall be factory wired to the master terminal blocks. User field load wiring for combination motor control units larger than size 3, and for feeder tap units, shall connect directly to unit device terminals.

Figure 6. Class I, Type C Wiring


## MCC Heat Dissipation

The purpose of this section is to allow the reader to approximate the heat output of an MCC. This information is based on power loss data collected for the major heat producing components.

The data presented here is based off the maximum rated current for each component. If the true loading current is known, then the estimate can be improved by multiplying the given power loss by the
square of the true current divided by the square of the rated current:

$$
\boldsymbol{P}_{\text {actual }}=P_{\max } \frac{\boldsymbol{i}_{\text {actual }}^{2}}{\boldsymbol{i}^{2}{ }_{\max }}
$$

The power losses can be multiplied by 3.412 to convert them from Watts to BTU/hr.

## 1. Combination Motor Starters

Maximum Power Loss (3-Pole) [W]

| Size | $i_{\max }[A]$ | Contactor | Breaker | Overload | CPT | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 18 | 6 | 12 | 6 | 17 | 41 |
| 1 | 27 | 18 | 15 | 6 | 17 | 58 |
| 2 | 50 | 28 | 21 | 6 | 17 | 72 |
| 3 | 95 | 52 | 24 | 6 | 29 | 111 |
| 4 | 185 | 55 | 60 | 6 | 29 | 150 |
| 5 | 300 | 84 | 93 | 6 | 17 | 200 |
| 6 | 500 | 190 | 174 | 6 | 17 | 387 |

## 2. Circuit Breakers

| $i_{\max }[A]$ | Watts Loss <br> (3-pole) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 5 |
| 15 | 8 |
| 30 | 11 |
| 60 | 20 |
| 100 | 36 |
| 200 | 60 |
| 400 | 130 |
| 800 | 192 |
| 1200 | 259 |
| 1600 | 461 |
| 2000 | 720 |

3. Lighting Transformers

| KVA | Watts <br> Loss |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 300 |
| 9 | 400 |
| 10 | 542 |
| 15 | 658 |
| 20 | 761 |
| 25 | 761 |
| 30 | 995 |
| 37.5 | 1135 |
| 45 | 1276 |
| 75 | 1928 |

## 4. Reduced Voltage Soft Starters

|  | Family | $\mathrm{i}_{\text {max }}$ | Power Loss (W) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \sum_{\substack{c \\ m}} \end{aligned}$ | 1 X | 17 | 4 |
|  | 2 X | 34 | 19 |
|  | 3 X | 63 | 15 |
|  | 4X | 98 | 21 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { or } \\ & \frac{1}{3} \\ & \frac{\alpha y}{m} \end{aligned}$ | 2X | 29 | 19 |
|  | 3 X | 63 | 15 |
|  | 4X | 98 | 21 |
|  | 5X | 145 | 75 |
|  | 7X | 385 | 165 |
| $\begin{gathered} \pm \\ \frac{+}{a c} \\ m \end{gathered}$ | 2X | 82 | 55 |
|  | 3 X | 145 | 95 |
|  | 4X | 385 | 232 |
|  | 5X | 850 | 270 |
|  | 6X | 1078 | 630 |

## MCC Heat Dissipation

## 5. Panel Boards

| Size | $i_{\text {max }}[$ [ $]$ | Maximum Power Loss (3-Pole) [W] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bus | Main Breaker | Branch Circuits |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 18 | 36 | 42 |
| P1 | 400 | 380 | 129 | 87 | 77 | 80 |
| P2 | 600 | 420 | 216 | 99 | 97 | 109 |
| P3 | 800 | 470 | 192 | 116 | 96 | 113 |

## 6. Variable Frequency Drives

The power loss for a variable frequency drive is approximately $3.5 \%$ of the overall power:

$$
\text { Power Loss }=(H P \text { of Motor }) \cdot \frac{746 \mathrm{~W}}{H P} \cdot 3.5 \%
$$

|  | Maximum Power Loss (3-Pole) [W] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Horizontal (20" Section) |  | Vertical (72" Section) |
| $\mathrm{i}_{\max }[\mathrm{A}]$ | Aluminum | Copper | Copper |
| 300 |  |  | 57 |
| 600 | 90 | 54 | 115 |
| 800 | 107 | 64 | 240 |
| 1200 | 120 | 72 |  |
| 1600 | 143 | 85 |  |
| 2000 | 111 | 66 |  |
| 2500 | 174 | 104 |  |

The data presented here is subject to change, without notice, owing to periodic updates and corrections. Please be advised that several assumptions had to be made in order to generate this and, accordingly, no representation or warranty is given with regard to its accuracy or completeness of the information as the same has been included for general purposes only and that, it should not be relied upon for any specific purpose. Siemens industry, inc. Or its affiliates, officers, employees or agents are neither responsible nor liable for inaccuracies, errors or omissions, or for any loss, damage or expense, including, without limitation, any loss of profit, indirect, special, incidental or consequential loss / damages, arising out of this data.

## Altitude Ratings

> Siemens tiastar Motor Control Centers are designed and built to operate up to 2000 meters above sea level (6,600 ft) without any modifications.

Motor control centers are often installed in applications exceeding 1000 meters (3300 ft) above sea level. Due to the lower air density and heat transfer capacity at elevated altitudes, the physical properties such as dielectric strength, load capacity of the motor control centers, conductors and motors, as well as the tripping characteristics of thermal relays may require modification to reflect these changes due to altitude. Paschen's Law describes the breakdown voltage of parallel plates in a gas, as a function of pressure and gap distance. In other words, at lower pressure (higher altitudes) it takes less voltage to cross a given distance increasing the chance for electrical arcs. To compensate for this, it is recommended that the operational voltage be de-rated for altitudes exceeding 2,000 meters according to Paschen's law. In addition, the rated thermal current should also be reduced because of the decreased thermal efficiency of lower density (high altitude) air.

Siemens tiastar Motor Control Centers are designed and built to operate up to 2000 meters above sea level ( $6,600 \mathrm{ft}$ ) without any modifications. Siemens MCC components are designed and manufactured to provide excellent insulation and arc flash protection for bus components, in addition to having high thermal efficiency. Using creative design and engineering, Siemens MCC's can operate safely and reliably at altitudes up to 5,000 meters above sea level.

| Altitude (m) | <2000 |  | 2001-3000 |  | 3001-4000 |  | 4001-5000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| De-Rating | Voltage | Current | Voltage | Current | Voltage | Current | Voltage | Current |
| Motor Control Center | Std. Aluminum \& Copper $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rise horizontal bus |  |  |  | Requires enhanced Copper $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rise horizontal bus |  |  |  |
| Motor Control Center |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (MCC Bus \& Enclosure) | 600V | 100\% | 480 V | 100\% | 480 V | 100\% | 480V | 100\% |
| Breakers | 600 V | 100\% | 480 V | 97\% | 480 V | 94\% | 480V | 91\% |
| Starters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Innova ${ }^{1}$ | 600 V | 100\% | 480 V | 97\% | 480 V | 94\% | 480V | 91\% |
| Sirius ${ }^{1}$ | 600 V | 94\% | 600 V | 90\% | 480 V | 80\% | 480V | 70\% |
| Soft Starters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3RW40 | 460V | 89\% | 460 V | 75\% | 460 V | 70\% | 460 V | 63\% |
| 3RW44 | 460 V | 92\% | 460 V | 85\% | 460 V | 78\% | 460 V | 70\% |
| Drives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MM440 frame (FXGX) | 100\% | 100\% | 90\% | 90\% | 77\% | 85\% |  |  |
| MM440 frame (A-F) | 100\% | 90\% | 90\% | 85\% | 77\% | 80\% |  |  |
| WL Breakers | 600 V | 100\% | 480 V | 97\% | 480 V | 94\% | 445 V | 91\% |
| G120 (FSA...FMF) PM240 | 100\% | 92\% | 88\% | 86\% | 77\% | 80\% |  |  |
| G120 (FSGX) PM240 | 100\% | 100\% | 88\% | 92\% | 77\% | 85\% |  |  |

[^1]
## NEMA Enclosure Types

| Enclosure <br> Types | Indoor or Outdoor | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEMA 1 <br> Standard | Indoor | This enclosure is primarily to prevent accidental contact by personnel with the enclosed equipment and for protection against falling dirt. NEMA 12 reset and handle mechanisms are standard for all enclosures. |
| NEMA 1A <br> Gasketed <br> Front, <br> General <br> Purpose | Indoor | This enclosure has the same use as NEMA 1 except the front of the enclosure is gasketed. <br> The parts that are gasketed include: Unit separator angles, Right hand side of front of units, Bottom horizontal cross ties, Lip on top plate, Handle mechanism, and Bottom horizontal wireway cover plate. The whole front of structure is gasketed, except the hinged side of door. |
| NEMA 2 <br> Drip Proof | Indoor | This design is NEMA 1A front with a drip shield mounted on top of the enclosure. <br> This enclosure is to protect equipment against falling noncorrosive liquids and dirt. It prevents the entrance of dripping liquid at a higher level than the lowest live part within the enclosure. The drip shield completely covers the top and extends 3 " over the front and $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ over the sides of the basic structure. On front-only MCC's, the drip shield is flush to the rear. The drip shield is angled from front to rear and not flush with the top of the MCC. The drip shield mounts on the top of the structure. |
| NEMA 12 <br> Dust tight, <br> Industrial Use | Indoor | This enclosure is intended for indoor use in areas where fibers, lint, dust, dirt, and light splashing are prevalent. The NEMA 12 enclosure will provide a greater degree of protection than a NEMA 1A enclosure. <br> The following additional parts are gasketed: Hinged side of doors, Pilot device panel, Top plates, Wireway end-covers, and Rear plates. Because of the divider side sheet assemblies, there is no gap between sections, allowing for much greater dust resistance. In addition, interconnection holes in the side sheet assemblies are sealed. Bottom plates are included when NEMA 12 is specified. |
| NEMA 3R <br> Rainproof | Outdoor (Non walk-in) | This enclosure will prevent entrance of rain at a level higher than the lowest live part. The enclosure has provision for locking and drainage. This NEMA 3R enclosure entirely surrounds the motor control center for outdoor operation. Each non walk-in enclosure has a floor and a slanted roof. All doors are louvered and screened to promote air circulation and keep out pests. Motor control units can be racked in positive stop/test position with the outer enclosure doors closed. <br> Additional structures may be added in the field without special bus splices. Rigid steel construction permits use from two sections up to any reasonable number of sections. Stainless steel hinge pins and door stops are standard. Pressure Sensitive Adhesive (PSA) Closed Cell Sponge Rubber door gasket forms a tight seal to keep the elements. Space heaters, fluorescent lights, fans, filters, blowers, and convenience outlets are available as options. NEMA 3R enclosures are designed to accommodate bottom cable entry and exit only. The enclosures are not dust, snow, or sleet (ice) proof. |

[^2]
## Paint and MCC Finish

The motor control finish is an electrostatically applied TGIC polyester powder, applied both manually and automatically in an environmentally controlled clean room, cured at $400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for 20 minutes. All painted parts undergo a five-stage preparation process that includes an alkaline wash, water rinse, iron phosphate wash, water rinse and a nonchrome sealer. The minimum film thickness on external surfaces is 2.0 Mils and the finish passes a 600-hour salt spray test per ASTM B117-94 definitions.

ANSI 61 Light Gray is the standard exterior color. Unit backplates and the rear of the vertical wireway are painted white for improved visibility.

Custom color MCC's are available.


## Structure Design and Options

## Sections

Heavy 14 gauge steel side sheet assemblies are used for supporting the structure without additional bracing. The front of each side frame has a $180^{\circ}$ bend to provide additional rigidity and a smooth edge. Cross channels tie the side frames together. A common sheet is used to provide isolation between adjacent sections. A shipping split will have two outer side sheet assemblies and an inside divider side sheet assembly between sections.

## Mounting Sills

Full-length mounting sills are standard for each shipping split. The sills are $3^{\prime \prime}$ wide by $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high and constructed of 7 gauge steel. They have four holes per section for use with 1/2" (max.) anchor bolts. The sills add additional structural rigidity. The mounting sills are an integral part of the structure and should not be removed.


| Structural Parts |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Divider Sheets | 14 ga. |
| Side Sheets | 14 ga. |
| Center Bottom Cross Ties | 12 ga. |
| Rear-Channel (FO) | 13 ga. |
| Channel Sills | 7 ga. |
| Center-Top Channel | 13 ga. |
| Vertical Bus Mounting Angles | 14 ga. |
| Lifting Angles | 7 ga. |
| Rear Covers | 16 ga. |
| Top Plates | 13 ga. |
| End Covers | 16 ga. |
| Separator Angles | 12 ga. |
| Shelf Brackets | 10 ga. |


| Unit Parts |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Top and Bottom Unit Barriers | 14 ga. |
| Back Pan | 13 ga. |
| Side Barrier Plate | 14 ga. |
| Angles | 18 ga. |
| Doors | 14 ga. |
|  | $13 \mathrm{ga}$. |
|  | 14 ga. |

Note: Arc Resistant MCC metal thickness values will be different on some parts.

## Structure Design and Options



## Lifting Angle

A 7 gauge lifting angle is supplied with every shipping split regardless of length. The lifting angles are mounted atop the MCC structure.

## Side Sheets

Side sheet assemblies on $20^{\prime \prime}$ deep units provide a 40.5 square inch wireway opening at the top and a 46 square inch wireway opening at the bottom to facilitate routing wires through the horizontal wireways between adjoining sections. $15^{\prime \prime}$ deep units provide a 40.5 square inch wireway opening at the top and a 30 square inch wireway opening at the bottom.

## Back-to-Back and Double Deep MCC Options

Usually MCCs are front-mounted. However, for the customers who want to save space and cost, we offer our standard 21" deep back-to-back MCC design. We are the only manufacturer in the market that offers $21^{\prime \prime}$ deep back-to-back design with common horizontal and vertical buses.

For customers that would like to have back-to-back configuration but with separate horizontal bus for both the front and rear, the options include 31" (double deep) and 41" (double deep).


Stab-on Connections


Front Unit Rear Unit


Back-to-Back Mounted Units

Back-to-Back Mounting

## Pull Box (Top Hat) Options

Pull boxes are generally used to provide additional cable bending space for incoming main feeds or bus duct connections. Pull boxes are shipped $12^{\prime \prime}, 18^{\prime \prime}$, or $24^{\prime \prime}$ high; $20^{\prime \prime}$ or $30^{\prime \prime}$ wide; $15^{\prime \prime}$ or $20^{\prime \prime}$ deep for customer field installation on top of centers.


Pull boxes may also be supplied with incoming line bus extensions for mounting inverted main lugs only. This type of pull box assembly is referred to as a top hat.

## Special Structures

$30^{\prime \prime}, 40^{\prime \prime}, 50^{\prime \prime}$, and $60^{\prime \prime}$ wide sections are available for larger units such as large horsepower VFD, RVSS or special panels that may require it. 30 " and wider structures may have horizontal bus, but are not supplied with vertical bus. $30^{\prime \prime}$ wide structures are available in $15^{\prime \prime}$ or $20^{\prime \prime}$ deep design and line up with standard $20^{\prime \prime}$ wide sections. 30" sections have full-width doors, while wider sections have two interposing doors. Dimensions for other special equipment such as transfer switches, NEMA 3R outdoor enclosures, or special service entrance enclosures will be provided on request.

## Bus Selection and Options

For additional strength, the horizontal bus, vertical bus, bus support angles, and bus bracing insulators form one unified assembly.

## Horizontal Bus

The horizontal bus is a means of tapping power for distribution to the various units within a section. Siemens tiastar MCC's horizontal bus is always located on the top of the vertical section and never located behind unit space, allowing for easy maintenance and serviceability.


## Horizontal Bus Specifications

Horizontal Bus
Current Ratings

Horizontal Bus
Material Options
600A, 800A, 1200A, 1600A, 2000A, 2500A ${ }^{1}$ only

Copper with tin or silver plating, or Aluminum ${ }^{2}$ with tin plating

## Vertical Bus

The standard vertical bus is tin-plated copper $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ thick with rounded edges. The edges on the vertical bus are rounded to assist in units stabbing onto the bus.

## Vertical Bus Specifications

| Vertical Bus <br> Current Ratings | 300A, 600A, 800A |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vertical Bus | Isolated (standard for 42kA or 65kA bus bracing) <br> Insulated and isolated (optional for 42kA or 65kA bus <br> Options <br> Aracing; standard for 100kA bus bracing and back-to-back) <br> for all other configurations) |
| Stab Plating | Tin (standard) <br> Silver (optional) |
| Bus Bracing | 42K AIC, 65K AIC, 100K AIC |

[^3]
## Vertical Bus (cont)

Vertical buses are available in two designs: 1) Isolated 2) Insulated and Isolated.

- Isolated vertical bus design is grounded sheet steel with stab openings and is the standard for front-only structures with 42 kA or 65 kA bus bracing. The vertical bus bars in this design are not physically insulated phase-to-phase.


Figure 1: Isolated vertical bus

Auto Shutter (optional) mechanism automatically opens and closes to allow insertion or removal of units. It prevents inadvertent contact of the vertical bus; thus, lowering the risk to personnel. The Auto Shutters are standard for the Arc Resistant MCC. It is important to point out that the shutter mounting holes are not in the standard bus assembly and cannot be duplicated in the field. Therefore, retrofitting automatic shutters to MCC's that do not have them is not possible.


Figure 3: Optional Auto Shutter is standard in Arc Resistant MCC

The Auto Shutter mechanism cannot be retrofitted in the field

## Bus Selection and Options

## Ground Bus

A standard horizontal ground bus is typically mounted in the bottom $6^{\prime \prime}$ of the structure. An optional copper $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ vertical ground bus can be connected to the horizontal bus. When a combination motor control unit is inserted into the MCC, the optional vertical ground bus is engaged before the vertical power bus. The vertical ground bus provides a means of assuring the plug-in unit is solidly grounded before the power stabs are engaged and remains grounded until the power stabs are disengaged. When vertical ground bus is specified on back-to-back structures, vertical and horizontal ground bus must be supplied in the front and rear of each section.

The ground bus may be located in the top or bottom front of $15^{\prime \prime}$ or $20^{\prime \prime}$ deep MCCs or the top or bottom rear of back-toback structures under most situations. A ground lug is supplied on one end of the ground bus for one \#6-300 MCM cable. If not otherwise specified, the lug will be located in the incoming line section.


| Ground Bus |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Horizontal (Bottom Mounted) (A) | 300 A | Cu |
|  | 600 A | Cu |
| Vertical (A)* | 600 A | Al |
| *Available with motor ground terminations | 300 A | Cu |

## Neutral Bus

A neutral connection is generally required for 3 phase 4 wire systems. A neutral pad is usually mounted in the incoming section only. Optionally, a neutral bus running the full length of the line-up can be provided. When full length neutral bus is specified, the neutral bus must be located in the bottom front of the MCC structure. Full length neutral bus requires that the ground bus be mounted in the top of the structure. In general, neutral bus capacity is sized at $1 / 2$ main bus capacity. A two hole lug is supplied as standard when a service entrance label is not required. For service entry, a neutral lug and a bonding lug are supplied. All lugs used for ground or neutral are CU/AL type.

| Neutral Bus |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Neutral Bus (Bottom Mounted) (A) | 600 A | Cu |
|  | 800 A | Cu |
|  | 1200 A | Cu |

## Wireways

## Vertical Wireway

The vertical wireway is $72^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 4$ " W and has a cross sectional area of 38.25 square inches. An optional $8^{\prime \prime}$ W vertical wireway is available with an area of 76.5 square inches.

A vertical wire-way door is supplied on each $20^{\prime \prime}$ and $24^{\prime \prime}$ wide section that does not contain a $72^{\prime \prime}$ tall unit. Vertical wireway doors are not supplied on any section that contains a 72" high unit or on $30^{\prime \prime}$ wide or wider structures or $20^{\prime \prime}$ wide units.

Each vertical wireway is supplied with three wire form wire tie rods.


Figure 1: Wire tie rod


Figure 2: Vertical and Horizontal wireways

## Rear Wireway

The rear of the structure can be used as a wireway if the available bus support angles with 2 1/2" grommeted holes are specified. Dimensions for rear wireways in front mounting $15^{\prime \prime}$ and 20 " deep units are:

15"deep: $11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 193 / 4^{\prime \prime}=30 \mathrm{sq}$. in. cross sectional area.
$20^{\prime \prime}$ deep: $9^{\prime \prime} \times 193 / 4^{\prime \prime}=178$ sq. in. cross sectional area.

## Mains and Incoming Devices

The incoming cables are terminated on lugs in an incoming compartment of the MCC. These lugs may be connected directly to the bus via Main Lug Only (MLO) or connected to a main disconnect device which may either be a Main Circuit Breaker (MCB) or Main Fusible Disconnect (MDS).

It is important to know whether the incoming cables will be coming from the bottom or top of the MCC, as the required wire bending space may affect the compartment size.
Note: All dimensions are shown in inches unless otherwise specified.

## Main Lugs: Top or Bottom Entry




Main Lugs on Bottom, Bottom Entry

Main Lug Only (MLO) Top Feed


Main Circuit Breaker (MCB) Top Feed


## Main Lug Only (MLO)

Horizontal lugs are available with 600A, 42,000A symmetrical bracing only (see Figure 16 on next page).
Special lugs such as Burndy crimp type can be accommodated. Consult Siemens for space requirements.

| Amp/Bracing (A/K) | Location | Incoming Cable size | Fig. ref. Next page | Wire bending Space dim. A | Total assembly Height dim. B | Required unit Space dim. C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 600A/42K | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \# 4-350 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 13 | 12 | 0 |
| 600A/42K-65K | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \text { \#2-600MCM CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 17 | 16 | 24 | 12 |
| 600A/85-100K | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 18 | 20 | 30 | 18 |
| $600 \mathrm{~A} / 42 \mathrm{~K}^{1}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \# 4-350 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 19 | 13 | 18 | 12 |
| 600A/65K1 | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \# 4-350 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 19 | 13 | 24 | 18 |
| 800A/42K-65K | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 17 | 16 | 24 | 12 |
| 800A/85K-100K | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 18 | 20 | 30 | 18 |
| $800 \mathrm{~A} / 42 \mathrm{~K}-65 \mathrm{~K}^{2}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 18 | 30 | 24 |
| 800A/42K-65K2 | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=3 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 18 | 20 | 30 | 18 |
| 1200A/42K-100K | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=3 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 18 | 30 | 24 |
| 1600A/42K-100K | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 18 | 20 | 30 | 18 |
| 2000A/42K-100K | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=6 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 21 | 29 | 48 | 36 |
| 2000A/42K-100K | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=6 \\ & \# 2-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 22 | 46 | 72 | 72 |

1 Space behind structure not available.
2 Entire rear of structure not available.
Optional lugs available. Contact factory for size and rating

Incoming line termination arrangements for Main Lug Only (MLO)


## Main Circuit Breaker (MCB)

Molded Case Thermal Magnetic (80\% rated) circuit breakers, Molded Case Solid State ( $80 \%$ rated) circuit breakers, and Insulated Case WL Power circuit breakers are used for mains in the MCC.

| Circuit Breaker Frame/Max Trip | Location | Incoming Cable size | Fig. ref. Next page | Wire bending Space dim. A | Total assembly Height dim. B | Required unit <br> Space dim. C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 125A/125A | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=15 \\ & \# 3-3 / 0 \mathrm{CU} / \mathrm{AL} \end{aligned}$ | 23 | 14 | 24 | 12 |
| 125A/125A | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1^{5} \\ & \# 3-3 / 0 \mathrm{CU} / \mathrm{AL} \end{aligned}$ | 26 | 8 | 24 | 18 |
| 250A/250A | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \# 6-350 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 24 | 15 | 30 | 18 |
| 250A/250A | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty = } 1 \\ & \# 6-350 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 27 | 15 | 36 | 30 |
| 400A/400 ${ }^{7}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \# 6-350 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 24 | 15 | 30 | 18 |
| 400A/400 ${ }^{7}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty = } 2 \\ & 3 / 0-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 28 | 15 | 42 | 36 |
| 600A/600A ${ }^{7}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & 3 / 0-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 24 | 15 | 30 | 18 |
| 600A/600A ${ }^{\text { }}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & 3 / 0-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 28 | 15 | 42 | 36 |
| 800A/800A ${ }^{1}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=3 \\ & \# 1-500 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 25 | 22 | 48 | 36 |
| 800A/800A ${ }^{26}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=3 \\ & \# 1-500 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 29 | 22 | 54 | 48 |
| 1200A/1200A ${ }^{1}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 250-500 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 25 | 22 | 48 | 36 |
| 1200A/1200A ${ }^{236}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 250-500 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 29 | 22 | 54 | 48 |
| 1600A/1600A ${ }^{3}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 32 | 30 | 90 | 72 |
| 1600A/1600A3 | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 33 | 30 | 90 | 72 |
| 2000A/2000A ${ }^{3}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=6 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 30 | 32 | 90 | 72 |
| 2000A/2000A ${ }^{3}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=6 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 33 | 26 | 90 | 72 |
| 1600A/1600A ${ }^{4}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 30 | 28 | 90 | 72 |
| 1600A/1600A ${ }^{4}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 31 | 25 | 90 | 72 |
| 2000A/2000A ${ }^{4}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=6 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 30 | 28 | 90 | 72 |
| 2000A/2000A ${ }^{4}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=6 \\ & 300-600 \mathrm{MCM} \text { CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 31 | 25 | 90 | 72 |

[^4][^5]Incoming line termination arrangements for Main Circuit Breaker (MCB)


## Main Disconnect Switch (MDS)

Main fusible switches consist of the following:

- 60 to 100A, Class R fuse clips
- 200 to 600A, Class R fuse holder
- 800 to 1200A, Class L fuse holder

| Fusible disconnect Switch/clips | Location | Incoming Cable size | Fig. ref. Next page | Wire bending Space dim. A | Total assembly Height dim. B | Required unit Space dim. C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60A/30A or 60A | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \# 14-\# 14 \mathrm{CU} / \mathrm{AL} \end{aligned}$ | 34 | 14 | 24 | 12 |
| 60A/30A or 60A | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \# 14-\# 14 \mathrm{CU} / \mathrm{AL} \end{aligned}$ | 39 | 8 | 24 | 18 |
| 100A/100A | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \text { \#14-\#14 CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 35 | 13 | 30 | 18 |
| 100A/100A | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \text { \#14 - \#14 CU/AL } \end{aligned}$ | 40 | 7 | 30 | 24 |
| 200A/200A | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \# 6-350 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 36 | 16 | 42 | 30 |
| 200A/200A | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=1 \\ & \# 6-350 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 41 | 10 | 48 | 42 |
| 400A/400A | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & 3 / 0-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 37 | 14 | 48 | 36 |
| 400A/400A | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & 3 / 0-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 42 | 14 | 60 | 54 |
| 600A/600A | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & 3 / 0-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 37 | 14 | 48 | 36 |
| 600A/600A | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=2 \\ & 3 / 0-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 42 | 14 | 60 | 54 |
| 800A/800 ${ }^{1}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=3 \\ & 250-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 44 | 22 | 90 | 72 |
| 800A/800 ${ }^{1}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=3 \\ & 250-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 43 | 22 | 90 | 72 |
| 1200A/1200A ${ }^{1}$ | Top | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 250-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 44 | 22 | 90 | 72 |
| 1200A/1200A ${ }^{1}$ | Bottom | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qty }=4 \\ & 250-500 \mathrm{MCM} \mathrm{CU} \end{aligned}$ | 43 | 22 | 90 | 72 |

${ }^{1}$ Space in rear of structure not available.
Optional lugs available. Contact factory for size and rating.

Incoming line termination arrangements for Main Disconnect Switches (MDS)


## Feeders



Example of Feeder Circuit Breaker (FCB)


Example of Dual Feeder Disconnect Switch (DFDS)

Feeder Circuit Breakers Space Requirements

| Frame Size <br> (Amps) | Max Trip <br> Amps | Unit Height (Inches) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ CB |  | 2 CB |  |
| 125 | 125 | $12^{1}$ | $12^{1}$ |  |
| 250 | 250 | $18^{2}$ | - |  |
| 400 | 400 | $24^{3,5}$ | - |  |
| 600 | 600 | $24^{3,5}$ | - |  |
| 800 | 800 | $36^{3}$ (Top) | - |  |
| 800 | 800 | $48^{3}$ (Bottom) | - |  |
| 1200 | 1200 | $36^{3}$ (Top) | - |  |
| 1200 | 1200 | $48^{3}$ (Bottom) | - |  |

## Feeder Disconnect Switch Space Requirements

| Switch |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rating <br> (Amps) | Fuse Clip <br> Size (Amps) | Unit Height (Inches) |  |
| 30 |  | $12^{4}$ | 2 SW |
| 60 | 60 | $12^{4}$ | $12^{4}$ |
| 100 | 100 | 18 | $12^{4}$ |
| 200 | 200 | 30 | - |
| 400 | 400 | $42^{3,5}$ | - |
| 600 | 600 | $42^{3,5}$ | - |

1 CED Current Limiting Breaker requires 18"
2 CFD Current Limiting Breaker requires 24"
3 Fixed mounted unit.
4 Requires load terminal blocks.
5 Stab opening at top of unit not available in rear.

## Feeders

| Disconnect <br> Size | Disconnect ${ }^{2}$ Type | Fuse Type | Rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 30 | MCS | R,J | 100 KA |
| 60 | MCS | R,J | 100 KA |
| 100 | MCS | R,J | 100 KA |
| 200 | MCS | R,J | 100 KA |
| 400 | JXDS | R,J | 100 KA |
| 600 | LXDS | R,J | 100 KA |
| 800 | MXDS | L | 100 KA |
| 1200 | NXDS | L | 100 KA |

Feeders

| Type | Frame | Ratings in KA |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 240V | 480V | 600V |
| ED6 | 125 | 65 | 25 | 18 |
| HED4 | 125 | 100 | 42 | - |
| CED6 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| HDG | 150 | 100 | 65 | 20 |
| FD6 | 250 | 65 | 35 | 22 |
| HFD6 | 250 | 100 | 65 | 25 |
| HHFD6 | 250 | 100 | 65 | 25 |
| CFD6 | 250 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| HFG | 250 | 100 | 65 | 20 |
| JD6 | 400 | 65 | 35 | 25 |
| HJD6 | 400 | 100 | 65 | 35 |
| HHJD6 | 400 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| SCJD6 | 400 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| LD6 | 600 | 65 | 35 | 25 |
| HLD6 | 600 | 100 | 65 | 35 |
| HHLD6 | 600 | 100 | 100 | 50 |
| SCLD6 | 600 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| MD6 | 800 | 65 | 50 | 25 |
| HMD6 | 800 | 100 | 65 | 50 |
| CMD6 | 800 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| SMD6 | 800 | 65 | 50 | 25 |
| SHMD6 | 800 | 100 | 65 | 50 |
| SCMD6 | 800 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| WLS208 | 800 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| WLL208 | 800 | 100 | 100 | 85 |
| ND6 | 1200 | 65 | 50 | 25 |
| HND6 | 1200 | 100 | 65 | 50 |
| CND6 | 1200 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| SND6 | 1200 | 65 | 50 | 25 |
| SHND6 | 1200 | 100 | 65 | 50 |
| SCND6 | 1200 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| WLS212 | 1200 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| WLL212 | 1200 | 100 | 100 | 85 |
| PD6 | 1600 | 65 | 50 | 25 |
| HPD6 | 1600 | 100 | 65 | 50 |
| CPD6 | 1600 | 100 | 100 | 65 |
| WLS216 | 1600 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| WLL216 | 1600 | 100 | 100 | 85 |
| RD6 | 2000 | 65 | 50 | 25 |
| HRD6 | 2000 | 100 | 65 | 50 |
| WLS220 | 2000 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| WLL220 | 2000 | 100 | 100 | 85 |

## Standard Disconnects

Standard fusible units use the following disconnects:
Siemens Visible Blade 30-200A
Siemens Molded Case Switch 400, 600A


Example of 100A Disconnect Switch


Example of 400A Molded Case Switch

## Bus Splice \& Bus Duct

Bus links are available for connection to existing tiastar/system 89 MCC. The following information is needed for each order:
a. Style No. of existing MCC
b. Left or right connection to new MCC order
c. Ampacity of existing bus (example: 600A, 800A, etc.)
d. Size of existing ground and neutral bus

Note: For some MCCs (Model 90 and Model 95), a transition arrangement may be necessary.
Bus duct connections are supplied on request. They may require a pull box or a special structure depending on the application. Complete bus stub dimensions, bus run drawings, and specification must be supplied.

## Splice Kits

Note: For complete splice kit installation details, refer to instructions supplied with splice kits.


## Splice Kits



Figure 13.
1200A, 1600A L2 and L3
connection
1200A, 1600A neutral bus
connection


## TPS3 Surge Protective Devices (SPD)

Siemens Integral TPS3s are UL 1449 3rd Edition, factory installed SPDs within our MCCs, utilizing optimal electrical system connections to minimize impedance losses. This results in the some of the industry's best "installed" Voltage Protection Ratings. This SPD has the following features:

- UL 1449 3rd Edition and UL 1283
- UL Type 1 (consult factory) or Type 4 tested as Type 1 or 2 SPDs
- $20 \mathrm{kA} \ln$ (most models)
- 100-300 kA per phase surge current capacity
- EMI/RFI filtering or Sine Wave tracking
- Standard 6 in units
- LED, Audible Alarm, Dry Contacts, and Ground Integrity Monitoring Diagnostics
- 200 kA SCCR (most models)
- UL96A Lightning Protection Master Label Compliant



## Notes

## Plug-in Unit Features

All plug-in unit of the same size are interchangeable and can be relocated elsewhere in the motor control center. Unit compartment heights may be modified in the field to accept different size units.

## Benefits

Ease in wiring and inspection

Feature


Engages and grounds units at all times.


Easy unit access and removal.


All doors swing open a minimum of $110^{\circ}$.

## Allows lockout /

 tagout procedures to be implemented at the unit level.

Safety lock capabilities.

## Combination Starters



A combination starter is the grouping of a motor starter with a fuse or circuit breaker disconnect. Plug-in units in a structure are connected to the vertical bus by a stab assembly on the back of the unit. The stab assembly is then wired to a disconnect device inside the plug-in unit. Power then flows through the circuit breaker, through the motor starter, and ultimately to the motor.

| NEMA Size | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0-4$ | Siemens Heavy Duty NEMA Magnetic Starters and Contactors |
| $5-6$ | Sirius NEMA Rated Contactors |
| $4,5,6$ | Sirius Vacuum Contactors |

Stabs


The power stabs engage the vertical power distribution bus when the units are installed in the structure. Plug-in tin plated copper (standard) unit stab assemblies include selfaligning stab clips with spring steel backup springs. Wires from the stab clips to the lineside of the circuit breaker or disconnect switch are contained in the stab housing and are isolated phase-to-phase until the wires enter the MCC.

Full Voltage Non-Reversing (FVNR) Unit and
Full Voltage Reversing (FVR) with Fusible Switch or Circuit Breaker


Example of FVNR


## Full Voltage Non-Reversing (FVNR) Unit and Full Voltage Reversing (FVR) with Circuit Breaker or Fusible Switch

| NEMA Size | Maximum Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208V | 230V | 400V | 480 V | 600 V | Standard Breaker Type | MCP <br> Frame Size (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W $=$ Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth |  | kA Interrupting Rating at $480 V^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | FVNR | FVR |  |
| 1 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | MCP | 125 | 12 (305) | 18 (457) | $\begin{gathered} 42 \text { (standard) } \\ \text { / } 100 \\ \text { (optional) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | 10 | 15 | 25 | 25 | 25 |  |  | 12 (305) | 24 (610) |  |
| 3 | 25 | 30 | 50 | 50 | 50 |  |  | 18 (457) | 30 (762) |  |
| 4 | 40 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 100 |  | 125/250 | 24 (610) | 36 (914) |  |
| 5 | 75 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 200 |  | 250/400 | 36 (914) | 48 (1219) |  |
| $6^{3}$ | 150 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 400 |  | $\begin{gathered} 400 / 6001 \\ 800 \end{gathered}$ | 48 (1219) | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $7^{3}$ | - | - | - | 600 | 600 | ND6 ${ }^{4}$ | 1200 | $\begin{gathered} 72(1829) \\ 20 \mathrm{~W} \times 20 \mathrm{D} \\ (508 \mathrm{~W} \times 508 \mathrm{D}) \end{gathered}$ | N/A | 42 / 65 |

Full Voltage Contactor (FVC) Unit with Circuit Breaker or Fusible Switch

| NEMA Size | Maximum KW Resistance Heating Loads |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  | Fusible Type (For Maximum KW at 480V) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208V | 230 V | 400 V | 480 V | 600 V | Circuit <br> Breaker Frame Size (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) <br> Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ | kA Interrupting Rating at $480 V^{2}$ | Fusible Switch / Fuse Clip (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W = Width, D = Depth | kA Interrupting Rating at $480 V^{2}$ |
| 1 | 10.8 | 11.9 | 18.7 | 23.8 | 31 | 125 | 12 (305) | 100 | $30 / 30$ | 12 (305) | 100 |
| 2 | 16.2 | 17.9 | 31.2 | 35.8 | 46.7 | 125 | 12 (305) |  | $60 / 60$ | 12 (305) |  |
| 3 | 32 | 35 | 62 | 71 | 93 | 125 | 18 (457) |  | $100 / 100$ | 24 (610) |  |
| 4 | 48 | 54 | 94 | 107 | 140 | 125/250 | 24 (610) |  | $200 / 200$ | 42 (1067) |  |
| 5 | 108 | 119 | 206 | 238 | 311 | $250 / 400$ | 36 (914) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { JXD6 MCS I } \\ 400 \end{gathered}$ | 60 (1524) |  |
| $6^{3}$ | 198 | 218 | 346 | 437 | 570 | 600 | 48 (1219) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LXD6 } \\ \text { MCS / } 600 \end{gathered}$ | 72 (1829) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 800 | 72 (1829) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { MXD6 } \\ \text { MCS / } 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $7^{3}$ | 259 | 286 | 476 | 572 | 747 | 1200 | 72 (1829) | 65 | NXD6 <br> MCS / 1200 | $\begin{gathered} 72(1829) \\ 50 W \times 20 D \\ (1270 W \times 508 D) \end{gathered}$ |  |

[^6]
## Fusible Type (For Maximum HP at 480V), Type

| Fusible Switch/ Fuse Clip (Amps) | Dimensions in inches ( mm ) <br> Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W $=$ Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth |  | kA Interrupting Rating at $480 \mathrm{~V}^{2}$ | NEMA Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FVNR | FVR |  |  |
| $30 / 30$ | 12 (305) | 18 (457) |  | 1 |
| $60 / 60$ | 12 (305) | 24 (610) |  | 2 |
| 100/100 | 24 (610) | 36 (914) |  | 3 |
| $200 / 200$ | 42 (1067) | 48 (1219) |  | 4 |
| JD6 MCS / 400 | 60 (1524) | 60 (1524) | 100 | 5 |
| MD6 MCS / 800 | 72 (1829) | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $6^{3}$ |
| ND6 MCS / 1200 | $\begin{gathered} 72(1829) \\ 40 \mathrm{~W} \times 20 \mathrm{D} \\ (1016 \mathrm{~W} \times 508 \mathrm{D}) \end{gathered}$ | N/A |  | 73 |

## Dual Full Voltage Non-Reversing (DFVNR) Unit with Circuit Breaker

|  | Maximum Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEMA Size | 208V | 230 V | 400V | 480V | 600V | Standard Breaker Type | MCP <br> Frame Size | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ | kA <br> Interrupting Rating at $480 V^{2}$ |
| 1 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | MCP | 125 | 18 (457) | 100 |

[^7]
## Two Speed One Winding (2S1W) and Two Speed Two Winding (2S2W) with Circuit Breaker or Fusible Switch

## Constant or Variable Torque

| NEMA Size | Maximum Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208V | 230 V | 400 V | 480 V | 600 V | Standard Breaker Type | MCP Frame Size (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W=Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth |  | kA <br> Interrupting Rating at $480 V^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2S1W | 2S2W |  |
| 1 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | MCP | 125 | 24 (610) | 24 (610) | $\begin{gathered} 42 \text { (standard) } \\ \text { / } 100 \\ \text { (optional) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | 10 | 15 | 25 | 25 | 25 |  |  | 24 (610) | 24 (610) |  |
| 3 | 25 | 30 | 50 | 50 | 50 |  |  | 48 (1219) | 36 (914) |  |
| 4 | 40 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 100 |  | $125 / 250$ | 60 (1524) | 48 (1219) |  |
| $5^{3}$ | 75 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 200 |  | $250 / 400$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $6^{3}$ | 150 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 400 |  | $600 / 800$ | Consult Siemens | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  |

1) The addition of oversized CPTs, relays, timers,
etc. may increase unit height.
2) For other available voltage ratings, consult

Siemens
3) Fixed mounted units (not plug-in).

## Constant Horsepower

| NEMA Size | Maximum Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208V | 230V | 400 V | 480 V | 600 V | Standard Breaker Type | MCP Frame Size (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W $=$ Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth |  | kA Interrupting Rating at 480 V |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2S1W | 2S2W |  |
| 1 | 5 | 5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | MCP | 125 | 24 (610) | 24 (610) | $\begin{gathered} 42 \text { (standard) } \\ \text { / } 100 \\ \text { (optional) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 | 7.5 | 10 | 20 | 20 | 20 |  |  | 24 (610) | 24 (610) |  |
| 3 | 20 | 25 | 40 | 40 | 40 |  |  | 36 (914) | 30 (762) |  |
| 4 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 75 | 75 |  | 125/250 | 48 (1219) | 36 (914) |  |
| $5^{3}$ | 60 | 75 | 100 | 150 | 150 |  | $250 / 400$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ \text { 30W (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $6^{3}$ | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 300 |  | 400 / 600 | Consult Siemens | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ \text { 30W (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  |

[^8]Fusible Type (For Maximum HP at 480V)

| Fusible Switch/ Fuse Clip (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W = Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth |  | kA Interrupting Rating at 480V ${ }^{2}$ | NEMA Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2S1W | 2S2W |  |  |
| $30 / 30$ | 24 (610) | 24 (610) |  | 1 |
| $60 / 60$ | 24 (610) | 24 (610) |  | 2 |
| 100/100 | 36 (914) | 30 (762) |  | 3 |
| $200 / 200$ | 48 (1219) | 36 (914) | 100 | 4 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JD6 } \\ \text { MCS / } 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ \text { 30W (762W) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W \text { (762W) } \end{gathered}$ |  | 53 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { MD6 } \\ \text { MCS / } 800 \end{gathered}$ | Consult Siemens | $\begin{gathered} 72(1829) \\ 40 W(1016 W) \end{gathered}$ |  | $6^{3}$ |

Fusible Type (For Maximum HP at 480V)

| Fusible Switch / Fuse Clip (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W = Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth |  | kA Interrupting Rating at 480V ${ }^{2}$ | NEMA Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2S1W | 2S2W |  |  |
| $30 / 30$ | 24 (610) | 24 (610) |  | 1 |
| $60 / 60$ | 24 (610) | 24 (610) |  | 2 |
| 100/100 | 48 (1219) | 36 (914) |  | 3 |
| $200 / 200$ | 60 (1524) | 48 (1219) | 100 | 4 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JD6 MCS I } \\ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ \text { 30W (762W) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W(762 W) \end{gathered}$ |  | $5^{3}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { MD6 MCS I } \\ 800 \end{gathered}$ | Consult Siemens | $\begin{gathered} 72(1829) \\ 40 \mathrm{~W}(1016 \mathrm{~W}) \end{gathered}$ |  | $6^{3}$ |

## Reduced Voltage Autotransformer (RVAT) Non-Reversing with Circuit Breaker or Fusible Switch—Closed Transition

| NEMA Size | Maximum Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208V | 230 V | 400 V | 480V | 600V | Standard Breaker Type | Dimensions in inches (mm) Unit Height ${ }^{1} \quad W=$ Width, $D=$ Depth | kA Interrupting Rating at $480 \mathrm{~V}^{2}$ |
| 2 | 10 | 15 | 25 | 25 | 25 | MCP | 42 (1067) | 42 (standard) / <br> 100 (optional) |
| 3 | 25 | 30 | 50 | 50 | 50 |  | 42 (1067) |  |
| 4 | 40 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 100 |  | 48 (1219) |  |
| $5^{3}$ | 75 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 200 |  | 72 (1829), 30W (762W) |  |
| $6^{3}$ | 150 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 400 |  | 72 (1829), 30W (762W) |  |
| $7^{3}$ | - | - | - | 600 | 600 | ND6 ${ }^{4}$ | Consult Siemens | $42 / 65$ |

1) The addition of oversized CPTs, relays, tim-
ers, etc. may increase unit height.
2) For other available voltage ratings, consult

Siemens
3) Fixed mounted units (not plug-in)
4) Thermal magnetic breaker (not MCP)

Reducing Voltage Wye Delta Closed (YDC) Transition and
Reducing Voltage Wye Delta Open (YDO) Transition

| NEMA Size | Maximum Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208V | 230 V | 400V | 480 V | 600 V | Standard Breaker Type | Dimensions in inches (mm) <br> Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W = Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth |  | kA Interrupting Rating at $480 \mathrm{~V}^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YDO | YDC |  |
| 2 | 20 | 25 | 25 | 40 | 40 | MCP | 30 (762) | 42 (1067) | 42 (standard) I <br> 100 (optional) |
| 3 | 25 | 30 | 50 | 75 | 75 |  | 36 (914) | 48 (1219) |  |
| 4 | 60 | 60 | 75 | 150 | 150 |  | 36 (914) | 48 (1219) |  |
| $5^{3}$ | 150 | 150 | 150 | 300 | 300 |  | $\begin{gathered} 72 \text { (1829) } \\ 30 W(762 W) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72(1829) \\ 30 W(762 W) \end{gathered}$ |  |

[^9]Fusible Type (For Maximum HP at 480V)

| Fusible Switch / Fuse Clip (Amps) | Dimensions in inches (mm) <br> Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W = Width, $\mathrm{D}=$ Depth | kA Interrupting Rating at 480V ${ }^{2}$ | NEMA Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 / 60 | 42 (1067) | 100 | 2 |
| 100/100 | 48 (1219) |  | 3 |
| $200 / 200$ | 60 (1524) |  | 4 |
| JD6 MCS / 400 | 72 (1829), 30W (762W) |  | 53 |
| MD6 MCS / 800 | 72 (1829), 30W (762W) |  | $6^{3}$ |
| ND6 MCS / 1200 | Consult Siemens |  | $7^{3}$ |

Fusible Type (For Maximum HP at 480V)

|  | Dimensions in inches (mm) <br> Unit Height ${ }^{1}$ W $=$ Width, D = Depth |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fusible Switch / <br> Fuse Clip (Amps) | YDO | YDC |
| 100 / 100 | $36(914)$ | $48(1219)$ |
| 200 / 200 | $48(1219)$ | $60(1524)$ |
| JD6 MCS / 400 | $72(1829)$ | $72(1829)$ |
| LD6 MCS / 600 | $72(1829)$ <br> $30 W(762 W)$ | $72(1829)$ |
|  | $30 W(762 W)$ |  |

kA Interrupting NEMA Rating at $480 \mathrm{~V}^{2}$
$5^{3}$


## Compact High Density (HD) Combination Starters

While meeting UL and NEMA standards, our Compact Modular High Density Units reduces unit size by $6^{\prime \prime}$ (up to $50 \%$ ) for starters sizes $1-4$; thus, reducing footprint and saving floor space.

Full Voltage Non-Reversing (FVNR) Unit with Circuit Breaker

|  | Maximum <br> Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Full Voltage Contactor (FVC) Unit with Circuit Breaker

| NEMA <br> Size | Maximum KW Resistance Heating Loads |  |  | Circuit Breaker Type |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 208V | 230 V | 480V | Standard Breaker Type |  | Unit Height Dimensions in inches (mm) | kA Interrupt ing Rating at $480 \mathrm{~V}^{1}$ |
| 1 | 9.7 | 10.7 | 22 | MCP | 125 |  | 100 |
| 2 | 16.2 | 17.9 | 37 |  |  | (152) |  |
| 3 | 32 | 35.8 | 74 |  |  | 12 (305) |  |
| 4 | 48 | 54 | 112 |  | 125/250 | 18 (457) |  |

1 For other available voltage ratings contact Siemens
2 Only ESP 200 overload relays are available
3 Only 22 mm pilot devices are available; maximum of 4 pilot devices may be used


## Reduced Voltage Soft-Starter (RVSS) Units

Siemens soft-start controllers and starters incorporate the latest in solid-state technology to provide precise control in the starting of AC induction motors. Solid state reduced voltage starting allows motor voltage to be gradually applied, reducing potentially damaging high inrush currents and starting torques. These controls are easy to set up, operate, troubleshoot and repair. They are fully adjustable for many applications and with voltage ramp capability, can handle varying loads. Soft-start controllers can lower operating costs by reducing downtime due to equipment maintenance and repair; and minimize product and drive system damage caused by hard physical starts or stops. Siemens Soft-Start controllers with the energy saving feature conserve energy during lightly loaded conditions by reducing the motor voltage and current

## Overview

The advantages of the SIRIUS soft starters at a glance:

- Soft starting and soft stop
- Stepless starting
- Reduction of current peaks
- Avoidance of mains voltage fluctuations during starting

■ Reduced load on the power supply network

- Reduction of the mechanical load in the operating mechanism
- Considerable space savings and reduced wiring compared with mechanical reduced voltage starters
- Maintenance-free switching
- Fits perfectly in the SIRIUS modular System


## SIRIUS 3RW40

SIRIUS 3RW40 soft starters include soft start and soft stop, and internal bypass. At the same time they come with additional functions, i.e. selectable solid-state motor overload, intrinsic device protection and adjustable current limiting, as well as a new patented two-phase control method (Polarity Balancing) that is unique in this rating range.

SIRIUS 3RW40 soft starters are part of the SIRIUS modular system. This results in advantages such as identical sizes and a uniform connection system. Thanks to their particularly compact design, SIRIUS 3RW40 soft starters are only half as big as comparable wye-delta starters. Hence they can be mounted in compact space requirements in the control cabinet. Configuring and installation are carried out quickly and easily thanks to the 3-wire connection.
SIRIUS 3RW40 for three-phase motors Soft starters rated up to 300 Hp (at 460 V ) for standard applications in three phase power systems. Extremely small sizes, low power losses and simple commissioning are just three of the many advantages of the SIRIUS 3RW40 soft starters.


## Application areas:

- Fans
- Pumps
- Building/construction machines
- Presses
- Escalators
- Transport systems
- Air conditioning systems
- Ventilators
- Assembly lines

Operating mechanisms

## SIRIUS 3RW44

In addition to soft starting and soft stopping, the solid-state SIRIUS 3RW44 soft starters provide numerous functions for higher-level requirements. They cover a rating range up to 900 Hp at 460 V in the inline circuit. The SIRIUS 3RW44 soft starters are characterized by a compact design for space-saving and clearly arranged control cabinet layouts. For optimized motor starting and stopping, the innovative SIRIUS 3RW44 soft starters are an attractive alternative with considerable savings potential compared to applications with a frequency converter.

The new torque control and adjustable current limiting enable these high feature soft starters to be used in nearly every conceivable task. They reliably mitigate the sudden torque applications and current peaks during motor starting and stopping. This creates savings potential when calculating the size of the control gear and when servicing the machinery installed.

Be it for inline circuits or inside delta circuits - the SIRIUS 3RW44 soft starter offers savings especially in terms of size and equipment costs. Combinations of various starting, operating and ramp-down possibilities ensure an optimum adaptation to the application specific requirements. Operating and commissioning can be performed by means of the user-friendly keypad and a menu prompted, multi-line graphic display with background lighting. The optimized motor ramp-up and ramp down can be effected by means of just a few settings with a previously selected language. Four-key operation and plain-text displays for each menu point guarantee full clarity at every moment of the parameterization and operation.


[^10]
## MCC Enclosures

$480 V^{\circledR}$ Solid State Reduced Voltage — NEMA 1 MCC Enclosures ${ }^{\text {® }}$


| Rating HP® | RVSS Type® |  | Rated <br> Amperes | Dimensions - In. (mm)@๑ |  | kA <br> Interrupting <br> Rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mounting Height | Structure W x D |  |
| 5 | 3RW40 |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |
| 10 | 3RW40 |  | 19 |  |  |  |
| 15 | 3RW40 |  | 24 |  |  |  |
| 20 | 3RW40 |  | 28 | 18 (457) |  |  |
| 25 | 3RW40 |  | 34 |  |  |  |
| 30 | 3RW40 |  | 42 |  |  |  |
| 40 | 3RW40 |  | 58 |  |  |  |
| 50 | 3RW40 |  | 70 | 24 (610) |  |  |
| 75 | 3RW40 |  | 117 |  |  |  |
| 100 | 3RW40 |  | 145 | 36 (914) |  |  |
| 150 | 3RW40 |  | 205 |  |  |  |
| 200 | 3RW40 |  | 315 | 48 (1219)® |  |  |
| 300 | 3RW40 |  | 385 | 72 (1829)( | $20 \times 15$ |  |
| 15 |  | 3RW44 | 26 |  | ( $508 \times 381$ ) |  |
| 20 |  | 3RW44 | 32 |  |  | 100 |
| 25 |  | 3RW44 | 42 |  |  |  |
| 30 |  | 3RW44 | 52 |  |  |  |
| 40 |  | 3RW44 | 68 | 36 (914) |  |  |
| 50 |  | 3RW44 | 82 |  |  |  |
| 60 |  | 3RW44 | 100 |  |  |  |
| 75 |  | 3RW44 | 117 |  |  |  |
| 100 |  | 3RW44 | 145 |  |  |  |
| 125 |  | 3RW44 | 180 |  |  |  |
| 150 |  | 3RW44 | 215 | 48 (1219)( |  |  |
| 200 |  | 3RW44 | 280 |  |  |  |
| 250 |  | 3RW44 | 385 |  |  |  |
| 400 |  | 3RW44 | 494 |  |  |  |
| 450 |  | 3RW44 | 562 | 72 (1829) | $30 \times 15$ |  |
| 500 |  | 3RW44 | 693 |  | $(762 \times 381)$ |  |
| 600 |  | 3RW44 | 850 |  |  | 65 |
| 750 |  | 3RW44 | 970 | Consult | Siemens |  |
| 800 |  | 3RW44 | 1076 | Consult | Siemens | 42 |

(1) For other available voltage ratings, consult Siemens.
(2)For other enclosure types, consult Siemens.
(3) Ratings are based on CLASS 20 overloads and 6 starts per Hour. Consult Siemens for other applications.
(4) Dimensions shown are for circuit breaker or fusible disconnects.
(5) RVSS with bypass and / or isolation contactors require extra mounting space. Consult Siemens for further information.
(6) 3RW40 Units include line side isolation contactor
(7) Fixed mounted units (not plug-in).


## Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) Units

## Micromaster 440 (MM440)

## Application

The MICROMASTER 440 inverter is suitable for a variety of variable-speed drive applications. Its flexibility provides for a wide spectrum of applications. These also include cranes and hoisting gear, high-bay warehouses, production machines for food, beverages and tobacco, packaging machines etc.; i.e. applications which require the frequency inverter to have a higher functionality and dynamic response than usual. The inverter is especially characterized by its customer-oriented performance and ease of-use. Its large voltage range enables it to be used all over the world.

## Micromaster 440 (MM440)

## Design

The MICROMASTER 440 inverter has a modular design. The operator panels and modules can be easily exchanged.

International standards

- The MICROMASTER 440 inverter complies with the requirements of the EU low voltage directive.
- The MICROMASTER 440 inverter has the ( $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ marking
- acc. to (1L) and c (IL) certified
- c-tick $\mathbf{C}$

Main characteristics

- Easy, guided start-up
- Modular construction allows maximum configuration flexibility
- Six programmable isolated digital inputs
- Two scalable analog inputs ( 0 V to $10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \mathrm{~mA}$ to 20 mA ) can also be used as a 7th/8th digital input
- Two programmable analog outputs ( 0 mA to 20 mA )
- Three programmable relay outputs ( 30 V DC/5 A resistive load; 250 V AC/2A inductive load)
- Low-noise motor operation thanks to high pulse frequencies, adjustable (observe derating if necessary)
- Complete protection for motor and inverter.


## Options (overview)

- EMC filter, Class A/B
- LC filter and sinusoidal filter
- Line commutating chokes
- Output chokes
- Gland plates
- Basic Operator Panel (BOP) for parameterizing the inverter
- Plain text Advanced Operator Panel (AOP) with multi-language display
- Communication modules
- PROFIBUS
- DeviceNet
- CANopen
- Pulse encoder evaluation module
- PC connection kits
- Mounting kits for installing the operator panels in the control cabinet doors
- PC start-up tools executable under Windows 98 and NT/2000/ME/XP Professional
- TIA integration with Drive ES


## Micromaster 440 (MM440)

## MCC Enclosures

## $480{ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ Variable Frequency Drives - NEMA 1A MCC Enclosures ${ }^{2}$

| Rating$\mathrm{HP}^{3}$ | Drive Type | Rated <br> Amperes | Dimensions - in. (mm) 4,6 |  | kA Interrupting Rating at 480V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mounting Height | Structure WxD |  |
| 2 | MM440 | 4 | 18 (457) | $\begin{gathered} 20 \times 15 \\ (508 \times 381) \end{gathered}$ | ```25-65 (standard) / 100 (standard fusible, optional circuit breaker)``` |
| 5 |  | 10.2 |  |  |  |
| 7.5 |  | 16 |  |  |  |
| 10 |  | 18.4 |  |  |  |
| 15 |  | 26 | 36 (914) |  |  |
| 20 |  | 32 |  |  |  |
| 25 |  | 38 |  |  |  |
| 30 |  | 45 | (1219) |  |  |
| 40 |  | 62 | $48(1219)^{5,7}$ |  |  |
| 50 |  | 76 | $60(1624)^{7}$ |  |  |
| 60 |  | 90 |  |  |  |
| 75 |  | 110 | 72 (1829) ${ }^{7}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20 \times 15^{5} \\ (508 \times 381) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 100 |  | 145 |  |  |  |
| 125 |  | 178 |  |  |  |
| 150 |  | 205 |  |  |  |
| 200 |  | 250 |  | $\begin{gathered} 30 \times 15^{5} \\ (762 \times 381) \end{gathered}$ |  |

1 For other available voltage rating, consult Siemens
2 For other enclosure types, consult Siemens
3 Ratings are for Variable Torque applications. Consult Siemens for other applications
4 Dimensions shown are for circuit breaker or fusible disconnects except as noted
5 Fusible disconnect unit is larger, consult Siemens
6 Drives with bypass and/or isolation contactors require extra mounting space. Consult Siemens for further information.
7 Fixed mounted units (not plug-in)

600V Variable Frequency Drives - NEMA 1A MCC Enclosures¹

| Rating $H^{3}$ | Drive <br> Type | Rated <br> Amperes | Dimensions - in. (mm) ${ }^{3,5}$ |  | kA Interrupting Rating at 480V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mounting Height | Structure W x D |  |
| 2 | MM440 | 2.7 | 24 (610) | $\begin{gathered} 20 \times 15 \\ (508 \times 381) \end{gathered}$ | ```18-22 (standard) / 100 (standard fusible, optional circuit breaker)``` |
| 5 |  | 6.1 |  |  |  |
| 7.5 |  | 9 |  |  |  |
| 10 |  | 11 |  |  |  |
| 15 |  | 17 |  |  |  |
| 20 |  | 22 |  |  |  |
| 25 |  | 27 |  |  |  |
| 30 |  | 32 | $48(1219)^{6}$ |  |  |
| 40 |  | 41 |  |  |  |
| 50 |  | 52 |  |  |  |
| 60 |  | 62 | $60(1624)^{6}$ |  |  |
| 75 |  | 77 |  |  |  |
| 100 |  | 99 | 72 (1829) ${ }^{6}$ | $20 \times 15^{4}$ |  |
| 125 |  | 125 |  |  |  |

1 For other enclosure types, consult Siemens
2 Ratings are for Variable Torque applications. Consult Siemens for other applications
3 Dimensions shown are for circuit breaker or fusible disconnects except as noted
4 Fusible disconnect unit is larger, consult Siemens
5 Drives with bypass and/or isolation contactors require extra mounting space.
Consult Siemens for further information.
6 Fixed mounted units (not plug-in)

## Micromaster Drives

## Technical Data

| MM440-Technical Data |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Voltage and power ranges | $\begin{aligned} & 200-240 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0.166 \text { to } 60 \mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{CT} / \mathrm{VT}) \\ & 380-480 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0.5 \text { to } 150 \mathrm{HP} \text { (CT) } \\ & 380-480 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0.5 \text { to } 200 \mathrm{HP} \text { (VT) } \\ & 500-600 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 1.0 \text { to } 100 \mathrm{HP} \text { (CT) } \\ & 500-600 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 1.0 \text { to } 125 \mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{CT}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Operating temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Process control | Internal PID controller (autotuning) |
| Types of control | Vector control, FCC (Flux Current Control), multipoint characteristic (parameterizable V/f characteristic), V/f characteristic |

## MM420 - Technical Data

| Voltage and power ranges | $200-240 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0.16$ to 7.5 HP <br> $380-480 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0.5$ to 15 HP |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating temperature | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Process control | PID process controller |
| Types of control | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{Hz}$, Voltage Boost, Slip Compensation, FCC <br> (Flux Current Control) |
| Inputs | 3 digital inputs, 1 analog input |
| Outputs | 1 analog output, 1 relay output |


| MM430 - Technical Data |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage and power ranges | $380-480 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 10$ to 125 HP |
| Operating temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Process control | PID process controller |
| Types of control | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{Hz}$, Voltage Boost, Slip Compensation, FCC (Flux <br> Current Control) |
| Inputs | 6 digital inputs, 2 analog inputs, 1 PTC/KTY input |
| Outputs | 2 analog outputs, 3 relay outputs |

## Factory Options

## Contactor Options

Bypass Contactor (None/Automatic/Manual/Selectable)
Input Isolation Contactor
Output Isolation Contactor

## VFD Options

Operator Panel (Basic/Advanced/None)
Door Mounted Operator Panel (None/Single VFD/ Advanced Operator Panel (AOP)
Communication Module (PROFIBUS, DeviceNet, CANopen, LON, etc.)
Pulse Encoder Module
PC to VFD connection kit

Reactor, Filter, and Other Options
Input/Output Reactor
Passive harmonic filter
RFI filter
Output filter (DVIDT, sine wave)
Pulse Resistor Braking
Semiconductor Fuses

## Pollution Degree Ratings according to UL61800-5-1

MCCs containing VFDs should be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment in accordance with UL61800-5-1. If an MCC with VFD is to be placed in a Pollution Degree 3 or higher environment, a NEMA12 rated MCC should be installed.

| Pollution <br> Degree | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution <br> has no influence. |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a <br> temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected, when <br> the VFD is out of operation. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Conductive pollution or dry non-conductive pollution occurs, which <br> becomes conductive due to condensation, which is to be expected. |
| 4 | The pollution generates persistent conductivity caused, for example by <br> conductive dust or rain or snow. |



SINAMICS G120C
SINAMICS G120C has been especially designed for an economic, space-saving and easy-to-operate frequency converter providing a multitude of functions. This device combines in particular compactness with superior power density and is characterized by fast installation and commissioning.

## Smallest size

- Compact design (integrated braking chopper)
- Fast mechanical installation (i.e. pluggable terminals)


## Easy to use

■ Simple, optimized commissioning with the STARTER tool

- Effective, adequate parameter set (simple storing and cloning functions using IOP, BOP-2 or SD card)
■ Usable with IOP or BOP-2 operator panels


## Leading edge technology

■ Energy-efficient, encoder-less vector control - automatic flow reduction with VIF ECO

- Safety Integrated (Safe Torque Off)

■ Communication PROFIBUS DP, PROFINET, CAN and USS/ Modbus RTU

## Application

For industrial and commercial applications (secondary drive in production machines or generally for water/waste water, automotive). Application examples include Mixers, Extruders, Simple pumps, fans, compressors, Vibrator motors, Simple wire drawing machines.

## SINAMICS G120C

## Design

SINAMICS G120C is a compact inverter where the Control Unit (CU) and Power Module (PM) function units are combined in one device. SINAMICS G120C can be integrated into the widest range of applications, either using the integrated digital and analog inputs or via the integrated fieldbus interface (available in the USS/ Modbus RTU, PROFINET, PROFIBUS DP, CANopen versions). Especially the product versions with integrated PROFIBUS DP or Profinet interface make full integration into the Siemens TIA family possible, therefore allowing the advantages of the seamless TIA product family to be fully utilized. SINAMICS G120C devices are preset in the factory so that they can be immediately connected to PROFIBUS DP or Profinet fieldbuses and used without parameterization.

## G120C- Technical Data

| Frame Size | Output Ratings |  |  |  | Dimensions - in. (mm) ${ }^{1}$ |  | IR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LO-OL | LO-OL | HI-OL | HI-OL | Mounting Height | Structure$\mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{D}$ |  |
|  | A | hp | A | hp |  |  |  |
| A | 1.4 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 18 (457) | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \times 15 \\ & (508 \times 381) \end{aligned}$ | 65ka |
| A | 1.9 | 0.75 | 1.4 | 0.5 |  |  |  |
| A | 2.6 | 1 | 1.9 | 0.75 |  |  |  |
| A | 3.5 | 2 | 2.6 | 1 |  |  |  |
| A | 4.8 | 2 | 3.5 | 2 |  |  |  |
| A | 6.2 | 3 | 4.8 | 2 |  |  |  |
| A | 7.5 | 3 | 6.2 | 3 |  |  |  |
| B | 10.6 | 5 | 7.5 | 3 | 24 (610) |  |  |
| B | 14.0 | 10 | 10.6 | 5 |  |  |  |
| C | 21.3 | 15 | 14.0 | 10 | 30 (762) |  |  |
| C | 26.4 | 15 | 21.3 | 15 |  |  |  |
| C | 31.5 | 20 | 26.4 | 15 |  |  |  |

1 Circuit Breaker, Reactor (Line or Load) and Drive Included.

## Overload capability:

- High overload (HO):

200 \% base load current $I_{H}$ for 3 s plus
$150 \%$ base load current $I_{H}$ for 57 s within a 300 s cycle time

- Light overload (LO):
$150 \%$ base load current $I_{H}$ for 3 s plus
$110 \%$ base load current $I_{H}$ for 57 s within a 300 s cycle time


## SINAMICS G120C

## Factory Options

| Technical Data |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage and power ranges | $380-480 \mathrm{~V}, 0.5$ to $20 \mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{LO})$ <br> $380-480 \mathrm{~V}, 0.5$ to $15 \mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{HO})$ |
| Operating temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Process control | Internal PID controller (auto-tuning) |
| Types of control | Vector control, FCC (Flux Current Control), <br> multipoint characteristic (parameterizable V/f <br> characteristic), V/f characteristic |
| Communications | PROFIBUS DP, PROFINET, CANopen <br> and USS/ Modbus RTU |

For additional G120C information, please see the SINAMICS and Motors for Single-Axis Drives Catalog, Order No. E86060-K5531-A101-A1-7600.

| Contactor Options |
| :--- |
| Bypass Contactor (None/Automatic/Manual/Selectable) |
| Input Isolation Contactor |
| Output Isolation Contactor |

## VFD Options

```
Operator Panel (BOP-2, IOP, none)
```

Door Mounted Operator Panel
PC Inverter Connection Kit 2

## Reactor, Filter, and Other Options

Input/Output Reactor
Passive harmonic filter
RFI filter
Output filter (DVIDT, sine wave)
Pulse Resistor Braking
Semiconductor Fuses


## SINAMICS G120

SINAMICS G120 is a modular drive inverter system that comprises various function units. These are essentially: Control Unit (CU) and Power Module (PM). The CU controls and monitors the PM and the connected motor in several operating modes that can be selected. It supports communication with a local or central controller and monitoring devices.

- With many innovative functions

Safety Integrated for safety-relevant machines and systems, capable of regenerative feedback into the line supply for energy saving

- Fast commissioning

STARTER tool and data backup using the BOP-2, IOP or MMC/SD card
■ Efficient and consistent solutions
via Totally Integrated Automation (TIA), consistency from SINAMICS through to the automation level

## Application

Machines and plants in industrial and commercial applications (machinery construction, automotive, textiles, chemical industry, printing, steel). Application examples include: Pumps and fans, Compressors, Centrifuges, Conveyor systems.

## Design

## Application-oriented design of SINAMICS G120

SINAMICS G120 standard inverters are modular inverters for standard drives. Selection of the SINAMICS G120 is reduced to two or three steps thanks to the modular system used.


## Selecting the Power Module



## PM240 Power Modules

PM240 Power Modules are suitable for many applications. The PM240 has an integrated braking chopper in frame sizes FSA up to FSF and has the possibility of connecting a braking resistor. For frame size FSGX, an optional pluggable braking module can be ordered.


## PM250 Power Modules

PM250 power modules are suitable for the same applications as the PM240, but they are specialized to address conveyor-related applications - where the braking energy is directly fed back into the line supply using the unique technology of Efficient Infeed Technology. This feature provides the ability to feed energy back into the supply system in the generator mode (electronic braking) so that the energy in not wasted in a braking resistor.


## SINAMICS G120

## Selecting the Control Unit

The optimum Control Unit is selected, based on the number of I/Os and any additional functions required such as Safety Integrated or HVAC. The communication options are already integrated and do not have to be additionally ordered or plugged in. Three product series are available corresponding to the particular application.


MCC Control Unit Options

| CU230P-2 HVAC | CU240B-2 | CU240E-2 | CU250S-2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CU230P-2 DP | CU240B-2 DP | CU240E-2 DP | CU250S-2 DP |
| CU230P-2 CAN |  | CU240E-2 F | CU250S-2 PN |
| CU230P-2 PN |  | CU240E-2 DP-F | CU250S-2 CAN |
|  |  | CU240E-2 PN |  |
|  |  | CU240E-2 PN-F |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Extended I/O configuration <br> Vector and servo <br> control <br> Encoder feedback <br> Basic and Extended Safety Functions USS, Modbus, PROFIBUS, PROFINET | Basic I/O configuration - USS, Modbus, PROFIBUS, PROFINET | Standard I/O configuration <br> - STO as standard <br> - Optional Basic Safety Functions - USS, Modbus, PROFIBUS, PROFINET | Extended I/O configuration <br> - Vector and servo control <br> - Encoder feedback <br> - Basic and Extended Safety Functions <br> - USS, Modbus, PROFIBUS, PROFINET |

## Selecting the Control Unit (cont.)

## CU230 Control Units

The CU230 Control Units have been specifically designed for pump, fan and compressor applications.

## CU240 Control Units

The CU240 Control Units are suitable for a wide range of applications in a general machine construction, such as conveyor belts, mixers and extruders.

## CU250 Control Units

The CU250 Control Unit is particularly suited for drives with high requirements in speed and torque accuracy.

## Selecting Optional System Components

## Intelligent Operator Panel IOP

Graphic display with bar-type diagrams, e.g. for status values such as pressure or flow rate.

## Basic Operator Panel BOP-2

Menu navigation and 2-line display permit fast and user-friendly commissioning of the inverter. Simple basic commissioning by simultaneously displaying parameter value, as well as the option of filtering parameters.


## SINAMICS G120

Technical Data

|  | Frame Size | Output Ratings |  |  |  | Dimensions - in. (mm) ${ }^{1}$ |  | IR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | LO-OL | LO-OL | HI-OL | HI-OL | Mounting Height | StructureW x D |  |
|  |  | A | hp | A | hp |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{N} \\ & \sum_{i} \end{aligned}$ | A | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 18 (457) | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \times 15 \\ & (508 \times 381) \end{aligned}$ | 65ka |
|  | A | 1.6 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 0.75 |  |  |  |
|  | A | 2.0 | 0.75 | 2.2 | 1 |  |  |  |
|  | A | 2.9 | 1 | 3.1 | 1.5 |  |  |  |
|  | A | 3.8 | 2 | 4.1 | 2 |  |  |  |
|  | B | 5.5 | 3 | 5.9 | 3 | 24 (610) |  |  |
|  | B | 7.2 | 3 | 7.7 | 5 |  |  |  |
|  | B | 9.5 | 5 | 10.2 | 5 |  |  |  |
|  | C | 16.7 | 10 | 13.2 | 7.5 | 36 (914) |  |  |
|  | C | 23.3 | 15 | 19 | 10 |  |  |  |
|  | C | 29.8 | 20 | 26 | 15 |  |  |  |
|  | D | 35.3 | 25 | 32 | 20 | 48 (1219) | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \times 15^{2} \\ & (508 \times 381) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | D | 41.9 | 30 | 38 | 25 |  |  |  |
|  | D | 55.8 | 40 | 45 | 30 |  |  |  |
|  | E | 69.8 | 50 | 60 | 40 | 60 (1624) |  |  |
|  | E | 83.7 | 60 | 75 | 50 |  |  |  |
|  | F | 102.3 | 75 | 90 | 60 | 72 (1829) | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \times 20^{2} \\ & (508 \times 508) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | F | 134.9 | 100 | 110 | 75 |  |  |  |
|  | F | 165.5 | 125 | 145 | 100 |  |  |  |
|  | F | 190.7 | 150 | 178 | 125 |  |  |  |
|  | F | 240.0 | 150 | 200 | 150 |  |  |  |
|  | Gx | 264.3 | 200 | 250 | 200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \times 20^{2} \\ & (1270 \times 508) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Gx | 323.8 | 250 | 302 | 250 |  |  |  |
|  | Gx | 417.4 | 350 | 370 | 300 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \sum_{0}^{N} \end{aligned}$ | D | 35.3 | 25 | 32 | 20 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \times 15^{2} \\ & (508 \times 381) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | D | 41.9 | 30 | 38 | 25 | 48 (1219) |  |  |
|  | D | 55.8 | 40 | 45 | 30 |  |  |  |
|  | E | 69.8 | 50 | 60 | 40 | 60 (1624) |  |  |
|  | E | 83.7 | 60 | 75 | 50 |  |  |  |
|  | F | 102.3 | 75 | 90 | 60 | 72 (1829) | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \times 20^{2} \\ & (508 \times 508) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | F | 134.9 | 100 | 110 | 75 |  |  |  |
|  | F | 165.5 | 125 | 145 | 100 |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Circuit Breaker, Reactor (Line or Load) and Drive Included.
${ }^{2}$ Fixed Mounted

## Overload capability:

- High overload (HO):

Up to 100 HP PM240 and all PM250 (HO): $2 \times$ base-load current $I_{\text {H }}$ (i. e. 200 \% overload) for 3 s plus $1.5 \times$ base-load current $I_{H}$ (i. e. $150 \%$ overload) for 57 s within a cycle time of 300 s
From 125 HP PM240: $1.6 \times$ base-load current $I_{H}$ (i. e. $160 \%$ overload) for 3 s
plus $1.36 \times$ base-load current $I_{\text {н }}$ (i. e. $136 \%$ overload) for 57 s within a cycle time of 300 s

- Light overload (LO):

Up to 100 HP PM240 and all PM250 (LO): $1.5 \times$ base-load current IL (i. e. $150 \%$ overload) for 3 s plus $1.1 \times$ base-load current IL (i. e. $110 \%$ overload) for 57 s within a cycle time of 300 s From 125 HP PM240: $1.5 \times$ base-load current IL (i. e. $150 \%$ overload) for 1 s
plus $1.1 \times$ base-load current IL (. e. $110 \%$ overload) for 59 s within a cycle time of 300 s

## Technical Data

| Voltage and power ranges | $380-480 \mathrm{~V}, 0.5$ to $350 \mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{LO})$ <br> $380-480 \mathrm{~V}, 0.5$ to $300 \mathrm{HP}(\mathrm{HO})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Process control | Internal PID controller (autotuning) |

## Factory Options

| Contactor Options |
| :--- |
| Bypass Contactor (None/Automatic/Manual/Selectable) |
| Input Isolation Contactor |
| Output Isolation Contactor |

## VFD Options

Operator Panel (BOP-2, IOP, none)
Door Mounted Operator Panel
PC Inverter Connection Kit 2

| Reactor, Filter, and Other Options |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input/Output Reactor | Pulse Resistor Braking |
| Passive harmonic filter | Semiconductor Fuses |
| RFI filter | 18-pulse (for FSE and FSF) |
| Output filter (DVIDT, Sinewave) |  |

For additional G120 information, please see the SINAMICS and Motors for Single-Axis Drives Catalog, Order No. E86060-K5531-A101-A1-7600.

## Pollution Degree Ratings according to UL61800-5-1

MCCs containing VFDs should be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment in accordance with UL61800-5-1. If an MCC with VFD is to be placed in a Pollution Degree 3 or higher environment, a NEMA12 rated MCC should be installed.

| Pollution <br> Degree | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution <br> has no influence. |
| 2 | Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a <br> temporary conductivity caused by condensation is to be expected, when <br> the VFD is out of operation. |
| 3 | Conductive pollution or dry non-conductive pollution occurs, which <br> becomes conductive due to condensation, which is to be expected. |
| 4 | The pollution generates persistent conductivity caused, for example by <br> conductive dust or rain or snow. |

## Unit Options

## Overload Options

| Overload Protection | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Thermal Bimetal Ambient Compensated <br> Single Phase and Three Phase (Standard) | Class 10 or Class 20 Protection <br> +/- $15 \%$ Setting of nominal trip current |
| ESP200 Solid State Overload Relay <br> (Optional) | Trip Class 5, 10, 20, or 30 can easily be set <br> by two DIP switches <br> Eliminates the need for heaters |
| SIMOCODE <br> (Optional) | Solid State Overload Protection Class 5 - 40 <br> Multifunctional, electronic full motor <br> protection <br> Detailed operating, service, and diagnostics <br> data via PROFIBUS |



## Bimetal Ambient Compensated Thermal Overload

Bimetal ambient compensated overload relays protect both the motor and equipment by opening the control circuit when the motor experiences an overload condition. The bimetal overload relay may be set for either manual or automatic reset and can be supplied with standard Class 20 heater elements or optional Class 10 heater elements as required. An ambient compensated model of the bimetal overload is available.


## ESP 200 Solid State Overload Relay

Building and improving on past successes, self-powered ESP200 overload relays are a revolution for both industrial and construction applications. These overload relays provide accuracy unmatched in the market. With repeat accuracy of greater than $99 \%$, trips can beset to the most specific conditions, resulting in both longer motor life and cost savings. The ESP200 over-load relay is very simple to configure. Just set the FLA dial to match the FLA of the motor nameplate and set the DIP switches per the faceplate engraving.

## SIMOCODE

Smart MCC uses SIMOCODE in the units to give the customer a true motor management system. SIMOCODE pro is the flexible and modular motor control system for low-voltage motors. It can easily and directly be connected to automation systems via PROFIBUS and covers all functional requirements between the motor starter and the automation system - including the fail-safe disconnection of motors. Further, SIMOCODE pro combines in just one compact system all required protection, monitoring, safety and control functions. The motor management system thus helps you to increase the process control quality and reduce costs at the same time - from planning through installation right to operation or service of a plant or system. In the MCCs, SIMOCODE C and SIMCODE V are available.

Benefits from SIMOCODE pro:

- Simple configuration
- Protects your flexibility with the aid of optional expansion modules

■ Gain transparency throughout your system with extensive data provision
SIMOCODE pro motor management is structured in functionally graded series:


[^11]

SIMOCODE Pro C


SIMOCODE Pro V

SIMOCODE Expansion

| Expansion Possibilities | SIMCODE pro C <br> (Basic Unit 1) | SIMCODE pro V PB <br> (Basic Unit 2) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Operator panels | X | X |
| Operator panel with display | - | X |
| Current measuring modules | X | X |
| Current/voltage measuring module (Qty) | - | X |
| Decoupling module (Quantity) | - | X |
| Expansion modules (number): | - | 2 |
| Digital modules | - | 1 |
| Fall Safe digital module ${ }^{2}$ | - | 1 |
| Analog module | - | 1 |
| Ground fault module | - | 1 |
| Temperature module |  |  |

X= available, $-=$ not available

1) When an operator panel with display and/or decoupling module is used, restrictions on the number of connection modules connectable per basic unit must be observed.
2) The fall-safe digital module can be used instead of one of the two digital modules.


## SIMOCODE Factory Programming

When this selection is requested, functional unit programming per the unit wiring schematic will be provided after the customer supplies the proper information. For a list of standard programming blocks, please see the SIMOCODE Pro Control Reference Manual, E87010-A0241-T004-A5-MCC. Commissioning / Integration / Process type programming is not part of this feature.


## Terminal Blocks

## Control Terminal Blocks

Screw-mounted stationary control terminals are standard for both type B and C units. All terminal blocks are located at the right front of the unit for access from the vertical wireway.
Unit control terminal blocks are:

- White in color
- Box Type with Tang (wire clamped between tang and collar)
- Supplied with White Marking Strip

Terminals supplied in groups of 3 for Stationary terminal blocks or groups of 4 for PullApart terminal blocks as required for application. Standard terminal block mounting allows for a maximum of 21 Stationary or 20 Pull-Apart terminal points for control.

| Type | Wire Range | Amp Rating | Voltage |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stationary | $22-8 \mathrm{ga}$. | 40 A | 600 V |
| Pull-Apart | $16-12 \mathrm{ga}$. | 25 A | 600 V |

## Stationary Terminal Blocks

Clamping the wire between a tang and a collar provides the following advantages:

- No twisted off strands.
- A constant locking torque keeps screws in position.
- Hardened stainless steel clamping collar eliminates stripped thread problems.

Terminal blocks are also available with screw type terminals for ring tongue lugs.

## Pull-Apart Terminal Blocks

Pull-apart terminal blocks are available. They have the same features as stationary blocks, except that they are pull-apart and interlock mechanically, providing a terminal block assembly in which individual groups are free to move to permit electrical separation while remaining coupled mechanically to the series.

## Load Terminal Wire Ranges

| Starter Size | Wire Range Starter Load Terminal | Maximum* AWG | Type Bd, Bt, \& C Wiring |  | Optional <br> Pull-Apart |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Power Terminal Block Wire Range | Stationary |  |
| 0-1 | \#14 to \#8 | \#8 | \#22 to \#8 | X | X |
| 2 | \#12 to \#2 | \#6 | \#18 to \#2 | X | X |
| 3 | \#8 to \#2/0 | \#1 | \#14 to \#2/0 | X | - |
| 4 | \#6 to 250MCM | 210 | - | - | - |
| 5 | (1) \#4 to 600MCM <br> (2) \#1/0 to (2) 250MCM | $35 \overline{-} \mathrm{CM}$ | — | - | - |
| 6 | \#2 to (2) 600MCM <br> (1) 600 MCM | (2) 350 MCM | - | - | - |

*To maintain proper bending space for load cables direct to the starter do not exceed max. wire guage listed.

## Type C Wiring Terminal Blocks

Type C wiring uses stationary type terminal blocks. Their standard location is in the top $12^{\prime \prime}$ horizontal wireway.

C terminals may also be located in the bottom 6" horizontal wireway. Three rows of terminals for control and load may be mounted at the top. Space is available for 42 terminals per row for control and load. For each unit size 2, reduce 3 terminals per unit, due to larger load blocks. For each unit size 3, reduce 6 per unit. The bottom wireway is limited to one row of terminals only. C terminals cannot be located in the same area as incoming lines. C terminals for a section with incoming lines, whether connected to main lugs or main disconnect, will be located in an adjacent section C terminals will be restricted to two rows in a section with a print pocket. Ground or neutral bus should not be located in the same area as $C$ terminals because of restricted conduit room and the number of $C$ terminals that can be mounted.

## Master Terminal Block Location



## Terminal Blocks

## Load Terminal Blocks

If NEMA Type Bt wiring option is specified, load terminal blocks are supplied on units through Size 3 starters. Pull-apart load terminal blocks can be provided through Size 2. Size 3 starters will be supplied with stationary (non pull-apart) load terminal blocks. Load terminals are white in color.

## Wiring Specifications

| Control on Units | 16 ga . |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 19 strand bonded copper |  |
|  | $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | 600 V |  |
| Interconnection control wiring between Units | 14 ga . |  |
|  | 19 strand copper |  |
|  | $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  | 600 V |  |
| Power wiring- Sized to suit maximum HP rating of unit | 14 ga . to 2 ga . | 19 strand copper |
|  |  | $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | 600 V |
|  | 1 ga. to 500 MCM | 19 strand to 100 strand copper |
|  |  | $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | 600 V |

## Standard Color Coding of Wires

| AC Control (all voltages) | Red |
| :--- | :--- |
| DC Control (all voltages) | Blue |
| AC Power(all voltages) | Black |
| Line Side CPT | Black |
| Equipment Ground | Green |
| Current Carrying Neutral | White |
| Interconnecting Control Wires Between Units | Red |

## Pilot Devices



Pilot Device Options

| Option | Description | FVNR | FVC | FVR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2S1W } \\ & 2 S 2 W \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Push Buttons | Start - Stop | X | X |  |  |
|  | Forward - Reverse - Stop |  |  | X |  |
|  | Fast - Slow - Stop |  |  |  | X |
|  | High - Low - Stop |  |  |  | X |
| Selector Switch | Hand - Off - Auto | X | X |  |  |
|  | Off - On | $x$ | X |  |  |
|  | Start - Stop | $x$ | X |  |  |
|  | Forward - Off - Reverse |  |  | X |  |
|  | Slow - Off - Fast |  |  |  | X |
|  | High - Off - Low |  |  |  | $x$ |
| Pilot Device Housing | Blank | X | X | X | X |
|  | 4 Holes | X | X | X | X |

Pilot Lights Options

|  |  |  |  | 2S1W / |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | FVNR | FVC | FVR | 2S2W |
| Running | X | X |  |  |
| Off | X | X | X |  |
| Running - Off | X | X |  |  |
| On - Off | X | X |  |  |
| Forward - Reverse |  |  | X |  |
| Forward - Reverse - Off |  |  | X |  |
| High - Low |  |  |  | X |
| High - Low - Off |  |  |  | X |

Standard Control Transformer Sizes in VA²

| Starter Size | FVNR / FVR | RVAT | Wye Delta | 2S1W | 2S2W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 50 | - | - | 50 | 50 |
| 1 | 50 | 150 | 150 | 50 | 50 |
| 2 | 50 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 50 |
| 3 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| 4 | 150 | $50^{1}$ | $50^{1}$ | $50^{1}$ | 150 |
| $5^{1}$ | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| $6^{1}$ | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |

1 Starter supplied with interposing relay(s).
2 The CPT sizes will allow for the use of a pilot light.
Excess Capacity CPT VA Rating FVNR Starter Standard Size VA Rating

| Starter Size | FVNR <br> Standard <br> VA Rating | Excess <br> Capacity <br> Above Starter <br> Required | VA Rating Required for 100 VA Extra | Inrush Requirement VA | Inrush Capacity of Standard Transformer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 50 | 25 | 150 | 218 | 218 |
| 1 | 50 | 25 | 150 | 218 | 218 |
| 2 | 50 | 24 | 150 | 218 | 218 |
| 3 | 150 | 124 | 250 | 310 | 1130 |
| 4 | 150 | 99 | 250 | 510 | 1130 |
| $5^{1}$ | 50 | 25 | 150 | 27 | 218 |
| 61 | 50 | 25 | 150 | 27 | 218 |

1 Starter supplied with interposing relay(s).
Fuse Selection - Control Power Transformer

| Transformer <br> VA | Secondary Fuse Size |  |  | Primary Fuse Size |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 24 V | 120 V | 240 V | 240 V | $\mathbf{4 8 0 \mathrm { V }}$ | 600 V |
|  | 3.2 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| 150 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1.5 | 1 |
| 250 | 12 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 5 | 2.5 | 2 |

## Handle Auxiliary Switch

A handle auxiliary switch is available on the disconnect operating handle for breakers and fusible switches. The standard switch has Form C contact, which is normally used to disconnect separate source voltage in the unit.


| Standard Options |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Amp meter + CT | Elapse time meter |
| CT | Surge supression |
| Voltage monitor | Under voltage CB |
| Vac. contactor | Shunt Trip |
| Transducer | Ground stab |
| Fuse Puller | Special paint |
| Bypass | Timer |
| ASI® | 4P relay |
| Ground fault | Extra unit space |

TRUCK DUMPER 2 RESERVOIR - HYD POWER UNT HEATER O-BFUN-2TK-HE

## Nameplate

Nameplates for individual units are $1.25^{\prime \prime}$ tall by $3.56^{\prime \prime}$ wide and can have three (standard) or four engraving lines. Unit nameplates are fastened to the unit door with plastic rivets. Stainless screw mounted unit nameplates are available as an option. The standard color for unit nameplates is a black surface with a white text. Other unit nameplate colors, such as a white surface with a black text or dark gray surface with white text or light gray with black text or red with white text or yellow with black text or blue with white text, are available as options.
Standard text size is $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, but $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, and $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ are available as options. When dual units (starters or feeders) are supplied, two separate unit nameplates are supplied on each unit. An optional $2^{\prime \prime}$ tall by $6^{\prime \prime}$ wide or $2^{\prime \prime}$ tall by $8^{\prime \prime}$ wide master nameplate is available. Standard engraving on the master nameplate is three lines $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ tall characters. Optional $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ tall characters and various nameplate color options are available for the master nameplate.

## Unit Nameplate Engraving Character Limit

| Letter Height | Line 1 | Line 2 | Line 3 | Line 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ Std. | 25 | 18 | 25 | - |
| $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | 25 | 18 | 18 | 25 |
| $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 18 | 16 | 18 | NA |
| $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 16 | 16 | NA | NA |
| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13 | NA | NA | NA |

[^12]
## Programmable Logic Controller (PLCs) Units and Human-Machine Interface (HMI) Options

A full line of Siemens PLC's (SIMATIC S7-300, S7-400, etc. ) can be mounted in the tiastar motor control center. Siemens has the flexibility and expertise to provide a wide variety of configurations to meet user specified requirements for programmable logic control applications. HMI can also be installed in the tiastar line.



## Metering Units

Advanced power monitoring devices are available for Siemens MCCs including SENTRON PAC3100, SENTRON PAC3200, and SENTRON PAC4200. Siemens line of power meters provides market leading technology for power quality measurement. These products continually change to meet growing needs for power quality and energy monitoring.

The PAC3100 and PAC3200 are a powerful compact power monitoring device that is suitable for use in industrial, government and commercial applications, where basic metering and energy monitoring is required. The meter may be used as a stand alone device monitoring over 25 (PAC3100) and over 50 (PAC3200) parameters or as part of an industrial control, building automation or global power monitoring system. Metering and monitoring applications range from simple analog volt and amp meter replacements to stand-alone sub-billing or cost allocation installation (PAC3200 offers this with multiple tariffs).

## PAC3100

The PAC3100 has many features not usually found in this price class of meters. A large graphical display supports multiple languages and easy to use menus that can be used to set up the meter. The meter also has built in Modbus RTU communications via a RS485 interface. The meter comes standard with two digital inputs and outputs. One output is suitable for pulse output for export/import real and reactive energy. The other output is controllable from an outside source by way of a Modbus register.

## Metering Units

## PAC3200

The PAC3200 provides open communications using Modbus RTU/ TCP, PROFIBUS-DP, and PROFINET protocols for easy integration into any local or remote monitoring system. Simple configuration of the meter can be done from the front display.

PAC4200
The PAC4200 is a feature packed power monitoring device that is suitable for use in industrial, government and commercial applications where basic to advanced metering, logging, and I/O is required. The meter may be used as a standalone device monitoring over 200 parameters or as part of an industrial control, building automation or global enterprise wide monitoring system. Advanced power quality monitoring and logging applications range from single low voltage breaker / building metering to sub-station main feeder monitoring, sub-billing or cost allocation installations with multiple tariffs. Whether your goal is to reduce operation cost, reduce your carbon footprint or to maintain your power assets, the PAC 4200 meter should be an important part of your power monitoring system.

The PAC4200 provides open communication using the standard built-in Ethernet Modbus TCP and has the capability of communicating through Optional Modbus RTU, PROFIBUS-DP, and PROFINET protocol modules simultaneously. This allows for easy integration into any local or remote monitoring system. The gateway functionality of this device reduces installation cost by replacing other gateway devices and simplifying wiring.

## Panelboards and Transformers Units

A Motor Control Center is principally intended to house multiple combination starters for the control of electrical motors. It is often convenient to include a limited number of power distribution units such as lighting panels and transformer units.

## Lighting Panelboards Applied in MCCs

|  |  | Height in Inches (mm) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Number of | $1 \%, 3 \mathrm{~W}$ | $3 \%, 4 \mathrm{~W}$ | $3 \%, 4 \mathrm{~W}$ |
|  | Nircuits | $240 / 120$ | $208 \mathrm{Y} / 120$ | $277 / 480$ |

Main Lug Only/Main Circuit Breaker

| $125 / 250$ | 18 | $30(762)$ | $30(762)$ | $30(762)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 30 | $36(914)$ | $36(914)$ | $36(914)$ |
|  | 42 | $42(1067)$ | $42(1067)$ | $42(1067)$ |

## Distribution Transformers

| KVA Rating | Phase | Unit Height in Inches (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 12 (305)(1) |
| 1.5 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 7.5 |  | 18 (457) ${ }^{\text {® }}$ |
| 10 |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |
| 25 |  | 24 (610)(23) |
| 30 |  |  |
| 37.5 |  | 36 (914) ${ }^{\text {(23 }}$ |
| 45 |  |  |
| 9 | $3{ }^{3}$ | 18 (457) |
| 15 |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |
| 30 |  |  |
| 37.5 |  | 24 (610) |
| 45 |  |  |



[^13]
## Feeder Circuit Breaker (FCB) Catalog Units

Common tiastar FCB units are available as catalog numbers. Orders can be placed via Industry Mall or COMPAS. Units are $480 \mathrm{~V}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, NEMA 12 . Units include: door, wiring diagram, and unit installation manual.

FCB Catalog Numbering System


Unit Size
1 Standard
2 High Density
Compartment type
2 Plug-in units

## Overload Type

1 None

## Product type

B FCB

## Ratings and Unit Size at 480V

A 65K 125A 6"
B 65K 125A 12"
65K 125A 18"
D 6
65K 125A 24"
65K 125A 36"
65K 125A 48"
65K 250A 18"
65K 250A 24"
65K 250A 36"
65K 250A 48"
65K 250A 60"
L 100K 250A 24"
M 100K 250A 36"
N 100K 250A 48"
P
100K 250A 60"
Circuit Breaker Trip Amps


## FCB Catalog Numbers

| Product Description | Catalog Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| 480V 65K 125A 6" High Density |  |
| 15A | 8PG1122-1BA00 |
| 20A | 8PG1122-1BA01 |
| 25A | 8PG1122-1BA02 |
| 30A | 8PG1122-1BA03 |
| 35A | 8PG1122-1BA04 |
| 40A | 8PG1122-1BA05 |
| 45A | 8PG1122-1BA06 |
| 50A | 8PG1122-1BA07 |
| 60A | 8PG1122-1BA08 |
| 70A | 8PG1122-1BA10 |
| 80A | 8PG1122-1BA11 |
| 90A | 8PG1122-1BA12 |
| 100A | 8PG1122-1BA13 |
| 110A | 8PG1122-1BA14 |
| 125A | 8PG1122-1BA15 |
| 480V 65K 125A 12" |  |
| 15A | 8PG1112-1BB00 |
| 20A | 8PG1112-1BB01 |
| 25A | 8PG1112-1BB02 |
| 30A | 8PG1112-1BB03 |
| 35A | 8PG1112-1BB04 |
| 40A | 8PG1112-1BB05 |
| 45A | 8PG1112-1BB06 |
| 50A | 8PG1112-1BB07 |
| 60A | 8PG1112-1BB08 |
| 70A | 8PG1112-1BB10 |
| 80A | 8PG1112-1BB11 |
| 90A | 8PG1112-1BB12 |
| 100A | 8PG1112-1BB13 |
| 110A | 8PG1112-1BB14 |
| 125A | 8PG1112-1BB15 |
| 480V 65K 125A 18" |  |
| 15A | 8PG1112-1BC00 |
| 20A | 8PG1112-1BC01 |
| 25A | 8PG1112-1BC02 |
| 30A | 8PG1112-1BC03 |
| 35A | 8PG1112-1BC04 |
| 40A | 8PG1112-1BC05 |
| 45A | 8PG1112-1BC06 |
| 50A | 8PG1112-1BC07 |
| 60A | 8PG1112-1BC08 |
| 70A | 8PG1112-1BC10 |
| 80A | 8PG1112-1BC11 |
| 90A | 8PG1112-1BC12 |
| 100A | 8PG1112-1BC13 |
| 110A | 8PG1112-1BC14 |
| 125A | 8PG1112-1BC15 |


| Product Description | Catalog Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| 480V 65K 125A 24" |  |
| 15A | 8PG1112-1BD00 |
| 20A | 8PG1112-1BD01 |
| 25A | 8PG1112-1BD02 |
| 30A | 8PG1112-1BD03 |
| 35A | 8PG1112-1BD04 |
| 40A | 8PG1112-1BD05 |
| 45A | 8PG1112-1BD06 |
| 50A | 8PG1112-1BD07 |
| 60A | 8PG1112-1BD08 |
| 70A | 8PG1112-1BD10 |
| 80A | 8PG1112-1BD11 |
| 90A | 8PG1112-1BD12 |
| 100A | 8PG1112-1BD13 |
| 110A | 8PG1112-1BD14 |
| 125A | 8PG1112-1BD15 |
| 480V 65K 125A 36" |  |
| 15A | 8PG1112-1BE00 |
| 20A | 8PG1112-1BE01 |
| 25A | 8PG1112-1BE02 |
| 30A | 8PG1112-1BE03 |
| 35A | 8PG1112-1BE04 |
| 40A | 8PG1112-1BE05 |
| 45A | 8PG1112-1BE06 |
| 50A | 8PG1112-1BE07 |
| 60A | 8PG1112-1BE08 |
| 70A | 8PG1112-1BE10 |
| 80A | 8PG1112-1BE11 |
| 90A | 8PG1112-1BE12 |
| 100A | 8PG1112-1BE13 |
| 110A | 8PG1112-1BE14 |
| 125A | 8PG1112-1BE15 |
| 480V 65K 125A 48" |  |
| 15A | 8PG1112-1BF00 |
| 20A | 8PG1112-1BF01 |
| 25A | 8PG1112-1BF02 |
| 30A | 8PG1112-1BF03 |
| 35A | 8PG1112-1BF04 |
| 40A | 8PG1112-1BF05 |
| 45A | 8PG1112-1BF06 |
| 50A | 8PG1112-1BF07 |
| 60A | 8PG1112-1BF08 |
| 70A | 8PG1112-1BF10 |
| 80A | 8PG1112-1BF11 |
| 90A | 8PG1112-1BF12 |
| 100A | 8PG1112-1BF13 |
| 110A | 8PG1112-1BF14 |
| 125A | 8PG1112-1BF15 |

## FCB Catalog Numbers

| 480V 65K 250A 18" |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BG16 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BG17 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BG18 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BG20 |
| 250A | 8PG1112-1BG21 |
| 480V 65K 250A 24" |  |
| 150A | 8PG1112-18H16 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BH17 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BH18 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BH20 |
| 250A | 8PG1112-1BH21 |
| 480V 65K 250A 36" |  |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BI16 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BI17 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BI18 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BI20 |
| 250A | 8PG1112-1BI21 |
| 480V 65K 250A 48" |  |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BJ16 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BJ17 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BJ18 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BJ20 |
| 250A | 8PG1112-1BJ21 |
| 480V 65K 250A 60" |  |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BK16 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BK17 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BK18 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BK20 |
| 250A | 8PG1112-1BK21 |


| 480V 100K 250A 24" |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BL16 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BL17 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BL18 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BL20 |
| 250A | 8PG1112-1BL21 |
| 480V 100K 250A 36" |  |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BM16 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BM17 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BM18 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BM20 |
| 250A |  |
| 480V 100K 250A 48" | 8PG1112-1BN16 |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BN17 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BN18 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BN20 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BN21 |
| 250A |  |
| 480V 100K 250A 60" | 8PG1112-1BP16 |
| 150A | 8PG1112-1BP17 |
| 175A | 8PG1112-1BP18 |
| 200A | 8PG1112-1BP20 |
| 225A | 8PG1112-1BP21 |
| 250A |  |

## Full Voltage Non-Reversing (FNVR) Catalog Units

Common tiastar FNVR units are available as catalog numbers. Orders can be placed via Industry Mall or COMPAS. Units are 480V, 60Hz, NEMA 12, Type 1 B-d Wiring, 100kAIC. Units include: 1 N.O./1 N.C. auxiliary contacts, pilot device housing for up to four 22 mm devices, door, wiring diagram, and unit installation manual.

FVNR Catalog Numbering System

Class


8 P G 1 tiastar MCC
Unit Size
1 Standard
2
High Density
Compartment type
2 Plug-in units
Overload type
1 ESP200
2 SIMOCODE Pro C ${ }^{12}$
3 SIMOCODE Pro V ${ }^{12}$

## Product type

A FVNR

Horsepower

| A | 0 | 0 | $1 / 4$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 0 | 1 | $1 / 3$ |
| A | 0 | 2 | $1 / 2$ |
| A | 0 | 3 | $3 / 4-1$ |
| A | 0 | 4 | 1.5 |
| A | 0 | 5 | $2-3$ |
| A | 0 | 6 | 4 |
| A | 0 | 7 | 5 |
| A | 0 | 8 | $7.5-10$ |
| A | 1 | 0 | $15-20$ |
| A | 1 | 1 | 25 |
| A | 1 | 2 | 30 |
| A | 1 | 3 | $40-50$ |
| A | 1 | 4 | $60-75$ |
| A | 1 | 5 | 100 |



[^14]
## FVNR Catalog Numbers

| Product Description | Catalog Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| High Density ESP 200 Overload Units |  |
| 6", 1/4 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 1A ETI CB, ESP $2000.25-1$ A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA00 |
| 6", 1/3 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 2A ETI CB, ESP $2000.25-1$ A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA01 |
| 6", 1/2 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 3A ETI CB, ESP 200 0.75-3.4A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA02 |
| 6", 3/4-1 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 5A ETI CB, ESP $2000.75-3.4 \mathrm{~A}$, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA03 |
| $6 ", 1.5$ HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, ESP $2000.75-3.4 \mathrm{~A}$, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA04 |
| 6", 2 - 3 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, ESP 200 3-12A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA05 |
| 6", 4 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 25A ETI CB, ESP 200 3-12A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA06 |
| 6", 5 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 30A ETI CB, ESP 200 3-12A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA07 |
| 6", 7.5-10 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 1, 40A ETI CB, ESP 200 5.5-22A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA08 |
| 6", 15 - 20 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 2, 50A ETI CB, ESP 200 10-40A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA10 |
| 6", 25 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 2, 100A ETI CB, ESP 200 10-40A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA11 |
| 12", 30 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 3, 100A ETI CB, ESP 200 25-100A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA12 |
| 12", 40 - 50 HP HD-FVNR SIZE 3, 125A ETI CB, ESP 200 25-100A, CPT | 8PG1122-1AA13 |
| ESP200 Overload Units |  |
| 12", 1/4 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 1A ETI CB, ESP $2000.25-1$ A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA00 |
| 12", 1/3 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 2A ETI CB, ESP $2000.25-1$ A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA01 |
| 12", 1/2 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 3A ETI CB, ESP 200 0.75-3.4A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA02 |
| 12", 3/4-1 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 5A ETI CB, ESP 200 0.75-3.4A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA03 |
| 12", 1.5 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, ESP $2000.75-3.4 \mathrm{~A}$, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA04 |
| 12", 2 - 3 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, ESP 200 3-12A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA05 |
| 12", 4 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 25A ETI CB, ESP 200 3-12A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA06 |
| 12", 5 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 30A ETI CB, ESP 200 3-12A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA07 |
| 12", 7.5-10 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 40A ETI CB, ESP 200 5.5-22A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA08 |
| 12", 15 - 20 HP FVNR SIZE 2, 50A ETI CB, ESP 200 13-52A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA10 |
| 12", 25 HP FVNR SIZE 2, 100A ETI CB, ESP 200 13-52A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA11 |
| 18", 30 HP FVNR SIZE 3, 100A ETI CB, ESP 200 25-100A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA12 |
| 18", 40 - 50 HP FVNR SIZE 3, 125A ETI CB, ESP 200 25-100A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA13 |
| 24", 60-75 HP FVNR SIZE 4, 150A ETI CB, ESP 200 50-200A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA14 |
| 24 ", 100 HP FVNR SIZE 4, 250A ETI CB, ESP 200 50-200A, CPT | 8PG1112-1AA15 |

## FVNR Catalog Numbers

## Product Description

Catalog Number

## SIMOCODE PRO C ${ }^{12}$

12", $1 / 4$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 1A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT
8PG1112-2AA00
$12^{\prime \prime}, 1 / 3$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 2A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT 8PG1112-2AA01
12", $1 / 2$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 3A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT
12", 3/4-1 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 5A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT
12", 1.5 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 2 - 3 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 4 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 25A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
$12^{\prime \prime}, 5$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 30A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 7.5 - 10 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 40A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 15 - 20 HP FVNR SIZE 2, 50A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 10-100 AMPS, CPT
12", 25 HP FVNR SIZE 2, 100A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 10-100 AMPS, CPT
18", 30 HP FVNR SIZE 3, 100A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 10-100 AMPS, CPT
18", 40 - 50 HP FVNR SIZE 3, 125A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 10-100 AMPS, CPT
24", 60-75 HP FVNR SIZE 4, 150A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 20-200 AMPS, CPT
24", 100 HP FVNR SIZE 4, 250A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO C 20-200 AMPS, CPT

## SIMOCODE PRO V ${ }^{12}$

12", $1 / 4$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 1 A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT
12", $1 / 3$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 2 A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT
12", $1 / 2$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 3A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT
12", 3/4-1 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 5A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 0.3-3 AMPS, CPT
12", 1.5 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 2 - 3 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 10A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 4 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 25A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
$12^{\prime \prime}, 5$ HP FVNR SIZE 1, 30A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 7.5 - 10 HP FVNR SIZE 1, 40A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 2.4-25 AMPS, CPT
12", 15 - 20 HP FVNR SIZE 2, 50A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 10-100 AMPS, CPT
12", 25 HP FVNR SIZE 2, 100A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 10-100 AMPS, CPT
18", 30 HP FVNR SIZE 3, 100A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 10-100 AMPS, CPT
18", 40 - 50 HP FVNR SIZE 3, 125A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 10-100 AMPS, CPT
24", 60-75 HP FVNR SIZE 4, 150A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 20-200 AMPS, CPT
24", 100 HP FVNR SIZE 4, 250A ETI CB, SIMOCODE PRO V 20-200 AMPS, CPT

8PG1112-3AA00
8PG1112-3AA01
8PG1112-3AA02
8PG1112-3AA03
8PG1112-3AA04
8PG1112-3AA05
8PG1112-3AA06
8PG1112-3AA07
8PG1112-3AA08
8PG1112-3AA10
8PG1112-3AA11
8PG1112-3AA12
8PG1112-3AA13
8PG1112-3AA14
8PG1112-3AA15

[^15]
## Common Modification Kits

Common modification kits includes pilot device(s), 16 gauge MTW wiring, wire tie, anchor, legend plate, wiring diagram, and installation guide.

Product Name

| Push Button | Product MLFB |
| :--- | :--- |
| 22MM Start - Stop Pushbutton Kit | 8PG1182-1KA00 |
| 22MM Emergency Stop Pushbutton Kit ${ }^{1}$ | 8PG1182-1KA01 |
| 30MM Start - Stop Pushbutton Kit | 8PG1182-1KA02 |
| 30MM Emergency Stop Pushbutton Kit ${ }^{1}$ | 8PG1182-1KA03 |
| Selector Switch | Product MLFB |
| 22MM Hand - Off - Auto Selector Switch Kit | 8PG1182-1KB00 |
| 22MM Start - Stop Selector Switch Kit | 8PG1182-1KB01 |
| 22MM Off - On Selector Switch Kit | 8PG1182-1KB02 |
| 30MM Hand - Off - Auto Selector Switch Kit | 8PG1182-1KB03 |
| 30MM Start - Stop Selector Switch Kit | 8PG1182-1KB04 |
| 30MM Off - On Selector Switch Kit | 8PG1182-1KB05 |


| Pilot Lights | Product MLFB |
| :---: | :---: |
| 22MM Off Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC00 |
| 22MM On - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC01 |
| 22MM Running - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC02 |
| 22MM Running Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC03 |
| 22MM Led Running Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC04 |
| 22MM Led On - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC05 |
| 22MM Push-To-Test On Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC06 |
| 22MM Push-To-Test On - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC07 |
| 22MM Led Push-To-Test On Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC08 |
| 22MM Led Push-To-Test On - Off Pilot Lights 120 V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC10 |
| 30MM Off Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC11 |
| 30MM On - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC12 |
| 30MM Running - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC13 |
| 30MM Running Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC14 |
| 30MM Led Running Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC15 |
| 30MM Led On - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC16 |
| 30MM Push-To-Test On Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC17 |
| 30MM Push-To-Test On - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC18 |
| 30MM Led Push-To-Test On Pilot Light 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC20 |
| 30MM Led Push-To-Test On - Off Pilot Lights 120V Kit | 8PG1182-1KC21 |

[^16]Pushbutton Kit


## Selector Switch Kit



## Pilot Light Kit



NOTE: Standard 30MM Nema 1 Pilot Device Housing Kit (8PG1192-1DF06) and 30MM Nema 12 Pilot Device Housing Kit (8PG1192-1DF07) are available.

## Other Modification Kits



## Section Parts

## Splice Kits

Bus splice plate(s), mounting hardware, and installation guide are included in the Splice Kit.

| $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Horizontal Bus <br> Silver Plated Kit Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 600A | Ordering Number |
| 800A | 8PG1191-2KA00 |
| 1200A | 8PG1191-2KA01 |
| 1600A | 8PG1191-2KA03 |
| 2000A | 8PG1191-2KA04 |
| 2500 A | 8PG1191-2KA05 |
| $50^{\circ}$ C Horizontal Bus |  |
| Tin Plated Kit Type | Ordering Number |
| 600 A | 8PG1191-2KB00 |
| 800A | 8PG1191-2KB01 |
| 1200 A | 8PG1191-2KB02 |
| 1600 A | 8PG1191-2KB03 |
| 2000A | 8PG1191-2KB04 |
| 2500 A | 8PG1191-2KB05 |
| Neutral Bus Kit Type | Ordering Number |
| 600 A, Silver Plated | 8PG1191-2KC00 |
| 800A, Silver Plated | 8PG1191-2KC01 |
| 600 A, Tin Plated | 8PG1191-2KC02 |
| 800A, Tin Plated | 8PG1191-2KC03 |


\section*{| Ground Bus Kit Type |
| :--- |
| 300A, Top Mounted, Bare Copper |
| 600A, Top Mounted, Bare Copper |
| 300A, Bottom Mounted, Bare Copper |
| 600A, Bottom Mounted, Bare Copper |
| 300A, Top Mounted, Tin Plated |
| 600A, Top Mounted, Tin Plated |
| 300A, Bottom Mounted, Tin Plated |
| 600A, Bottom Mounted, Tin Plated |}


| $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Horizontal Bus <br> Silver Plated Kit Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 600 A | 8 |
| 800 A | 8 |
| 1200 A | 8 |
| $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Horizontal Bus |  |
| Tin Plated Kit Type |  |

To order other parts for MCC modifications, refer to the "tiastar and legacy Motor Control Center Aftermarket Renewal Parts Catalog" which is literature order number MCCS-AFTMKT-0613. Find information on ordering Splice kits, Drip Shield kits, Door Kits, Terminal Blocks, etc.

## Unit Parts

Door Assembly Kits and Door
Parts-Model 95+ and
System 89/tiastar
Door, hinges, and mounting hardware included in the Model 95+ and System 89/tiastar Door Assembly Kit.

| Vertical Wireway Door Kit Type | Ordering Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $12^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD00 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $18^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD01 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $24^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD02 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $30^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD03 |
| 4 " Wide By $36^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD04 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $42^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD05 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $48^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD06 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $54^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD07 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $60^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD08 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $66^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD10 |
| $4^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $72^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD11 |
| $8^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $12^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD12 |
| $8^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $18^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD13 |
| $8^{\prime \prime}$ Wide By $24^{\prime \prime}$ Tall | 8PG1192-1DD14 |

## Blank Door Kit



## Dimensions and Drawings

## Structures

The standards structure is 90 in . (2286 mm) high, plus a 1.125 in . ( 29 mm ) high channel sill. Front-only (FO) structures can be either 15 in . ( 381 mm ) or 20 in . ( 508 mm ) deep. Siemens provides a 21 in . ( 533 mm ) true back-to-back (BTB) design, consisting of a common horizontal and vertical bus structure, for applications where available footprint is limited. Moreover, we provide other back-to-back (BTB) mounted double deep structures which are 30.5 in . ( 775 mm ) or 40.5 in . ( 1029 mm ) deep, and consist of two horizontal and vertical buses. This allows for correct bus phasing on the front or rear. The standards structure is 90 in . ( 2286 mm ) high, plus a $1.125 \mathrm{in} .(29 \mathrm{~mm})$ high channel sill. Front-only (FO) structures can be either 15 in . ( 381 mm ) or 20 in . ( 508 mm ) deep.

| Structure |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Height | NEMA 1, 2, or 12 <br> 91.125 in . $(2315 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEMA 3R } \\ & 100 \text { in }(2540 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Front Mounted Only Structure (FO) |  |
| Width | 20 in . 508 mm ). 24 in . (610 mm) 30 in. (762 mm) |
| Depth | 15 in. (381 mm) <br> 20 in . $(508 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) |
| Back-to-Back Structure |  |
| Width | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{in} .(508 \mathrm{~mm}) \\ & 30 \mathrm{in} .(762 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Depth | $21 \mathrm{in} .(533 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| Double Deep Structure |  |
| Width | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{in} .(508 \mathrm{~mm}) \\ & 30 \mathrm{in} .(762 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Depth | $\begin{aligned} & 30.5 \mathrm{in} .(775 \mathrm{~mm}) \\ & 40.5 \mathrm{in} .(1029 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |


| Vertical Wireway |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Height | 72 in . (1829 mm) |
| Width | $4 \mathrm{in} .(102 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| Depth | 9" (229mm) |
| Cross Section | 36 sq. in. (914 sq. mm) |
| Top Horizontal Wireway |  |
| Height | 12 in . (305 mm) |
| Depth | $7 \mathrm{in} .(178 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| Bottom Horizontal Wireway |  |
| Height | 6 in . (305 mm) |
| Depth | 15 in. (381 mm) 20 in . $(508 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) 30 in . (762 mm) |
| Pull Box (Top Hat) |  |
| Height | 12 in. (305 mm) 18 in. ( 457 mm ) 24 in. (610 mm) |
| Width | 20 in. ( 508 mm ) <br> 30 in . $(762 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) |
| Depth | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{in} .(381 \mathrm{~mm}) \\ & 20 \mathrm{in} .(508 \mathrm{~mm}) \end{aligned}$ |

## Bus Drawings

Available Locations Of Ground And Full Length Neutral

| Section | Neutral | Ground |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Typical | CD | ABCD |
| With Veritcal Ground Bus | C | AC |
| Main Lug Only | CD | BCD |
| Main Disconnect | CD | BCD |
| Service Entrance | C | ABCD |
| Note |  |  |

a Location $B$ and $D$ is available on $21^{\prime \prime}$ back-to-back structures only.
$s$ When continuous (full length) neutral bus is specified, it must be located in the bottom of the structure. Full length neutral bus requires that the ground be located in the top of the structure. The standard location is $C$.


Figure 1. Side View


Figure 2. Mounting Dimensions

## Bus Mounting Dimensions



Figure 3: Stab-On Connection

## Bus Drawing



Mounting of Single and Double Bus Bars


Figure 5: Single and Double Bus Bars

Vertical Bus Dimensions and Availability

| Vertical Bus |  |  | Available Structures |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Amp Rating | Size | 15 | 20 | 20 Back-to-Back | 24 |  |
| 300 | $3 / 8 \times 3 / 4$ | X | X | - | X |  |
| 600 | $3 / 8 \times 11 / 2$ | X | X | X | X |  |
| 800 | $3 / 8 \times 11 / 2$ | X | X | X | X |  |

## Bus Bar Phase



Figure 6: Front View

## Horizontal Bus Link

For joining two sections in the field.


Figure 7: Front View


Figure 8: Front View

## Wireway Dimensions



Figure 9: Front and Right Side Views


Figure 10: Back and Rigth Side Views

## Blank Section



Figure 11
Note: For $30,40,50,60$ inch wide and $10,20,30,40$ inches to all width dimensions.

## Plug in Unit Dimensions



Figure 12

Fixed Mounting Panel Dimensions


| Unit Space | $\begin{aligned} & 20^{\prime \prime} \\ & \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { W } \\ \text { B } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30^{\prime \prime} \\ & \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { W } \\ \text { B } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40^{\prime \prime} \\ & \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { W } \\ \text { B } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50^{\prime \prime} \\ & \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { W } \\ \text { B } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60^{\prime \prime} \\ & \mathrm{A} \end{aligned}$ | W B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 9 | 17 \%/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 15 | 17 7/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 21 | 17 \%/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | 27 | 17 7/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | 33 | 17 \% | 33 | 271/2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | 39 | 17 \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | 45 | 17 7/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 54 | 51 | 17 7/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | 57 | 17 7/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 66 | 63 | 17 \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 72 | 69 | 17 \% 8 | 70 | $271 / 2$ | 70 | $371 / 2$ | 70 | $471 / 2$ | 70 | $57^{1 / 2}$ |

## Conduit Entry and Transformer Mounting



Figure 14: Top Conduit Entry-15:, 20:, and Back-to-Back


Conduit should not extend more than 2 1/2 inches above th floor surface.

All dimensions are for reference and are subject to change. Not for use for construction.

Figure 15: Bottom Conduit Entry-15:, 20:, and Back-to-Back

[^17]
## Conduit Entry and Transformer Mounting

Wireway Auto Transformer Mounting and Bottom Conduit Entry Restrictions

Size 2-4 Reduced Voltage Auto Transformers


Figure 16: Size 2-4 Reduced Voltage Auto Transformers

Size 5-6
Reduced Voltage Auto Transformers


Figure 17: Size 5-6 Reduced Voltage Auto Transformers

## Conduit Entry and Transformer Mounting

Lighting Transformer Mounting and Conduit Entry Restrictions


Figure 18: 1-5 KVA Single Phase


7 1/2 KVA Single Phase

Figure 19: 7 1/2 KVA Single Phase

Conduit entry is not recommended below 20-45 KVA single phase and all 3 phase lighting transformers.

Conduit Entry and Transformer Mounting
NEMA 3R Structure Dimensions


Figure 20: NEMA 3R Structure

| A | D | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 40 | 36 | $(2) 20^{\prime \prime}$ Sections |
| 50 | 46 | $(1) 20^{\prime \prime} \&(1) 30^{\prime \prime}$ Section |
| 60 | 56 | $(3) 20^{\prime \prime}$ or (2) $30^{\prime \prime}$ Sections |
| 80 | $(2) 36$ | $(4) 20^{\prime \prime}$ Sections |

## Note:

1. All dimensions given in inches.
2. Shaded areas indicate conduit entries.
3. Bottom mounted transformers will reduce conduit entry space
4. Vertical bus is $105 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ from bottom of base.
5. Bottom ground bus is $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ from bottom of base.
6. Drawings not for construction. For construction, obtain certified drawings from the factory
7. Not available for back-to-back structures.

## Conduit Entry and Transformer Mounting

Duplex Structure Floor Plan and Clearance Dimensions

|  |  |  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | J |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Left- <br> Handed "Structure" Width | Right- <br> Handed "Structure" Width | Vertical <br> Support <br> (Mounting <br> Angle <br> Location) | Panel Orientation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - | - | Standard | Standard | 15 | 6.35 | 8.34 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | Standard | Standard | 20 | 6.35 | 8.34 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | Standard | Inverted | 15 | 8.85 | 10.93 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | Standard | Inverted | 20 | 8.25 | 10.93 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | Recessed | Standard | 15 | 9.25 | 11.20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | Recessed | Standard | 20 | 14.25 | 16.20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | Recessed | Inverted | 15 | 11.77 | 13.70 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | Recessed | Inverted | 20 | 16.75 | 18.70 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 18 | 18 | 38.88 | 40 | 17 | 17 |
| 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 18 | 18 | 48.88 | 50 | 17 | 27 |
| 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 28 | 28 | 58.88 | 60 | 17 | 27 |



Figure 21: Duplex Structure Floor Plan

## Motor Circuit Protector (MCP) Selection

Recommended MCP Type Selection: 30/60Hz Squirrel Cage Motors
MCP Selection


FLA per NEC 2014 table 430.250. MCP size meets NEC requirements per article 430.110 115\% FLA min. continuous amps.

MCP trip ranges are selected to meet maximum settings per NEC table 430.52 and exception C, Art.
430.52. MSCP's are factory set at minimum and can be set to a maximum of $1700 \%$ of motor FLA per NEC 430.52 for energy efficient motors.

Above ratings will not exceed maximum size allowed to protect heater coil for energy efficient motor FLAs. Maximum ratings shown on heater coil selection charts are not to be exceeded. Do not use this chart for part winding starters. Use thermal magnetic breaker or fuse for short circuit protection.

## Instantaneous Trip (Motor Circuit Protectors)

Siemens Sentron ETI Motor Circuit Protector Instantaneous Trip Breakers:
Recommended Settings
Max Settings

| HP | 230V |  | 460V |  | 575V |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | Set | A | Set | A | Set |
| $1 / 4$ | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| $1 / 3$ | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 1/2 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 3/4 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| 1 | 10 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| $11 / 2$ | 25 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| 2 | 25 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
| 3 | 30 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 2 |
| 5 | 40 | 2 | 30 | 1 | 25 | 1 |
| $71 / 2$ | 50 | 1 | 40 | 1 | 30 | 1 |
| 10 | 50 | 2 | 40 | 2 | 30 | 2 |
| 15 | 100 | 2 | 50 | 1 | 50 | 1 |
| 20 | 125 | 1 | 50 | 2 | 50 | 1 |
| 25 | 125 | 2 | 100 | 1 | 50 | 2 |
| 30 | 150 | 3 | 100 | 1 | 100 | 1 |
| 40 | 250 | 2 | 125 | 1 | 100 | 2 |
| 50 | 250 | 3 | 125 | 2 | 125 | 1 |
| 60 | 250 | 5 | 150 | 3 | 125 | 2 |
| 75 | 400 | 2 | 150 | 5 | 150 | 3 |
| 100 | 400 | 5 | 250 | 3 | 150 | 5 |
| 125 | 600 | 3 | 250 | 3 | 250 | 3 |
| 150 | 600 | 4 | 250 | 7 | 250 | 4 |
| 200 | 800 | 4 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 2 |
| 250 | - | - | 600 | 3 | 400 | 4 |
| 300 | - | - | 600 | 4 | 600 | 2 |
| 350 | - | - | 800 | 2 | 600 | 4 |
| 400 | - | - | 800 | 4 | 800 | 2 |

A = Breaker Ampere Rating
For maximum protection the trip position should be set as low as possible. Turn the adjustment screw counterclockwise to successively lower positions until the breaker trips on motor starting. After this position is determined, turn the adjustment screw clockwise to the next higher setting for normal operation. The adjustment screw is infinitely adjustable for customer convenience. If the breaker does not trip at the lowest setting leave the indicator at this setting. The instantaneous breaker is factory set at the LOW position.

|  | Fire, electric shock, or explosion hazard. <br> Can cause death, serious injury or <br> property damage. <br> To provide continued protection against risk of <br> fire or electric shock, examine and if damaged <br> replace current-carrying parts and other <br> components of combination controller. Tripping <br> (opening) of branch-circuit protection device <br> may be an indication that fault current has been <br> interrupted. If overload relay current elements <br> burn out, replace complete overload relay. To <br> maintain overcurrent, short circuit an ground <br> fault protection, follow manufacturer's <br> instructions for selecting current elements and <br> setting instantaneous trip circuit breaker. |
| :--- | :--- |


|  | Trip Setting Positions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LOW | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | HI |
| 1 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 6 | 7.5 | - | - | - | 9 |
| 2 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 19 | - | - | - | 22 |
| 3 | 10 | 17 | 23 | 30 | - | - | - | 35 |
| 5 | 16 | 26 | 36 | 46 | - | - | - | 54 |
| 10 | 30 | 50 | 70 | 85 | - | - | - | 100 |
| 25 | 55 | 90 | 125 | 155 | - | - | - | 180 |
| 30 | 80 | 135 | 185 | 235 | - | - | - | 270 |
| 40 | 115 | 185 | 255 | 325 | - | - | - | 375 |
| 50 | 180 | 300 | 410 | 520 | - | - | - | 600 |
| 100 | 315 | 540 | 740 | 890 | - | - | - | 1000 |
| 125 | 500 | 720 | 920 | 1000 | - | - | - | 1250 |
| 150 | 800 | 900 | 1000 | 1100 | 1200 | 1300 | 1400 | 1500 |
| 250 | 1100 | 1300 | 1500 | 1700 | 1900 | 2100 | 2300 | 2500 |
| 400 | 2000 | 2290 | 2570 | 2860 | 3140 | 3430 | 3710 | 4000 |
| 600 | 3000 | 3430 | 3800 | 4290 | 4710 | 5140 | 5570 | 6000 |
| 800 | 4000 | 4570 | 5740 | 5810 | 7240 | 6850 | 7240 | 8000 |

## Thermal Magnetic Breaker Selection

 3 Phase 60Hz Squirrel Cage Motors| Unit Space | 200V 60Hz |  |  | 208V 60Hz |  |  | 230 V 60 Hz |  |  | 380 V 50 Hz |  |  | 415 V 50 Hz |  |  | 460 V 60 Hz |  |  | 575 V 60 Hz |  |  | Unit Space |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 오 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \pm \\ & \pm \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 은 } \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \pm \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\leq$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{i} \\ & \otimes \end{aligned}$ |  | $\leq$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 은 } \\ & \mathbb{O} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm$ | 录 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{ \pm} \\ & \stackrel{N}{ \pm} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\leq$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\otimes}{=} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & N \\ & N \\ & N \\ & N \\ & N \\ & N \end{aligned}$ | $\pm$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \stackrel{N}{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\leq$ | - | 오 |
| 1/2 | 0 | 2.5 | 15 | 0 | 2.4 | 15 | 0 | 2.2 | 15 | 0 | 1.3 | 15 | 0 | 0.81 | 15 | 0 | 1.1 | 15 | 0 | 0.9 | 15 | $1 / 2$ |
| 3/4 |  | 3.7 | 15 |  | 3.5 | 15 |  | 3.2 | 15 |  | 1.8 | 15 |  | 1.21 | 15 |  | 1.6 | 15 |  | 1.3 | 15 | 3/4 |
| 1 |  | 4.8 | 15 |  | 4.6 | 15 |  | 4.2 | 15 |  | 2.3 | 15 |  | 2 | 15 |  | 2.1 | 15 |  | 1.7 | 15 | 1 |
| 11/2 |  | 6.9 | 15 |  | 6.6 | 15 |  | 6 | 15 |  | 3.3 | 15 |  | 2.5 | 15 |  | 3 | 15 |  | 2.4 | 15 | 11/2 |
| 2 |  | 7.8 | 15 |  | 7.5 | 15 |  | 6.8 | 15 |  | 4.3 | 15 |  | 3.5 | 15 |  | 3.4 | 15 |  | 2.7 | 15 | 2 |
| 3 |  | 11.0 | 20 |  | 10.6 | 20 |  | 9.6 | 20 |  | 6.1 | 15 |  | 5 | 15 |  | 4.8 | 15 |  | 3.9 | 15 | 3 |
| 5 | 1 | 17.5 | 30 | 1 | 16.7 | 30 | 1 | 15.2 | 25 |  | 9.7 | 20 |  | 7.5 | 15 |  | 7.6 | 15 |  | 6.1 | 15 | 5 |
| $71 / 2$ |  | 25.3 | 45 |  | 24.2 | 40 |  | 22 | 40 | 1 | 14 | 25 | 1 | 11.0 | 20 | 1 | 11.0 | 20 | 1 | 9.0 | 15 | $71 / 2$ |
| 10 | 2 | 32.2 | 60 | 2 | 30.8 | 50 |  | 28 | 45 |  | 18 | 30 |  | 14 | 25 |  | 14 | 25 |  | 11.0 | 20 | 10 |
| 15 | 3 | 48.3 | 80 | 3 | 46.2 | 80 |  | 42 | 70 | 2 | 27 | 45 | 2 | 21 | 35 | 2 | 21 | 35 | 2 | 17 | 30 | 15 |
| 20 |  | 62.1 | 100 |  | 59.4 | 100 | 3 | 54 | 90 |  | 34 | 60 |  | 28 | 50 |  | 27 | 45 |  | 22 | 40 | 20 |
| 25 |  | 78.2 | 150 |  | 74.8 | 125 |  | 68 | 110 |  | 44 | 80 |  | 35 | 60 |  | 34 | 60 |  | 27 | 50 | 25 |
| 30 | 4 | 92 | 150 | 4 | 88 | 150 |  | 80 | 150 | 3 | 51 | 90 | 3 | 40 | 70 | 3 | 40 | 70 | 3 | 32 | 60 | 30 |
| 40 |  | 120 | 200 |  | 114 | 200 |  | 104 | 175 |  | 66 | 110 |  | 55 | 90 |  | 52 | 90 |  | 41 | 70 | 40 |
| 50 | 5 | 150 | 250 | 5 | 143 | 250 |  | 130 | 225 |  | 83 | 150 |  | 64 | 110 |  | 65 | 110 |  | 52 | 90 | 50 |
| 60 |  | 177 | 300 |  | 169 | 300 | 5 | 154 | 250 | 4 | 103 | 175 | 4 | 80 | 150 | 4 | 77 | 125 | 4 | 62 | 100 | 60 |
| 75 |  | 221 | 400 |  | 211 | 350 |  | 192 | 350 |  | 128 | 225 |  | 100 | 175 |  | 96 | 175 |  | 77 | 125 | 75 |
| 100 | 6 | 285 | 500 | 6 | 273 | 450 |  | 248 | 400 | 5 | 165 | 300 | 5 | 135 | 225 |  | 124 | 200 |  | 99 | 175 | 100 |
| 125 |  | 359 | 600 |  | 343 | 600 | 6 | 312 | 500 |  | 208 | 350 |  | 165 | 300 | 5 | 156 | 250 | 5 | 125 | 200 | 125 |
| 150 |  | 414 | 700 |  | 396 | 700 |  | 360 | 600 |  | 240 | 400 |  | 200 | 350 |  | 180 | 300 |  | 144 | 250 | 150 |
| 200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 480 | 800 | 6 | 320 | 600 | 6 | 260 | 450 |  | 240 | 400 |  | 192 | 350 | 200 |
| 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 403 | 700 |  | 325 | 600 | 6 | 302 | 500 | 6 | 242 | 400 | 250 |
| 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 385 | 700 |  | 361 | 600 |  | 289 | 500 | 300 |
| 350 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 414 | 700 |  | 336 | 600 | 350 |
| 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 477 | 800 |  | 382 | 700 | 400 |

Circuit breaker trip ratings are selected in accordance with NEC 2014 article 430.52 and table 430.52
assuming motors with locked rotor KVA Code B thru E. Lower trip ratings may be required for motors with Code A. FLA per NEC 2014 table 430.250. Do not use to size heater coils.
Use motor NP data.
Maximum ratings shown on Heater Coil selection charts are not to be exceeded. Special applications on motor may require different rating, refer to proper section of NEC to size.
Do not use this chart for part winding starters - Maximum breaker size to be limited to 200\% FLA or less, 150\% for FLA greater than 100A.

Fuse Selection

| UL Standard Fuse Classifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | K1 | K5 | K9 | RK1 | RK5 | J | L |
| Amp Rating Range | 0-600 | 0-600 | 0-600 | 0-600 | 0-600 | 0-600 | 601-6000 |
| Interrupting <br> Rating RMS <br> Amps | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| Voltage | 250 or 600 | 250 or 600 | 250 or 600 | 250 or 600 | 250 or 600 | 600 | 600 |
| Current <br> Limiting <br> Characteristics | High | Moderate | Fair | High | Moderate | High | High |
| Dual Element Time Delay | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes ${ }^{3}$ |
| Generic Names | Current <br> Limiting ${ }^{1}$ | Current <br> Limiting Time Delay ${ }^{1}$ | Current <br> Limiting Time Delay ${ }^{1}$ | Current <br> Limiting | Current <br> Limiting <br> Time Delay | Current <br> Limiting | Current <br> Limiting |
| Rejection Type Manufacturer Designations | No <br> Bussman KTN <br> Bussman KTS | No <br> Bussman FRN <br> Bussman FRS | NO | Yes <br> Bussman LPN-RK <br> Bussman KTS-R <br> Mersen A2D <br> Mersen A6D | Yes <br> Bussman LPN-RK <br> Bussman KTS-R <br> Mersen A2D <br> Mersen A6D | Inherent <br> Bussman JKS <br> Mersen A4J | Inherent <br> Bussman KTU <br> Mersen A4Bt |

1 UL does not permit fuses to be marked "current limiting" due to lack of rejection feature.
2 Class J smaller the NEC Code specifications; Class L requires bolt-on fuse blocks. Inherent rejection feature of unique fuse dimensions allows UL marking of "current limiting" features.

3 Class "L" fuses may be marked "Time Delay" although UL does not investigate Time Delay characteristics of such fuses.

## Fuse Selection 3 Phase 60Hz Squirrel Cage Motors

Fuse sizes are selected in accordance with NEC 2014 article 430.52 \& 57 and table 430.52.


Fuse sizes are selected in accordance with NEC 2014 article 430.52 \& 57 and table 430.52.

| 415 V 50 Hz |  |  |  | 460 V 60Hz |  |  |  | 575 V 60 Hz |  |  |  | 오 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{ \pm}{ \pm}$ $\stackrel{ \pm}{\pi}$ $\stackrel{N}{\sim}$ | $\underset{\square}{\leftrightarrows}$ | $\stackrel{\otimes}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \stackrel{\lambda}{0} \\ \vdots & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$ |  | $\underset{\square}{\square}$ | $\stackrel{\otimes}{\stackrel{\pi}{0}}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \stackrel{\lambda}{0} \\ \vdots & \frac{\pi}{0} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\underset{\square}{\leftrightarrows}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\oplus} \stackrel{\lambda}{\sigma}$ | $\frac{\stackrel{\lambda}{0}}{0}$ |  |
| 0 | 0.81 | 1.25 | 1.8 | 0 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 2.25 | 0 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1/2 |
|  | 1.21 | 2 | 2.8 |  | 1.6 | 2.5 | 3.2 |  | 1.3 | 2 | 2.8 | 3/4 |
|  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 2.1 | 3.2 | 4.5 |  | 1.7 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 1 |
|  | 2.5 | 4 | 5.6 |  | 3 | 4.5 | 6 |  | 2.4 | 4 | 5 | 11/2 |
|  | 3.5 | 5 | 7 |  | 3.4 | 5 | 7 |  | 2.7 | 4 | 5.6 | 2 |
|  | 5 | 8 | 12 |  | 4.8 | 8 | 10 |  | 3.9 | 6 | 8 | 3 |
|  | 7.5 | 12 | 15 |  | 7.6 | 12 | 15 |  | 6.1 | 9 | 12 | 5 |
| 1 | 11.0 | 17.5 | 25 | 1 | 11.0 | 17.5 | 25 | 1 | 9.0 | 15 | 20 | 7112 |
|  | 14 | 25 | 30 |  | 14 | 20 | 30 |  | 11.0 | 17.5 | 25 | 10 |
| 2 | 21 | 35 | 45 | 2 | 21 | 35 | 40 | 2 | 17 | 25 | 35 | 15 |
|  | 28 | 45 | 60 |  | 27 | 40 | 60 |  | 22 | 35 | 45 | 20 |
|  | 35 | 60 | 60 |  | 34 | 50 | 60 |  | 27 | 40 | 60 | 25 |
| 3 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 3 | 32 | 50 | 70 | 30 |
|  | 55 | 80 | 100 |  | 52 | 80 | 100 |  | 41 | 60 | 80 | 40 |
|  | 64 | 100 | 125 |  | 65 | 100 | 125 |  | 52 | 80 | 100 | 50 |
| 4 | 80 | 125 | 175 | 4 | 77 | 125 | 175 | 4 | 62 | 100 | 125 | 60 |
|  | 100 | 150 | 200 |  | 96 | 150 | 200 |  | 77 | 125 | 175 | 75 |
| 5 | 135 | 200 | 300 |  | 124 | 200 | 225 |  | 99 | 150 | 200 | 100 |
|  | 165 | 250 | 350 | 5 | 156 | 250 | 350 | 5 | 125 | 200 | 250 | 125 |
|  | 200 | 300 | 400 |  | 180 | 300 | 400 |  | 144 | 225 | 300 | 150 |
| 6 | 260 | 400 | 600 |  | 240 | 400 | 400 |  | 192 | 300 | 400 | 200 |
|  | 325 | 500 | 600 | 6 | 302 | 450 | 600 | 6 | 242 | 400 | 500 | 250 |
|  | 385 | 600 | 800 |  | 361 | 600 | 700 |  | 289 | 450 | 600 | 300 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 414 | 650 | 800 |  | 336 | 500 | 600 | 350 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 477 | 800 | 800 |  | 382 | 600 | 700 | 400 |

Size fuses, time delay or non-time delay, in accordance with the NEC permitted fuse size as noted below:

| Starter <br> Size | Maximum Fuse Size |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Class R | Class J | Class L |
| 0 | 30 | 60 | - |
| 1 | 60 | 120 | - |
| 2 | 100 | 200 | - |
| 3 | 200 | 400 | - |
| 4 | 200 | 400 | - |
| 5 | 400 | 800 | - |
| 6 | 600 | 800 | 800 |

If the calculated rating is between standard sizes, the next larger size may be used. Fuse size may not exceed switch size.
Minimum switch size per NEC 430.110 must be $115 \%$ of FLA of motor. Do not use this chart for part winding motors. Size as follows: maximum fuse size
limited to 150\% FLA for dual element fuses and $200 \%$ for non-delay type fuses.

## Heater Tables

E "Standard Trip" Heater Elements for Ambient Temp. Comp. Bimetal Relays

| Full Load Motor Amps |  | Heater Code No. | Max. Rat. of Prot. Device* | Full Load Motor Amps |  | Heater CodeNo. | Max. Rat. of Prot. Device |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min | Max |  |  | Min | Max |  |  |
| Size 0 \& 1 |  |  |  | Size 1 3/4 |  |  |  |
| 0.67 | 0.72 | E14 | 1 | 2.27 | 2.54 | E34 | 3 |
| 0.73 | 0.80 | E16 | 2 | 2.55 | 2.69 | E36 | 5 |
| 0.73 | 0.80 | E16 | 2 | 2.70 | 2.88 | E37 | 5 |
| 2.08 | 2.26 | E33 | 3 | 2.89 | 3.14 | E38 | 5 |
| 2.27 | 2.54 | E34 | 3 | 3.15 | 3.40 | E39 | 5 |
| 2.55 | 2.69 | E36 | 5 | 3.41 | 3.81 | E41 | 5 |
| 2.70 | 2.88 | E37 | 5 | 3.82 | 4.25 | E42 | 5 |
| 2.89 | 3.14 | E38 | 5 | 4.26 | 4.62 | E44 | 7 |
| 3.15 | 3.40 | E39 | 5 | 4.63 | 5.09 | E46 | 10 |
| 3.41 | 3.81 | E41 | 5 | 5.10 | 5.61 | E47 | 10 |
| 3.82 | 4.26 | E42 | 5 | 5.62 | 5.91 | E48 | 10 |
| 4.27 | 4.62 | E44 | 7 | 5.92 | 6.15 | E49 | 10 |
| 4.63 | 5.09 | E46 | 10 | 6.16 | 6.70 | E50 | 10 |
| 5.10 | 5.61 | E47 | 10 | 6.71 | 7.54 | E51 | 10 |
| 2.08 | 2.26 | E33 | 3 | 7.55 | 8.29 | E52 | 25 |
| 2.27 | 2.54 | E34 | 3 | 8.30 | 8.99 | E53 | 25 |
| 2.55 | 2.69 | E36 | 5 | 9.00 | 9.85 | E54 | 25 |
| 2.70 | 2.88 | E37 | 5 | 9.86 | 10.4 | E55 | 25 |
| 2.89 | 3.14 | E38 | 5 | 10.5 | 12.0 | E56 | 25 |
| 3.15 | 3.40 | E39 | 5 | 12.1 | 13.6 | E57 | 25 |
| 3.41 | 3.81 | E41 | 5 | 13.7 | 15.6 | E60 | 30 |
| 3.82 | 4.26 | E42 | 5 | 15.7 | 17.0 | E61 | 30 |
| 4.27 | 4.62 | E44 | 7 | 17.1 | 19.4 | E62 | 30 |
| 4.63 | 5.09 | E46 | 10 | 19.5 | 20.9 | E65 | 30 |
| 5.101 | 5.6 | E47 | 10 | 21.0 | 22.2 | E66 | 40 |
| 5.62 | 5.91 | E48 | 10 | 22.3 | 25.3 | E67 | 40 |
| 5.92 | 6.15 | E49 | 10 | 25.4 | 26.9 | E69 | 40 |
| 6.16 | 6.70 | E50 | 10 | 27.0 | 30.2 | E70 | 40 |
| 6.71 | 7.54 | E51 | 25 | 30.3 | 33.3 | E72 | 40 |
| 7.55 | 8.29 | E52 | 25 | Size 2 \& 2 1/2 |  |  |  |
| 8.30 | 8.99 | E53 | 25 | 10.5 | 12.0 | E56 | 50 |
| 9.00 | 9.85 | E54 | 25 | 12.1 | 13.6 | E57 | 50 |
| 9.86 | 10.4 | E55 | 25 | 13.7 | 15.6 | E60 | 50 |
| 10.5 | 12.0 | E56 | 25 | 15.7 | 17.1 | E61 | 50 |
| 12.1 | 13.6 | E57 | 25 | 17.2 | 19.4 | E62 | 50 |
| 13.7 | 15.6 | E60 | 30 | 19.5 | 20.9 | E65 | 50 |
| 15.7 | 17.0 | E61 | 30 | 21.0 | 22.2 | E66 | 50 |
| 17.1 | 19.4 | E62 | 30 | 22.3 | 25.3 | E67 | 50 |
| 18.5 | 19.4 | E65 | 30 | 25.4 | 26.9 | E69 | 50 |
| 19.5 | 20.9 | E65 | 30 | 27.0 | 30.2 | E70 | 50 |
| 21.4 | 24.4 | E67 | 40 | 30.3 | 33.3 | E72 | 50 |
| 24.5 | 25.9 | E69 | 40 | 33.4 | 35.3 | E73 | 50 |
| 26.0 | 26.0 | E70 | 40 | 35.4 | 41.5 | E74 | 50 |
|  |  |  |  | 41.6 | 45.0 | E76 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  | 45.1 | 52.3 | E77 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  | 52.4 | 55.7 | E78 | 100 |


| FullLoad <br> MotorAmps |  | Heater <br> CodeNo. | Max.Rat. <br> of Prot. <br> Device |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min |  | Max |  |
| Size3\&31/2 |  |  |  |
| 30.0 | 33.5 | E69 | 100 |
| 33.6 | 36.4 | E70 | 100 |
| 36.5 | 39.6 | E71 | 100 |
| 39.7 | 43.6 | E73 | 100 |
| 43.7 | 46.5 | E73A | 100 |
| 46.6 | 51.6 | E74 | 100 |
| 51.7 | 54.4 | E76 | 100 |
| 54.5 | 58.0 | E77 | 100 |
| 58.1 | 63.0 | E78 | 100 |
| 63.1 | 67.7 | E79 | 100 |
| 67.8 | 72.4 | E80 | 100 |
| 72.5 | 80.0 | E94 | 100 |
| 80.1 | 88.1 | E96 | 150 |
| 88.2 | 91.5 | E97 | 150 |
| 91.6 | 96.8 | E98 | 150 |
| 96.9 | 99.0 | E99 | 150 |
| 99.1 | 108 | E101 | 150 |
| 56.9 | 60.9 | E89 | 250 |
| 61.0 | 63.9 | E91 | 250 |
| 64.0 | 67.7 | E92 | 250 |
| 67.8 | 72.4 | E93 | 250 |
| 72.5 | 77.7 | E94 | 250 |
| 77.8 | 85.9 | E96 | 250 |
| 86.0 | 91.9 | E97 | 250 |
| 92.0 | 96.7 | E98 | 250 |
| 96.8 | 105 | E99 | 250 |
| 106 | 115 | E103 | 250 |
| 116 | 130 | E104 | 250 |



| FullLoad MotorAmps |  | Heater CodeNo. | Max.Rat. of Prot. Device* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min | Max |  |  |
| Size41/2\&5 |  |  |  |
| 88.0 | 98.0 | E27 | 400 |
| 98.1 | 108 | E28 | 400 |
| 109 | 114 | E29 | 400 |
| 115 | 122 | E31 | 400 |
| 123 | 130 | E32 | 400 |
| 131 | 140 | E33 | 400 |
| 141 | 155 | E34 | 400 |
| 156 | 166 | E36 | 400 |
| 167 | 177 | E37 | 400 |
| 178 | 193 | E38 | 400 |
| 194 | 209 | E39 | 400 |
| 210 | 233 | E41 | 400 |
| 234 | 248 | E42 | 400 |
| Size6 |  |  |  |
| 166 | 195 | E27 | 600 |
| 196 | 217 | E28 | 600 |
| 218 | 229 | E29 | 600 |
| 230 | 245 | E31 | 600 |
| 246 | 261 | E32 | 600 |
| 262 | 281 | E33 | 600 |
| 282 | 311 | E34 | 600 |
| 312 | 331 | E36 | 600 |
| 332 | 355 | E37 | 600 |
| 356 | 387 | E38 | 600 |
| 388 | 419 | E39 | 600 |
| 420 | 467 | E41 | 600 |
| 468 | 500 | E42 | 600 |



* Ratings specified are for instantaneous trip circuit breakers.

Maximum current rating for thermal magnetic circuit breakers is $250 \%$ of maximum heater FLA.

Maximum current rating of fuses is:
a. $150 \%$ of maximum heater FLA for Class R, K, or L (time delay).
b. $250 \%$ of maximum heater FLA for Class K or L (non-time delay).
c. $300 \%$ of maximum heater FLA for Class $\rfloor$ (nontime delay).
Heaters shown in the table provide a maximum trip rating of $125 \%$ of the motor name plate amperes, which is suitable for $40^{\circledR} \mathrm{C}$ motors. For all other motors select heaters one code number lower than specified in the table, which give a maximum trip rating of approximately 115\%.

The tripping current of any heater in a $40^{\circledR} \mathrm{C}$ ambient is $25 \%$ greater than the lower value of motor amperes shown in the table.

Starters do not provide protection from short circuits. A protective device should be provided in accordance with the NEC (CEC in Canada) and not exceed the values shown in the table.

Note: If the rating specified is not a standard size for the circuit breaker manufacturer, use the next largest size.

If the calculated rating is between standard sizes, the next larger size may be used. Fuse size may not exceed switch size.

Wye-delta starters: If the motor nameplate shows the full load delta line current only, divide this value by 1.73 or multiply by .58 to select the proper heater rating

## Part Winding Starter Heater Selection

WYE - NEMA connected dual voltage motor or
SPECIAL - 6 lead DELTA connected part winding motor. DELTA - NEMA connected dual voltage motor.

Select overload heaters from table in both starters (M1 and $M 2$ ) based on $1 / 2$ motor nameplate full load current.

## Example:

Motor Full Load Current of 15 Amperes, Select Heaters from Table for 7.5 Amperes.
Consult factory - Give complete motor data and application.

## Bimetal Overload Relays



Figure 22


To maintain overcurrent, short circuit, and ground fault protection, the manufacturers instructions for selection of the current elements and setting of the instantaneous trip circuit breaker must be followed.

Operating starter sizes 4 through 6 without the heater elements installed will damage the Current Transformers.

## Formulas For Obtaining Full Load Amps Of Other Motors

208 V Full Load Amp $\approx 230 V$ current $X 110 \%$ 2 Phase FLA $\approx 0.866 X$ the 3 phase FLA
2 Phase, 3 wire current in common wire $\approx 1.41 \mathrm{X}$ that in the other 2 lines.

50 Hz , multiply 60 Hz value $\times 1.20$
$25 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1500$ RPM., amps $\approx$ amps of $60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3600 \mathrm{RPM}$.
25 Hz 750 RPM., amps $\approx$ amps of 60 Hz 1800 RPM .
Service factor $1.0 \approx \operatorname{amps} \times 0.9$.
$50^{\circ}-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ motor $\approx$ amps $\times 0.9$.

## Single Phase Motor FLA

The single phase full load amps of the same horsepower, voltage and speed vary over wide ranges. The following table conforms with table 430-248 of the NEC.

When possible the motor full load amps from the motor nameplate should always be used when selecting heater code numbers.

| Single Phase |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amperes - 60 Hz |  |
|  | 115V | 230V |
| $1 / 6$ | 4.4 | 2.5 |
| $1 / 4$ | 5.8 | 3.3 |
| $1 / 3$ | 7.2 | 4.1 |
| $1 / 2$ | 9.8 | 5.6 |
| $3 / 4$ | 13.8 | 7.9 |
| 1 | 16. | 9.2 |
| $11 / 2$ | 20. | 11.5 |
| 2 | 24. | 13.8 |
| 3 | 34. | 19.6 |
| 5 | 56. | 32.2 |
| $71 / 2$ | 80. | 46. |
| 10 | 100. | 57.5 |

## Approximate AC Motor Amps

Use only When Motor Full Load Current is Not Known
Motor Amps will vary depending on the type and manufacture of the motor. These average values, usually for T frame motors with service factor of 1.15 are to be used only as a guide. The formulas on the previous page may be used to obtain approximate amps for other motors.

## NOTE:

Actual Motor Amps may be higher or lower than the values listed below for a particular motor. For more reliable motor protection, NEC requires selection of heater elements by using the motor nameplate data. Motor nameplate data must be checked to determine proper size of heater coil before motor is energized.

| 3 Phase |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KW | HP | $200 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> FLA | 208V | 230V | 380 V | 415V | 460V | 575V |
|  |  |  | FLA | FLA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (50Hz) } \\ & \text { FLA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (50Hz) } \\ & \text { FLA } \end{aligned}$ | FLA | FLA |
| - | $0.25(1 / 4)$ | - | 1.39 | 1.2 | - | - | 0.6 | 0.84 |
| - | 0.33 (1/3) | - | 1.69 | 1.46 | - | - | 0.73 | 0.58 |
| 0.37 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2 | 1.3 | . 81 | 1.1 | . 9 |
| 0.55 | 0.75 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.21 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| 0.75 | 1 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 2 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| 1.1 | 1.5 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 3 | 2.4 |
| 1.5 | 2 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| 2.2 | 3 | 11 | 10.6 | 9.6 | 6.1 | 5 | 4.8 | 3.9 |
| 3.7 | 5 | 17.5 | 16.7 | 15.2 | 9.7 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 6.1 |
| 5.5 | 7.5 | 25.3 | 24.2 | 22 | 14 | 11 | 11 | 9 |
| 7.5 | 10 | 32.2 | 30.8 | 28 | 18 | 14 | 14 | 11 |
| 11 | 15 | 48.3 | 46.2 | 42 | 27 | 21 | 21 | 17 |
| 15 | 20 | 62.1 | 59.4 | 54 | 34 | 28 | 27 | 22 |
| 18.5 | 25 | 78.2 | 74.8 | 68 | 44 | 35 | 34 | 27 |
| 22 | 30 | 92 | 88 | 80 | 51 | 40 | 40 | 32 |
| 30 | 40 | 120 | 114 | 104 | 66 | 55 | 52 | 41 |
| 37 | 50 | 150 | 143 | 130 | 83 | 64 | 65 | 52 |
| 45 | 60 | 177 | 169 | 154 | 103 | 80 | 77 | 62 |
| 55 | 75 | 221 | 211 | 192 | 128 | 100 | 96 | 77 |
| 75 | 100 | 285 | 273 | 248 | 165 | 135 | 124 | 99 |
| 90 | 125 | 359 | 343 | 312 | 208 | 165 | 156 | 125 |
| 110 | 150 | 414 | 396 | 360 | 240 | 200 | 180 | 144 |
| 147 | 200 | 552 | 528 | 480 | 320 | 260 | 240 | 192 |
| 185 | 250 |  |  |  | 403 | 325 | 302 | 242 |
| 220 | 300 |  |  |  | 532 | 385 | 361 | 289 |
| 257 | 350 |  |  |  | 620 | 450 | 414 | 336 |
| 295 | 400 |  |  |  | 709 | 500 | 477 | 382 |
| 335 | 450 |  |  |  | 797 | 728 | 515 | 412 |
| 375 | 500 |  |  |  | 886 | 809 | 590 | 472 |
| 445 | 600 |  |  |  |  |  | 656 | 523 |
|  | 700 |  |  |  |  |  | 716 | 571 |
|  | 800 |  |  |  |  |  | 775 | 618 |

## Typical Schematic

Full Voltage Non Reversing (FVNR) Unit


Figure 23
Full Voltage Non Reversing (FVNR) High Density Unit


Figure 24

## Typical Schematic

Dual Full Voltage Non Reversing (FVNR) Unit


Figure 25

## Typical Schematic

Full Voltage Contactor (FVC) Unit


## Typical Schematic

Full Voltage Reversing (FVR) Unit


Figure 27

## Typical Schematic

Two Speed - Two Winding (2S2W) Unit


Figure 28

## Typical Schematic

Reduced Voltage Auto-Transformer (RVAT) Unit


Figure 30

Reduced Voltage Wye Delta Closed (YDC) Transition


## Typical Schematic

## Typical Schematic

Reduced Voltage Wye Delta Open (YDO) Transition


Figure 32

## Typical Schematic

Reduced Voltage Soft-Starter Unit (with SIRIUS 3RW40)


Figure 33

Reduced Voltage Soft-Starter Unit (with SIRIUS 3RW44)


Figure 34

## Typical Schematic

Variable Frequency Drive Unit (with Micromaster 440)


Figure 35

## Aftermarket

Siemens is committed to serving our customers and supporting a full line of replacement components, renewal parts, and aftermarket units to maintain the value and use of existing tiastar and previous generation motor control centers.

## Renewal Parts

Renewal parts for tiastar and legacy MCC are now available via Industry Mall and COMPAS. These kits represent the most requested renewal parts for field retrofit installations. Please use the MCC Aftermarket Renewal Parts Catalog, MCCS-AFTMKT-0613, which is available at www.usa.siemens.com/mccaftermarket to select the ordering items required.


## MCC Aftermarket Request Form

For an MCC aftermarket quote, please visit http://www.usa.siemens.com/ mccaftermarket and fill out the online request form. Your request will be processed by a representative who will follow-up with you. For assistance in identifying the MCC, please use the MCC Identification Guide: CCBR-MCCAR-0813.


# SECTION [26 24 19] [16443] LOW VOLTAGE MOTOR CONTROL CENTERS, ARC RESISTANT 

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SCOPE

A. The requirements of the contract, Division [26] [16] applies to work in this section. Motor Control Centers as specified and as shown on the contract drawings shall be furnished and installed by the contractor.

### 1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. [Related sections include the following:

1. Section [26 29 23] [16269] - Variable-Frequency Motor Controllers
2. Section [26 29 13.16] [16420] - Reduced Voltage Motor Controllers
3. Section [26 36 23] [16415] - Automatic Transfer Switches
4. Section [26 43 13] [16289] - Transient Voltage Suppression for Low-Voltage Electrical Power Circuits]
5. Section [26 09 13.xx.xx] [16290] - Electrical Power Monitoring and Control
6. Section [2622 19 ] [16461] - Control and Signal Transformers
7. Section [26 24 16] [16442] - Panelboards
8. Section [2628 16] [16410] - Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers]

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's printed product data.
B. Drawings: Submit shop drawings for approval. Drawings shall include all dimensions, weights, electrical ratings, wiring diagrams and required clearances.

### 1.4 RELATED STANDARDS

A. The Motor Control Center shall be manufactured and tested according to the latest applicable standards of the following agencies:

1. UL 845 - Motor Control Centers
2. UL 489 - Molded Case Circuit Breakers
3. NEMA ICS 18-2001 - Motor Control Centers
4. NEMA ICS 1-2001 - Industrial Control and Systems: General Requirements
5. NFPA 70
6. ANSIIIEEE C37.20.7-2007 - Guide for Testing Metal-Enclosed Switchgear Rated up to 38 kV for Internal Arcing Faults.
B. [Manufacturer Seismic Qualification: The low voltage motor control center(s) shall meet and be certified to seismic requirements specified in the [IBC 2009 International Building Code] [CBC 2010 California Building Code] [ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers 7-10].
7. The low voltage motor control center(s) shall be complaint with IBC 2009 parameters:
a. Building Occupancy Category (as defined in Table 1.1 from ASCE 2005): [I] [II] [III] [IV]
b. Seismic Design Category: $[A][B][C][D][E][F]$
c. Site Class: [A - Hard Rock] [B - Rock] [C - Very dense soil and soft rock] [D - Stiff soil profile] as defined in IBC 2006 Table 1613.5.2 Site Class Definitions
d. Ip - Importance Factor: [1.5 - Components must function after an earthquake for life safety purposes (Building Occupancy Code IV)] [1.25-Buildings and structures that represent a substantial hazard to human life in the event of failure or that can cause substantial economic impact or mass disruption of day-to-day civilian life (Building Occupancy Code III)] [1.0 - Non-essential buildings. Function not life critical. (Building Occupancy Code I and II)]
e. Ss - Mapped Spectral Accelerations for Short Periods at 0.2 seconds $-300 \%$ g
f. Sds - 5\% Damped Design Spectral Response Accelerations for Short Periods at 0.2 seconds - 2.0
g. z/h - Height factor ratio: [__] Note: Ratio is a calculated value equal to the floor the gear is installed on divided by 12. A 6th floor installation is a 0.5 value. A basement or ground floor installation is a 0.0 value.

## LOW VOLTAGE MOTOR CONTROL CENTERS, ARC RESISTANT (cont.)

2. Equipment shall be designed to be located in a concrete and steel, moment-resisting frame building not exceeding 12 stories in height with a minimum story height of 10 feet.]

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer: For equipment required for the work of this section, provide products which are the responsibility of one manufacturer.
B. Manufacturer shall have had produced similar electrical equipment for a minimum of 5 years.
C. Manufacturer shall be ISO 9001 certified.
1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING
A. Handle and store equipment in accordance with manufacturer's Installation and Maintenance Manual. One (1) copy of this document shall be provided with the equipment at the time of shipment.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. [The low voltage arc resistant motor control center shall be manufactured by Siemens, Type tiastar ${ }^{T M}$ Low Voltage Arc Resistant Motor Control Center or pre-approved equal. Approved manufacturers are as follows:

1. Siemens - Type tiastar Low Voltage Arc Resistant Motor Control Center
2. .]
2.2 RATINGS
A. System Configuration: Motor Control Center suitable for application in three-phase, [ 60 Hz ] [ 50 Hz ], [ 3 wire] [4 wire] [grounded-neutral] [3 wire ungrounded] [3 wire high-impedance grounded] system.
B. Electrical Ratings:
3. Nominal System Voltage: [600 V] [480 V] [240 V] [208 V] [Other (specify)].
4. Maximum Design Voltage: 600 V
5. Short-Circuit Current: [42] [65] kA
6. Main-Bus Continuous Current: [600] [800] [1200] [1600] A.
7. Accessibility Type: 2
8. Internal Arcing Short-Circuit Current: 65 kA
9. Arcing Duration: 50 msec

### 2.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. STRUCTURES

1. The enclosure shall be NEMA Type [1], [1-with gasketed doors]. Vertical sections shall be constructed with steel divider sheet assemblies formed or otherwise fabricated to eliminate open framework between adjacent sections or full-length bolted-on side sheet assemblies at the ends of the MCC(s).
2. Vertical sections shall be $102^{\prime \prime}$ high excluding mounting sills and including a $12^{\prime \prime}$ modified pull-box or top-hat with pressure flaps installed throughout the MCC for Arc Resistant purposes, $20^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $20^{\prime \prime}$ deep for front mounting of units. The width of the vertical section may be increased for special oversize units that cannot be accommodated in the standard $20^{\prime \prime}$ wide structure up to $30^{\prime \prime}$.
3. Vertical structures shall be divided into six (6) full space factors (12") and shall accommodate up to six (6) NEMA size 1 or 2 Full Voltage Non Reversing FVNR combination starters. MCC unit sizes shall be multiples of $1 / 2$ space factor ( $6^{\prime \prime}$ ). The vertical structures shall accommodate up to twelve (12) $6^{\prime \prime}$ high density units. The vertical structures shall accommodate up to six (6) $12^{\prime \prime}$ units with dual mounted feeders, for a total of up to twelve (12) 125 AF feeders.
4. Each standard $20^{\prime \prime}$ wide structure shall be supplied with a $4^{\prime \prime}$ wide vertical wireway. Wireways shall be completely isolated from all power busses. The rear surface of the vertical wireway shall be painted white and include openings for pressure release in case of an Arc Flash event. A minimum of three (3) formed wire cable supports, extending the full depth of the vertical wireway shall be supplied in each vertical section. A separate hinged door shall cover the vertical wireway.
5. Each standard structure shall be supplied with a 12 inch top and six (6) inch bottom horizontal wireway that are continuous for the entire length of the MCC. The minimum horizontal wireway opening between sections is 40 square inches for the top and 30 square inches for the bottom horizontal wireway. A hinged door shall be supplied to cover the top horizontal wireway.
6. Unit doors shall be hinged on the left and vertical wireway doors on the right for unobstructed access to the units and associated vertical wireway. All doors shall be mounted on removable pin-type hinges and secured with steel quarter-turn, into a secured support tested to withstand an Arc Flash event, indicating type fasteners.
7. Wireways shall be completely isolated from bus compartments by suitable barriers. Sliding barriers between the horizontal bus and top horizontal wireway are not acceptable.
8. Removable top cover plates shall be provided for conduit entry to the top horizontal wireway and shall provide a minimum of 116 square inches of area for conduit location. Top cover plates shall be fabricated from 13 gauge steel.
9. All MCC structures shall be supplied with $1-1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high $X 3^{\prime \prime}$ wide base channel sills that are continuous for the entire length of the shipping split. The base channel sills shall be fabricated of 7 gauge steel and shall be suitable for grouting the base channel sills in place, welding to leveling plates or securing to the floor with $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ anchor bolts. MCC structures shall be supplied with reversible bottom end cover plates to cover the bottom horizontal wireway and ends of the base channel sills. The bottom end cover plates shall be factory installed to cover the ends of the base channel sills to prevent entrance of dirt and rodents into the MCC when installed flush on the floor and shall be removable to expose the ends of the base channel sills if they are to be grouted into the floor.
10. A removable, full length lifting angle shall be provided for each shipping split of each MCC. The lifting angle shall be bolted to each side sheet or divider sheet of the shipping split to evenly distribute the weight of the MCC during lifting.
11. MCC's shall be assembled in such a manner that it is not necessary to have rear accessibility to remove any internal devices or components.

## B. BUSSING

1. The main horizontal bus shall be (Pick $a$. or b. Delete the other. If $a$. is selected, then make decisions within the paragraph.)
a. [[Tin] [Silver] plated copper rated at [600] [800] [1200] [1600] amperes with a conductivity rating of $100 \%$ AICS. The horizontal bus bars shall be fully sized to carry $100 \%$ of the rated current the entire length of the MCC. Horizontal bus bars shall be mounted edge wise and located at the top of the MCC. Tapered horizontal bus is not acceptable.] All power bus shall be braced to withstand a fault current of 65,000 RMS symmetrical amperes.]
b. [The entire horizontal bus assembly must be located behind the top horizontal wireway at any amperage. Horizontal bus bars located behind usable unit space are not acceptable.]
c. The horizontal bus shall be isolated from the top horizontal wireway by a clear, flexible, polycarbonate, Lexan ${ }^{\circledR}$, barrier allowing visual inspection of the horizontal bus without removing any hardware.
2. The vertical bus:
a. Shall be rated [300] [600] amperes. Vertical bus bars shall be fabricated of [tin] [silver] plated solid copper bars with a conductivity rating of $100 \%$ AICS.
b. The vertical bus barrier support shall be designed as to effectively enclose each vertical bus bar, providing both isolation and insulation. Automatic shutter mechanisms shall be provided to close off all unused stab openings when a plug-in unit is moved to the "TEST" position or removed from the structure. Unused stab openings shall be covered with snap-in covers
3. All bus ratings are to be based on a maximum temperature rise of $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ over a $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.
4. Horizontal to vertical bus and horizontal bus splice connections shall be made with two (2) 3/8" grade 5 bolts and Belleville-type conical washers at each connection point. All connecting hardware shall be designed to be tightened from the front of the MCC without applying any tools to the rear of the connection.
a. The horizontal ground bus shall be rated [300 amp copper] [600 amp copper].
C. UNITS
5. Plug-in units shall connect to the vertical bus by means of self-aligning, tin plated copper stab-on connectors provided with spring steel back-up springs to insure positive connection to the vertical bus.
6. When vertical ground bus is specified, plug-in units shall include a ground stab which engages the vertical ground bus before the power stabs engage the vertical bus when the unit is inserted into the structure. When the plug-in unit is withdrawn from the vertical bus, the vertical ground stab shall release after the power stabs.
7. The interior of all MCC units shall be painted white, including unit top and bottom plates or isolation barriers.
8. All plug-in units $30^{\prime \prime}$ tall and larger will be secured to the structure in four (4) points to withstand an Arc Flash event.

## LOW VOLTAGE MOTOR CONTROL CENTERS, ARC RESISTANT (cont.)

5. All plug-in units $12^{\prime \prime}$ tall and larger will include two (2) auxiliary handles to aid in installation, removal and transporting plug-in units.
6. All plug-in units will include a racking mechanism to assure full engagement with the stab-on connectors with the vertical bus.
7. Plug-in units shall be provided with interference type draw-out to prevent complete removal of the plug-in unit from the structure in one motion. The interference mechanism shall also provide clear indication when the plugin unit has been withdrawn to the "TEST" position.
8. A mechanical interlock shall be supplied on all plug-in units to prevent insertion of removal of a unit from the structure when the unit operator handle is in the ON position. This interlock may not be defeated.
9. Each $12^{\prime \prime}$ tall and larger plug-in unit shall be secured in the structure by two (2) readily accessible devices, one of which is tool operated. These devices shall be located at the front of the unit.
10. Plug-in units with NEMA Type B or $C$ wiring shall be supplied with unit terminal block mounted on the right hand side of the unit, adjacent to the vertical wireway. The terminal blocks shall be mounted on a movable bracket that maintains the terminals inside the unit structure for normal operation and pivots into the vertical wireway exposing the terminals for wiring, test and maintenance.
11. All plug-in units shall include a positive means of grounding the unit to the structure at all times.
12. All units that need ventilation (VFD units, RVSS units) shall have a protective plate in front of the louvers to deflect material exiting the unit in case of an Arc Flash event.
13. The MCC unit disconnect operator for 600 ampere maximum units shall operate in a vertical, up-down, plane. High density units shall have horizontal motion. All unit disconnects shall remain engaged with the disconnect device at all times, regardless of the unit door position. The operating handles shall be interlocked with the unit door so that the door can neither be opened with the disconnect device in the ON position, nor can the disconnect device be turned ON with the unit door open except by operation of a defeater mechanism. Indication of the disconnect device shall be clearly indicated by the position of the operating handle. When applied with circuit breaker devices, the handle shall also provide clear indication of a circuit breaker trip.
14. When pilot lights, push buttons or sector switches are specified. The devices shall be mounted in a formed metal device panel that is capable of accepting four (4) such devices in any combination. The device panel shall be secured to the unit door for normal operation, or mounted on the plug-in unit as required for unit removal and bench testing.
15. Pilot devices shall be [22 mm in diameter, rated for NEMA 4 (IP 67) applications. Connections to 22 mm pilot devices shall be made to touch resistant screw type terminations. Pilot device contacts shall be rated at 10A, 600 VAC (NEMA A600).] [heavy duty, oil tight 30 mm devices with a NEMA 4 rating. Pilot device contacts shall be rated at 10A, 600 VAC (NEMA A600). The pilot device bodies shall be fabricated from metal.]
16. Unit identification nameplate shall be provided for each unit. Nameplates shall be a black surface with white core. Engraving shall cut through the gray surface exposing white lettering of the unit designation. Nameplates shall be $1^{\prime \prime}$ tall by $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide. Adhesives or glues are not an acceptable means of mounting unit nameplates.
D. WIRING
17. The wiring shall be NEMA Class [1] [2], Type [A] [B] [C].
E. COMBINATION MOTOR STARTERS
F. The combination starters shall be full voltage, non-reversing and provided with a Siemens [magnetic only circuit breaker] [fused disconnect], unless noted otherwise on the drawings.
a. Starters and disconnects shall be rated equal to or greater than the AIC rating of the gear.
18. Overload Protection
a. The overload protection shall be:

## 1.) [Bi-Metal Ambient compensated overload.]

2.) [Self power ESP solid state overload relay with NEMA Class [10] [20] [30] trip curve.]
2. Control Power
a. Each starter unit shall be provided with an encapsulated control power transformer of sufficient size to accommodate the contactor coil burden plus all specified auxiliary devices.
G. FEEDERS

1. Feeder disconnects shall be Siemens [thermal-magnetic circuit breaker] [fused disconnect].
H. [METERING EQUIPMENT
2. Provide a multi-function, high accuracy digital power metering instrumentation module equipped with LCD display. The power metering module shall provide simultaneous measurements for current, voltage and power parameters. Power meter shall be Siemens type [PAC 3100] [PAC 3200] [PAC4200] [9340] [9360] [9510] [9510ADR/RTU] [9610] equipped with a communications port for standard RS-485 connection.]
I. [ARC FLASH
3. Labeling [Delete one or both of the next 2 sentences on arc flash.]
a. [Apply in the field, the factory supplied arc flash warning label to all motor control centers that are in other than dwelling occupancies and are likely to require examination, adjustment, servicing, or maintenance while energized to warn qualified persons of potential electrical arc flash hazards.]
b. [Provide a complete arc flash study of the entire electrical system from the point of incoming service to all panelboards. Labels shall include the arc flash boundary in feet, hazard category and a list of appropriate PPE. When dynamic arc flash sentry is provided, (see below) then perform the study with both the dynamic arc flash sentry on and off. Label the gear for both settings.]]
4. [Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry [OPTIONAL]
a. The TIASTAR motor control center shall come with Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry to reduce the duration of an arc flash event. The main circuit breaker shall be a Siemens WL equipped with an ETU776 trip unit, programmed with two trip curves. One curve shall be set to the levels determined by a coordination study. The second setting shall be set with instantaneous set down to a minimum acceptable level to trip the main rapidly on an arc flash event.
b. The settings shall be adjusted via:
1.) [A SIGUARD motion sensor. The sensor shall be mounted approximately 3 feet off of the ground to sense motion in the room and automatically turn on and off the Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry. A blue light will illuminate on the front of the MCC to denote Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry is on.]
2.) [A 2 position selector switch. A blue light will illuminate on the front of the MCC to denote Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry is on.]]

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install per manufacturer's recommendations and contract documents. Coordinate installation with adjacent work to ensure proper sequence of construction, clearances and support.

### 3.2 ADJUSTMENTS AND CLEANING

A. [Insert your firms requirements]

### 3.3 TESTING

A. Perform factory and installation tests in accordance with applicable NEC, NEMA and UL requirements.
3.4 WARRANTY
A. Equipment manufacturer warrants that all goods supplied are free of non-conformities in workmanship and materials for one year from date of initial operation, but not more than eighteen months from date of shipment.

### 3.5 FIELD TESTS

A. Check tightness of all accessible mechanical and electrical connections to assure they are torqued to the minimum acceptable manufacturer's recommendations.

## SECTION [26 24 19] [16443] LOW VOLTAGE MOTOR CONTROL CENTERS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SCOPE

A. The requirements of the contract, Division [26] [16] applies to work in this section. Motor Control Centers as specified and as shown on the contract drawings shall be furnished and installed by the contractor.
1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS
A. [Related sections include the following:

1. Section [26 29 23] [16269] - Variable-Frequency Motor Controllers
2. Section [26 29 13.16] [16420] - Reduced Voltage Motor Controllers
3. Section [26 36 23] [16415] - Automatic Transfer Switches
4. Section [26 43 13] [16289] - Transient Voltage Suppression for Low-Voltage Electrical Power Circuits]
5. Section [26 09 13.xx.xx] [16290] - Electrical Power Monitoring and Control
6. Section [2622 19] [16461] - Control and Signal Transformers
7. Section [26 24 16] [16442] - Panelboards
8. Section [2628 16] [16410] - Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers
1.3 SUBMITTALS
A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's printed product data.
B. Drawings: Submit shop drawings for approval. Drawings shall include all dimensions, weights, electrical ratings, wiring diagrams and required clearances.

### 1.4 RELATED STANDARDS

A. The Motor Control Center shall be manufactured and tested according to the latest applicable standards of the following agencies:

1. UL 845 - Motor Control Centers
2. UL 489 - Molded Case Circuit Breakers
3. NEMA ICS 18-2001 - Motor Control Centers
4. NEMA ICS 1-2001 - Industrial Control and Systems: General Requirements
5. NFPA 70
B. [Manufacturer Seismic Qualification: The low voltage motor control center(s) shall meet and be certified to seismic requirements specified in the [IBC 2009 International Building Code] [CBC 2010 California Building Code] [ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers 7-10].
6. The low voltage motor control center(s) shall be complaint with IBC 2009 parameters:
a. Building Occupancy Category (as defined in Table 1.1 from ASCE 2010): [I] [II] [III] [IV]
b. Seismic Design Category: [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F]
c. Site Class: [A - Hard Rock] [B-Rock] [C - Very dense soil and soft rock] [D - Stiff soil profile] as defined in IBC 2006 Table 1613.5.2 Site Class Definitions
d. Ip - Importance Factor: [1.5 - Components must function after an earthquake for life safety purposes (Building Occupancy Code IV)] [1.25-Buildings and structures that represent a substantial hazard to human life in the event of failure or that can cause substantial economic impact or mass disruption of day-to-day civilian life (Building Occupancy Code III)] [1.0 - Non-essential buildings. Function not life critical. (Building Occupancy Code I and II)]
e. Ss - Mapped Spectral Accelerations for Short Periods at 0.2 seconds $-300 \% g$
f. Sds - 5\% Damped Design Spectral Response Accelerations for Short Periods at 0.2 seconds - 2.0
g. z/h - Height factor ratio: [_] Note: Ratio is a calculated value equal to the floor the gear is installed on divided by 12. A 6th floor installation is a 0.5 value. A basement or ground floor installation is a 0.0 value.
7. Equipment shall be designed to be located in a concrete and steel, moment-resisting frame building not exceeding 12 stories in height with a minimum story height of 10 feet.]
1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE
A. Manufacturer: For equipment required for the work of this section, provide products which are the responsibility of one manufacturer.
B. Manufacturer shall have had produced similar electrical equipment for a minimum of 5 years.
C. Manufacturer shall be ISO 9001 certified.
1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING
A. Handle and store equipment in accordance with manufacturer's Installation and Maintenance Manual. One (1) copy of this document shall be provided with the equipment at the time of shipment.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. [The motor control centers shall be TIASTAR by Siemens or pre-approved equal. Approved manufacturers are as follows:

1. Siemens
2. .]
2.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
A. STRUCTURES
3. [The enclosure shall be NEMA Type [1], [1-with gasketed doors], [2], [12], [3R non-walk-in]. Vertical sections shall be constructed with steel divider sheet assemblies formed or otherwise fabricated to eliminate open framework between adjacent sections or full-length bolted-on side sheet assemblies at the ends of the MCC(s).]
4. [Vertical sections shall be 90" high excluding mounting sills, 20" wide and [15"] [20"] deep for front mounting of units. Where indicated that arrangement is to accommodate front \& rear mounting of units, the structure depth shall not exceed $21^{\prime \prime}$. The width of the vertical section may be increased for special oversize units that cannot be accommodated in the standard 20" side structure. ]
5. Vertical structures shall be divided into six (6) $12^{\prime \prime}$ space factors and shall accommodate six (6) full size NEMA size 1 or 2 Full Voltage Non Reversing FVNR combination starters. MCC unit sizes shall be multiples of $1 / 2$ space factor $\left(6^{\prime \prime}\right)$. The vertical structures shall accommodate $6^{\prime \prime}$ high density and dual mounted units.
6. Back-to-Back, front and rear unit mounting, structures shall be $21^{\prime \prime}$ deep maximum and shall accommodate 12 full size NEMA size 1 or 2 Full Voltage Non Reversing FVNR combination starters per section.
7. Each standard $20^{\prime \prime}$ and $24^{\prime \prime}$ wide structure shall be supplied with a vertical wireway. $4^{\prime \prime}$ wide wireways shall be installed on $20^{\prime \prime}$ wide structures and $8^{\prime \prime}$ wide wireways on $24^{\prime \prime}$ wide structures. Wireways shall be completely isolated from all power busses. The rear surface of the vertical wireway shall be painted white. A minimum of three (3) formed wire cable supports, extending the full depth of the vertical wireway shall be supplied in each vertical section. A separate hinged door shall cover the vertical wireway.
8. Each standard structure shall be supplied with a 12 inch top and six (6) inch bottom horizontal wireway that are continuous for the entire length of the MCC. The minimum horizontal wireway opening between sections is 40 square inches for the top and 30 square inches for the bottom horizontal wireway. A hinged door shall be supplied to cover the top horizontal wireway.
9. Doors are to be hinged in a manner that allows for the removal of individual doors without the removal of any door above or below. Unit doors shall be hinged on the left and vertical wireway doors on the right for unobstructed access to the units and associated vertical wireway. All doors shall be mounted on removable pin-type hinges and secured with steel quarter-turn, indicating type fasteners.
10. Wireways shall be completely isolated from bus compartments by suitable barriers. Sliding barriers between the horizontal bus and top horizontal wireway are not acceptable.
11. Removable top cover plates shall be provided for conduit entry to the top horizontal wireway and shall provide a minimum of 116 square inches of area for conduit location. Top cover plates shall be fabricated from 13 gauge steel.
12. All MCC structures shall be supplied with $1-1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high $\times 3^{\prime \prime}$ wide base channel sills that are continuous for the entire length of the shipping split. The base channel sills shall be fabricated of 7 gauge steel and shall be suitable for grouting the base channel sills in place, welding to leveling plates or securing to the floor with $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ anchor bolts. MCC structures shall be supplied with reversible bottom end cover plates to cover the bottom horizontal wireway and ends of the base channel sills. The bottom end cover plates shall be factory installed to cover the ends of the base channel sills to prevent entrance of dirt and rodents into the MCC when installed flush on the floor and shall be removable to expose the ends of the base channel sills if they are to be grouted into the floor.

## LOW VOLTAGE MOTOR CONTROL CENTERS

11. A removable, full length lifting angle shall be provided for each shipping split of each MCC. The lifting angle shall be bolted to each side sheet or divider sheet of the shipping split to evenly distribute the weight of the MCC during lifting.
12. MCC's shall be assembled in such a manner that it is not necessary to have rear accessibility to remove any internal devices or components.
B. BUSSING
13. The main horizontal bus shall be (Pick a. or b.)
a. [[Tin] [Silver] plated copper rated at [600] [800] [1200] [1600] [2000] amperes with a conductivity rating of $100 \%$ AICS. The horizontal bus bars shall be fully sized to carry $100 \%$ of the rated current the entire length of the MCC. Horizontal bus bars shall be mounted edge wise and located at the top of the MCC. Tapered horizontal bus is not acceptable.] All power bus shall be braced to withstand a fault current of [42,000] [65,000] [100,000] RMS symmetrical amperes.]
b. [Tin plated aluminum rated at [600] [800] [1200] amperes. All power bus shall be braced to withstand a fault current of [42,000] [65,000] RMS symmetrical amperes.]
C. The entire horizontal bus assembly must be located behind the top horizontal wireway at any amperage. Horizontal bus bars located behind usable unit space are not acceptable.
d. The horizontal bus shall be isolated from the top horizontal wireway by a clear, flexible, polycarbonate, Lexan ${ }^{\circledR}$, barrier allowing visual inspection of the horizontal bus without removing any hardware.
14. The vertical bus:
a. Shall be rated [300] [600] amperes. Vertical bus bars shall be fabricated of [tin] [silver] plated solid copper bars with a conductivity rating of $100 \%$ AICS.
b. [Pick one of the following 4; delete the other 3.] [The vertical bus assembly shall be isolated from the unit mounting space by means of a full height steel barrier. Provisions shall be made to close off unused unit stab openings in the vertical bus barrier with removable covers.]
c. [The vertical bus assembly shall be isolated from the unit mounting space by means of a full height steel barrier. Automatic shutter mechanisms shall be provided to close off all unused stab openings when a plug-in unit is moved to the "TEST" position or removed from the structure. Unused stab openings shall be covered with snap-in covers.]
d. [The vertical bus barrier support shall be designed as to effectively enclose each vertical bus bar. Provisions shall be made to close off unused unit stab openings in the vertical bus barrier with removable covers.]
e. [The vertical bus barrier support shall be designed as to effectively enclose each vertical bus bar. Automatic shutter mechanisms shall be provided to close off all unused stab openings when a plug-in unit is moved to the "TEST" position or removed from the structure. Unused stab openings shall be covered with snap-in covers.]
15. All bus ratings are to be based on a maximum temperature rise of $\left[50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]\left[65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ over a $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature.
16. Horizontal to vertical bus and horizontal bus splice connections shall be made with two (2) 3/8" grade 5 bolts and Belleville-type conical washers at each connection point. All connecting hardware shall be designed to be tightened from the front of the MCC without applying any tools to the rear of the connection.
17. The horizontal ground bus shall be rated [ 300 amp copper] [ 600 amp copper] [ 600 amp aluminum].
C. UNITS
18. Plug-in units shall connect to the vertical bus by means of self-aligning, tin plated copper stab-on connectors provided with spring steel back-up springs to insure positive connection to the vertical bus.
19. When vertical ground bus is specified, plug-in units shall include a ground stab which engages the vertical ground bus before the power stabs engage the vertical bus when the unit is inserted into the structure. When the plug-in unit is withdrawn from the vertical bus, the vertical ground stab shall release after the power stabs.
20. The interior of all MCC units shall be painted white, including unit top and bottom plates or isolation barriers.
21. All plug-in units $12^{\prime \prime}$ tall and larger will include two (2) auxiliary handles to aid in installation, removal and transporting plug-in units.
22. All plug-in units will include a racking mechanism to assure full engagement with the stab-on connectors with the vertical bus.
23. Plug-in units shall be provided with interference type draw-out to prevent complete removal of the plug-in unit from the structure in one motion. The interference mechanism shall also provide clear indication when the plugin unit has been withdrawn to the "TEST" position.
24. A mechanical interlock shall be supplied on all plug-in units to prevent insertion of removal of a unit from the structure when the unit operator handle is in the ON position. This interlock may not be defeated.
25. Each $12^{\prime \prime}$ tall and larger plug-in unit shall be secured in the structure by two (2) readily accessible devices, one of which is tool operated. These devices shall be located at the front of the unit.
26. Plug-in units with NEMA Type B or C wiring shall be supplied with unit terminal block mounted on the right hand side of the unit, adjacent to the vertical wireway. The terminal blocks shall be mounted on a movable bracket that maintains the terminals inside the unit structure for normal operation and pivots into the vertical wireway exposing the terminals for wiring, test and maintenance.
27. All plug-in units shall include a positive means of grounding the unit to the structure at all times.
28. The MCC unit disconnect operator for 600 ampere maximum units shall operate in a vertical, up-down, plane. High density units shall have horizontal motion. All unit disconnects shall remain engaged with the disconnect device at all times, regardless of the unit door position. The operating handles shall be interlocked with the unit door so that the door can neither be opened with the disconnect device in the ON position, nor can the disconnect device be turned ON with the unit door open except by operation of a defeater mechanism. Indication of the disconnect device shall be clearly indicated by the position of the operating handle. When applied with circuit breaker devices, the handle shall also provide clear indication of a circuit breaker trip.
29. When pilot lights, push buttons or sector switches are specified. The devices shall be mounted in a formed metal device panel that is capable of accepting four (4) such devices in any combination. The device panel shall be secured to the unit door for normal operation, or mounted on the plug-in unit as required for unit removal and bench testing.
30. Pilot devices [shall be 22 mm in diameter, rated for NEMA 4 (IP 67) applications. Connections to 22 mm pilot devices shall be made to touch resistant screw type terminations. Pilot device contacts shall be rated at 10A, 600 VAC (NEMA A600).] [Pilot devices shall be heavy duty, oil tight 30 mm devices with a NEMA 4 rating. Pilot device contacts shall be rated at 10A, 600 VAC (NEMA A600). The pilot device bodies shall be fabricated from metal.]
31. Unit identification nameplate shall be provided for each unit. Nameplates shall be a black surface with white core. Engraving shall cut through the gray surface exposing white lettering of the unit designation. Nameplates shall be $1^{\prime \prime}$ tall by $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide. Adhesives or glues are not an acceptable means of mounting unit nameplates.
D. WIRING
32. The wiring shall be NEMA Class [1] [2], Type [A] [B] [C].
E. COMBINATION MOTOR STARTERS
33. The combination starters shall be full voltage, non-reversing and provided with a Siemens [magnetic only circuit breaker] [fused disconnect], unless noted otherwise on the drawings.
a. Starters and disconnects shall be rated equal to or greater than the AIC rating of the gear.
34. Overload Protection
a. The overload protection shall be:
1.) [Bi-Metal Ambient compensated overload.]
2) [Self power ESP solid state overload relay with NEMA Class [10] [20] [30] trip curve.]
3. Control Power
a. Each starter unit shall be provided with an encapsulated control power transformer of sufficient size to accommodate the contactor coil burden plus all specified auxiliary devices.
F. FEEDERS
4. Feeder disconnects shall be Siemens [thermal-magnetic circuit breaker] [fused disconnect].
G. [ARC FLASH

## 1. Labeling [DELETE ONE OR BOTH OF THE NEXT 2 SENTENCES ON ARC FLASH]

a. [Apply in the field, the factory supplied arc flash warning label to all motor control centers that are in other than dwelling occupancies and are likely to require examination, adjustment, servicing, or maintenance while energized to warn qualified persons of potential electrical arc flash hazards.]
b. [Provide a complete arc flash study of the entire electrical system from the point of incoming service to all panelboards. Labels shall include the arc flash boundary in feet, hazard category and a list of appropriate PPE. When dynamic arc flash sentry is provided (see below), then perform the study with both the dynamic arc flash sentry on and off. Label the gear for both settings.]]

## LOW VOLTAGE MOTOR CONTROL CENTERS

## 2. [Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry [OPTIONAL]

a. The TIASTAR motor control center shall come with Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry to reduce the duration of an arc flash event. The main circuit breaker shall be a Siemens WL equiped with an ETU776 trip unit, programmed with two trip curves. One curve shall be set to the levels determined by a coordination study. The second setting shall be set with instantaneous set down to a minimum acceptable level to trip the main rapidly on an arc flash event.
b. The settings shall be adjusted via:

1) [A SIGUARD motion sensor. The sensor shall be mounted approximately 3 feet off of the ground to sense motion in the room and automatically turn on and off the Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry. A blue light will illuminate on the front of the MCC to denote Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry is on.]
2) [A 2 position selector switch. A blue light will illuminate on the front of the MCC to denote Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry is on.]]

### 2.3 SMART MOTOR STARTER

A. Motor starter units shall include a microprocessor based protective and control device that provides NEMA class $5,10,15,20,25,30,35$ or 40 thermal overload trip characteristics, phase asymmetry (phase imbalance \& phase loss) protection, stalled rotor protection, instantaneous over current (jam) and under current protection and provisions for connecting one thermistor. Upper and lower current limits are adjustable for tripping and monitoring..
B. The device should provide an option of voltage and power monitoring as well as monitoring of power factor (cos-phi or loss of load) protection. Device shall have internal and external ground fault monitoring capabilities to an exacting 0.3 amp equipment protection. Additionally the device shall have an option of monitoring three RTD's (PT100 or PT1000) temperature sensors or three NTC thermistor sensors. [The device shall have two analog inputs and one analog output with a [0 to 20 mamp ] [ 4 to 20 m amp] signal.]
C. All protective functions shall be programmable to initiate a fault (trip) or warning. The device shall have the ability to designate its inputs as external fault inputs for hardwiring into upstream or downstream parts of the application. Running status of the connected load shall be determined by monitoring motor current to give a true indication of running status. The device shall provide monitoring of operating hours, downtime hours, number of starts, overload trips and have permissible starting capabilities.
D. The device shall contain four digital inputs and three relay output points for use in controlling the motor starter. [There shall be two additional digital modules with 4I/20, and they shall have [bi-stable] [mono-stable] output contacts.] Output relays shall be programmable to either turn off or retain their status in the event of a control voltage loss or network failure.
E. The device shall also include on board logic elements including up to a total of six $31 / 10$ truth tables, two $2 / 10$ truth tables, and one 51/20 truth table.
F. The device shall have up to four signal conditioners and four non-volatile elements with adjustable (edge rising with memory, edge falling with memory, inverting and non-inverting) conditions. Additional elements shall include up to four timers with adjustable (with closing delay, closing delay with memory, with off delay, with fleeting closing) conditions and four limit monitors for overshoots and undershoots of any of its analog signals.
G. The device shall communicate via PROFIBUS-DP to a central master controller and provide motor current, in percent of the motor full load amps, input and output data, status messages ON, OFF, under and over current warning and trip on a continuous cyclical basis.
H. The user shall have the ability to remotely monitor and program all programmable parameters, diagnostic data and operating data.
I. The device shall communicate at a maximum of 1.5 Mbit Profibus communication speed, and shall be auto baud rate sensing. The device shall be able to send 244 bytes per telegram and 64 bytes of diagnostics.
J. In the event of a communication network failure or PLC failure, the device shall operate as a stand-alone device. Upon restoration of the PROFIBUS network, the device shall resume communication with the network.

### 2.4 NETWORK

A. [The Siemens Intelligent Motor Control Center shall be connected to the customer's existing system via the Profibus network scanner located in the customer's PLC. These network scanners shall provide full Profibus network connectivity.] [The Siemens Intelligent Motor Control Center shall be connected to the customer's existing system via a Network Gateway. The network gateway shall provide restricted Profibus network connectivity.] [The Siemens Intelligent Motor Control Center shall be a stand alone system.]
B. Siemens TIASTAR Intelligent Motor Control Center is supplied with [Profibus DP] [AS-Interface]. These networks shall be installed at the factory to provide simplify commissioning on site. [Select either 2.4.B.1 or 2.4.B.2. Delete the other section]

1. [AS-Interface
a. AS-Interface networking shall be used for the passing of low level binary information to and from TIASTAR Intelligent Motor Control Center devices. Maximum electrical cable length is 100 m with a 5ms cycle time.
b. Each AS-Interface network must consist of 1 AS-Interface Master Unit and may connect up to 31 ASInterface module slaves located within the TIASTAR Intelligent Motor Control Center units. There may be as many AS-Interface networks as the higher level operating system can control.
C. The AS-Interface network is connected throughout the TIASTAR Intelligent MCC via a copper two wire twisted pair daisy chained from the master unit to each subsequent unit. These wires terminate into pull-apart terminals at each unit to keep network integrity if the unit is withdrawn from the vertical section.
d. The AS-Interface Master provides all AS-I network support functions and also the data transfer to Profibus DP. The AS-Interface Power Supply generates the AS-interface slave control power as well as the data decoupling feature to send both power and data over the same two wires. The AS-Interface Master Unit must contain both the Master and Power Supply. Each AS-Interface Master Unit and its connected network devices shall be considered a single Profibus DP slave within a TIASTAR Intelligent Motor Control Center.]
2. [Profibus DP
a. Profibus DP networking shall be used for the passing of binary and analog data to and from TIASTAR Intelligent Motor Control Center devices. Maximum electrical cable length 400 m at $500 \mathrm{kbps} ; 200 \mathrm{~m}$ at 1.5 Mbps . Distances of 3000 m are possible with the use of fiber optic cable.
b. Each Profibus DP network shall connect to up to 126 nodes. The Profibus DP network may have up to 10 segments with up to 30 nodes in each. Profibus segments are connected via the Profibus Repeater. There shall be as many Profibus DP networks as the higher level operating system can control.
c. The Profibus DP network shall connect throughout the TIASTAR Intelligent MCC via copper RS485 shielded twisted two wire Profibus cable daisy chained from unit to unit. These cables terminate into Profibus Connectors at each unit with a Profibus communication port. Cables terminated within the Profibus Connector shall maintain network connectivity when the unit is withdrawn from the vertical section.
d. Profibus Repeater units shall provide data signal amplification and bus segment connection. Standard active termination shall be provided through the Profibus Connector with Termination Resistor. Each connector shall have a switch located on its spine that turns the terminating resistor on and off. [OPTIONAL Active Profibus Terminator units shall provide consistent Profibus DP network termination that does not rely on node control power or connector switch position].]

### 2.5 METERING

A. Multifunction Digital-Metering Monitors shall be UL-listed or recognized, microprocessor-based unit suitable for three or four wire systems. Units shall communicate via:

1. [Profibus DP module] (SIEMENS Prefered method)
2. [ModBus TCP port]
3. [ModBus RTU expansion module].
B. The meter shall mounted on the door and shall meter [at the Main Lugs] [at the Main Breaker] [as shown on the drawings].
C. [Metering Equipment
4. Provide a multi-function, high accuracy digital power metering instrumentation module equipped with LCD display. The power metering module shall provide simultaneous measurements for current, voltage and power parameters. Power meter shall be Siemens type [PAC 3100] [PAC 3200] [PAC4200] [9340] [9360] equipped with a communications port for standard RS-485 connection.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install per manufacturer's recommendations and contract documents. Coordinate installation with adjacent work to ensure proper sequence of construction, clearances and support.
3.2 ADJUSTMENTS AND CLEANING
A. [Insert your firms requirements]
3.3 TESTING
A. Perform factory and installation tests in accordance with applicable NEC, NEMA and UL requirements.
3.4 WARRANTY
A. Equipment manufacturer warrants that all goods supplied are free of non-conformities in workmanship and materials for one year from date of initial operation, but not more than eighteen months from date of shipment.
3.5 FIELD TESTS
A. Check tightness of all accessible mechanical and electrical connections to assure they are torqued to the minimum acceptable manufacturer's recommendations.

END OF SECTION

## MCC Training

Those who are new to the industrial technologies might find the STEP (Siemens Technical Education Program) web site and the MCC course helpful. The link to the MCC Online Training Course can be found here:
www.usa.siemens.com/step


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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ NEMA 1 only
    ${ }^{2}$ for $600-1200 \mathrm{~A}, 65 \mathrm{KA}, 65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

[^1]:    The data presented here is subject to change, without notice, owing to periodic updates and corrections.
    ${ }^{1}$ ESP200 and/or the 3RB20 overloads are included in the ratings. For SIMOCODE, there is no de-rating required for $\leq 2000$ meters. Usage is limited for applications above 2000 meters depending on ambient temperature. For more detail, please see the SIMOCODE Pro System Manual.

[^2]:    Attention: Variable Frequency Drives require special consideration, see Units chapter VFD section for further details.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ NEMA 1 only
    ${ }^{2}$ for 600-1200A, 65KA

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Space in rear of structure not available
    ${ }^{2}$ Entire rear of structure not available
    ${ }^{3}$ Molded case circuit breakers
    ${ }^{4}$ WL power circuit breakers
    ${ }^{5}$ 15-25A lug size 12-10 AL, 14-10 CU; 30-100A, 10-1/0 CU/AL

[^5]:    ${ }^{6}$ 800A-1200A not available in back-to-back bottom mounting
    ${ }^{7}$ Stab opening at bottom of unit not available in rear
    Optional lugs available. Contact factory for size and rating.

[^6]:    1) The addition of oversized CPTs, relays, timers, etc. may increase unit height.
    2) For other available voltage ratings, consult Siemens
    3) Fixed mounted units (not plug-in).
[^7]:    1) The addition of oversized CPTs, relays, timers, etc. may increase unit height.
    2) For other available voltage ratings, consult Siemens
[^8]:    1) The addition of oversized CPTs, relays, timers, etc. may increase unit height.
    2) For other available voltage ratings, consult Siemens
    3) Fixed mounted units (not plug-in)
[^9]:    1) The addition of oversized CPTs, relays, tim-
    ers, etc. may increase unit height.
    2) For other available voltage ratings, consult

    Siemens
    3) Fixed mounted units (not plug-in)

[^10]:    Application areas

    - Pumps

    Mills
    Ventilators
    Saws
    Compressors
    Crushers
    Water transport
    Mixers
    Conveying systems and lifts

    - Centrifuges
    - Hydraulics
    - Industrial cooling and refrigerating systems

[^11]:    ■ SIMOCODE pro C, as a compact system for direct-on-line starters and reversing
    starters or the actuation of a circuit breaker with PROFIBUS-interface

    - SIMOCODE pro V, as a variable system with all control functions and with the possibility of expanding the inputs, outputs and other functions of the system using expansion modules.

[^12]:    For ordering blank nameplate kits, please see the MCC Aftermarket Renewal Parts Catalog.

[^13]:    (1) Plate mounted.
    (2) Transformer mounted on brackets 6 in . ( 152 mm ) off sills. (3) Requires 20 in . 508 mm ) deep structure.

[^14]:    1 Includes Current Only Module
    2 Not available with High Density

[^15]:    1 Includes Current Only Module
    2 Not available with High Density

[^16]:    1 For an emergency stop device according to EN 418, please see the industrial controls catalog.

[^17]:    1 Front, top, conduit space for 2000A and 2500A horizontal bus or for Insulated horizontal bus is $41 / 8$

